User Manual

SDG5000 Series Function/Arbitrary Waveform Generator

SDG5082/SDG5122/SDG5162

2017 SIGLENT TECHNOLOGIES CO., LTD

Declaration

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General Safety Summary

Review the following safety precautions to avoid injury and prevent damage to this product or any products connected to it. To avoid potential hazards, use this product only as specified.

Only qualified personnel should perform service procedures.

- To Avoid Fire or Personal Injury
- Use proper power line. Only the special power line of the products approved by the state should be used.
- Ground the instrument. This generator is grounded through the protective terra conductor of the power cord. To avoid electric shock, the grounding conductor must be connected to the earth ground. Make sure that the instrument is properly grounded before connecting the input or output terminals.
- **Observe all the ratings of the terminal**. To avoid fire or shock, observe all the ratings and symbols that marked on the instrument. Read the user guide carefully before making connections to the instrument.
- Do not operate without Covers. Do not operate the product with covers or panels removed.
- Avoid circuit or wire exposed. Do not touch the exposed connections or components when the power is on.
- Do not operate with suspected failures. If you suspect there is damage with this product, you should have it inspected by qualified service personnel authorized by SIGLENT before further operations.
- Provide proper ventilation.
- Do not operate in wet/damp conditions.

- Do not operate in an explosive atmosphere.
- Keep the product's surfaces clean and dry.
- Not position the equipment so that it is difficult to operate the disconnecting device (detachable plug)

If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

C This product has been tested to the requirements of CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1, second edition, including Amendment 1, or a later version of the same standard incorporating the same level of testing requirements.

Not to use the product for measurements within other measurement categories, such as CAT II, CAT III, CAT IV.

Not to use the equipment for measurements on mains circuits, not to use the equipment for measurements on voltage exceed the voltage range describe in the manual.

Only probe assemblies which meet the manufacturer's specifications shall be used.

The Responsible body or operator should refer to the instruction manual to preserve the protection afford by the equipment. If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

Any parts of the device and its accessories are not allowed to be changed or replaced, other than authorized by the manufacturer of his agent.

Safety Terms and Symbols

Terms in this guide, these terms may appear in this manual:

A	÷	\wedge	Щ	
Hazardous	Protective	Warning	Chassis	Power
Voltage	Earth Ground		Ground	Switch

Terms on the product, terms below may appear on the product:

DANGER: Indicates an injury or hazard that may immediately happen.

WARNING: Indicates an injury or hazard that may not immediately happen.

CAUTION: Indicates that a potential damage to the instrument or other property might occur.

Symbols on the product: Symbols as followed may appear on the product:



WARNING: Warning statements indicate the conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.



CAUTION: Caution statements indicate the conditions or practices that could result in damage to this product or other property.

Introduction of SDG5000 Series

The manual covers the following 3 types of SDG5000 Series Function/Arbitrary Waveform Generators: SDG5082, SDG5122, SDG5162.

SDG5000 Series adopt the direct digital synthesis (DDS) technology, which can provide stable, high-precision, pure and low distortion signals. Its combination of excellent system features, easiness in usage and versatile functions makes this generator a perfect solution for your job now and in the future.

SDG5000 Series have a clear and simple front-panel. The user-friendly panel layout and instructions, versatile terminals, direct graph interface, built-in instructions and help system have greatly simplified the operation process, with the help of which, users do not have to spend a great deal of time learning and familiarizing the operation of the generator before they can use it proficiently. The built-in AM, DSB-AM,FM, PM, ASK, FSK and PWM modulation functions generate modulated waveforms at ease, without the help of a separate modulating source. USB I/O is a standard accessory, while GPIB is optional. Remote instructions meet the SCPI specification requirements.

From the characteristics and specifications given below, you will understand how SDG5000 can satisfy your requirements.

- DDS technology provides precise, stable and low distortional output signal.
- 4.3inch'TFT color LCD display.
- 500MSa/s sampling rate, 14-bit resolution.
- Frequency characteristics:

Sine: 1µHz to 160MHz Square: 1µHz to 50 MHz Ramp: 1µHz to 4MHz Pulse: 1µHz to 40MHz White Noise: 100MHz bandwidth (-3dB) Arbitrary: 1µHz to 40MHz

- 5 standard waveforms: Sine, Square, Ramp, Pulse, Noise
- Multiple modulation function: AM, FM, PM, ASK, FSK, PWM, DSB-AM, Sweep and Burst.
- Multiple I/O: external modulation source, external 10 MHz reference input, external trigger source, waveform output, synchronous signal output.
- Support USB storage device. Software updating could also be performed using USB devices.
- Up to 512k sample points of internal waveform depth, which can rebuild or simulate any complex waveform.
- Remote control is realized using the USB.
- Multiple interfaces: USB host & device, USB-GPIB (IEEE-488) and LAN (option).

- Support the seamless connection with SIGLENT Series Digital Oscilloscopes; can directly read and rebuild the stored waveform in the oscilloscopes.
- 2 languages (English and Chinese) user interface and built-in help system.

Note:

All the specifications described in this guide are according to SDG5162. If you need to know the particular specifications about the other types, please see 'Specifications' in Chapter 6.

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1. Getting Started

This chapter covers the following topics:

- General Inspection
- Handle Adjustment
- The Front/Rear Panel
- To Set a Waveform
- To Set Modulate/Sweep/Burst
- To Set Output
- To Use Digital Input
- To Use Store/Utility/Help Function

1.1. General Inspection

When you get a new SDG5000 Series Function/Arbitrary Waveform Generator, you are suggested to take the following steps to inspect the instrument.

1. Inspect the shipping container for damage.

If there are damages in the packing or foam, keep them until the whole machine and the accessories pass the electric and mechanical testing.

2. Check the accessories.

Accessories supplied with the instrument are listed in chapter 6 'Appendix A: Accessories'.

If the contents are incomplete or damaged, please notify your sales representative.

3. Inspect the instrument.

In case any mechanical damage or defect, or if the instrument does not operate properly or pass performance tests, notify your sales representative. If the shipping container is damaged, or the cushioning materials show signs of stress, notify the carrier as well as your sales office. Keep the shipping materials for the carrier's inspection. Offices will arrange for repair or replacement at their option without waiting for claim settlement.

1.2. Handle Adjustment

To adjust the handle position of SDG5000, please grip the handle by the sides and pull it outward. Then, make the handle rotate to the desired position.



Figure 1-1 Viewing Position and Carrying Position

1.3. The Front/Rear Panel

When you get a new SDG5000, first you need to understand how to operate the front/rear panel correctly. This chapter will make a brief introduction and description for the operation and functions of the front/rear panel.

SDG5000 has a clear and simple front panel. See Figure 1-2 and Figure 1-3. The front panel has a knob and functional keys. The 6 blue grey buttons on the down side of the screen are menu buttons (named F1 to F6 from left to right) with the help of which, you can enter different functions menu or have direct specific applications. The signal input and output interfaces are set at the front and rear panels which can help generating multiple arbitrary waveforms. The various interfaces can meet the need of the multiple interface communications.



Figure 1-2 Front Panel of SDG5000 Series





Figure 1-3 Front Panel of SDG5000 Series







Figure 1-5 Display Interface (Sine Wave is the default display signal)

Character definitions in this User Manual:

The signs for buttons in this manual are the same as the panel buttons. Please note that, the signs for the functional buttons on the operation panel are represented by squared words, such as Waveforms, which represents the transparent functional key with Sine on it on the front panel, while the menu buttons are represented by brighten words such as Frequency, which means the frequency option in the Sine menu.

1.4. To Set a Waveform

Press Waveforms key and then you can see the neither softkey, See Figure 1- 6. The exercise below will help you familiarize with the waveform selection settings.



Figure 1-6 Waveform Selection Buttons

 Press Waveforms button and the waveform window will display, press sine softkey. The Generator can generate sine signal with a frequency from 1µHz to 160MHz. By setting frequency/period, amplitude/high level, offset/low level, sine signal with different parameters can be generated.



Figure 1-7 Sine Signal Display Interface

As is shown in Figure 1- 7, the default parameters are: 1KHz frequency, 4.0Vpp amplitude and 0Vdc offset.

 Press Waveforms button and the waveform window will display, press Square softkey, The Generator can generate square signal with a frequency from 1µHz to 50MHz and variable duty cycle.



Figure 1-8 Square Signal Display Interface

As is shown in Figure 1- 8, the default parameters are: 1KHz frequency, 4.0Vpp amplitude, 0Vdc offset and 50% duty cycle.

 Press Waveforms button and the waveform window will display, press Ramp softkey. The Generator can generate ramp signal with a frequency of from 1µHz to 4MHz and variable symmetry.



Figure 1-9 Ramp Signal Display Interface

As is shown in Figure 1- 9, the default parameters are: 1KHz frequency, 4.0Vpp amplitude, 0Vdc offset and 50% symmetry.

Press Waveforms button and the waveform window will display, press Pulse softkey. The Generator can generate pulse signal with a frequency from 1µHz to 40 MHz and variable pulse width and Edge times.

Pulse CH1.ON.HIZ Sine CH2.ON.HIZ							
MOD: OFF	SW	EEF	P: OFF	BURST	: OFF		
		F	requency	1.000 000)kHz		
		Æ	Amplitude	4.000 Vp	p		
		C	Offset	0.000 Vd	c		
{ }	<u> </u>	F	oulse Width	1 200.000u	S		
		F	Rise Edge	6.0ns			
		C	Delay	20.0ns	J		
Frequency Amplitude	Offse	-	Width	Rise	Delay		
Period HighLevel	LowLe	vel	Duty	Fall	2 onay		

Figure 1- 10 Pulse Signal Display Interface

As is shown in Figure 1- 10, the default parameters are: 1KHz frequency, 4.0Vpp amplitude, 0Vdc offset, 200µs width 6ns rise, 20ns delay.

5. Press Waveforms button and the waveform window will display, press Noise softkey, The Generator can generate noise signal with a band width up to 100MHz.



Figure 1- 11 Noise Signal Display Interface

As is shown in Figure 1- 11, the default parameters are: 280mv stdev and 0mV mean.

6. Press Waveforms button and then press More 1 of 2 ,Last press the DC softkey. The Generator can generate DC signal.

DC CH1.ON.Hi	Sine CH2.ON .HiZ	
MOD: OFF	SWEEP: OFF BURST: OF	F
	DC Offset <mark>3</mark> .000 ∨dc	
	Offset	

Figure 1- 12 DC Display Interface

As is shown in Figure 1- 12, the default parameter is: 3Vdc offset

 Press Waveforms button, and then press More 1 of 2, last press the Arb softkey. The Generator can generate repeatable arbitrary waveform signals with at most 16K/512K points and 40MHz frequency.



Figure 1-13 Arbitrary Waveform Signal Display Interface

As is shown in Figure 1- 13, the default parameters are: 1KHz frequency, 4.0Vpp amplitude and 0mVdc offset.

1.5. To Set Modulate/Sweep/Burst

As shown in Figure 1- 14, there are three buttons on the front panel, which are used for modulation, sweep and burst settings. The instructions below will help you familiarize with the setting of these functions.



Figure 1-14 Modulate/Sweep/Burst Button

1. Press Mod button, then press Modulate softkey, the Modulate function will be opened. The modulated waveform can be changed by modifying the parameters such as type, internal/external modulation, depth, frequency, waveform, etc. SDG5000 Series can modulate waveform using AM, FM, PM, ASK, FSK, PWM and DSB-AM. Sine, square, ramp and arbitrary waveforms can be modulated, Pulse waveforms can only be modulated using PWM (noise and DC cannot be modulated).

Sine CH1.ON .HIZ Sine CH2.ON .HIZ						
MOD: ON	SWEEP	P: OFF	BURST	: OFF		
MM	κ , ,	Frequency Amplitude Offset Phase	1.000 000 4.000 Vp 0.000 Vd 0.00 °	р		
AM Freq 100.000 00 Hz						
AM Depth 10 <mark>0</mark> .00 %						
Modulate Type Off On AM	Source Internal	AM Depth	Shape Sine	AM Freq		

Figure 1-15 Modulated Waveform Display Interface

 Press Sweep button, then press Sweep softkey, the Sweep function will be opened. sine, square, ramp or arbitrary waveform can be swept (pulse, noise and DC cannot be swept).

In the sweep mode, SDG5000 Series can generate signal with variable frequencies.



Figure 1-16 Sweep Waveform Display Interface

3. Press Burst button, then press Burst softkey, the Burst function will be opened burst for sine, square, ramp, pulse or arbitrary waveform can be generated.

Sine CH1.ON .HIZ Sine CH2.ON .HIZ					
MOD	: OFF	SWE	EP: OFF	BURST	Γ: ON
			Frequency	1.000 000	DkHz
$\angle $			Amplitude	4.000 Vp	р
		T T	Offset	0.000 Vd	с
		Phase	0.00 °		
Start Phase 0.00 °					
Cycles 1Cycle					
Burst Pe	riod 10.00	0 000m	S		
Burst	NCycle	Cycles	s Start	Burst	More
Off On	Gated	Infinite		Period	1 of 2

Figure 1- 17 Burst Waveform Display Interface



1.6. To Set Output

As is shown in Figure 1- 18, there are two buttons on the right side of the operation panel, which are used to output control. The instruction below will help you familiarize with these functions.



Figure 1-18 Output Buttons

Press CH1 button, press the softkey to activate or deactivate the output signal.

Sine CH1.ON .HIZ Sine CH2.ON .HIZ						
MOD: OFF SW	Frequency Amplitude Offset Phase	1.000 000kHz 4.000 Vpp 0.000 Vdc 0.00 °				
Output Load Polar Off On HighZ Norm						

To Set the Output Load

For the [CH1] and [CH2] connector on the front panel, the generator has a built-in 50Ω series impendence. If the actual load does not match the set one, the displayed amplitude and offset will be incorrect. This function is used to match the displayed voltage with the expected one.

Steps for setting the load:

Press $CH1 \rightarrow load \rightarrow HighZ$, to enter the following interface.

Please note that the load parameter shown on the down bottom is the default setting when the power is on or the pre-set load value. If the current value is valid for the output, then current value will be used.



Figure 1-19 Set the Output Load

Instruction
SDG5000 Series have a fixed 50 Ω Series Impendence. No matter what value
the set parameter is, if the real load is different from the set one, the displayed
voltage will not equal the real voltage.

To Set the Invert Waveform

Press $CH1 \rightarrow Polarity \rightarrow invert$ to set the Inverse Waveform Output. When the waveform is inverse, no offset will change.

1.7. To Use Digital Input

As is shown in

Figure 1- 20, there are three sets of buttons on the operation panel, which are direction button, the knob and the keypad. The instruction below will help you familiarize with the digital input function.



Figure 1- 20 Front Panel Digital Input

- 1. The left and right keys are used to shift digits.
- 2. Keypad is used to set the parameters value.
- 3. Knob is used to change a signal digit value which range is 0~9.

1.8. To Use Waveforms/Utility/Parameter Function

As is shown in Figure 1- 21, there are three buttons on the operation panel, which are used to call the Waveforms, Utility and Parameter function. The instruction below will help you familiarize with these functions.



Figure 1-21 Waveforms Utility and Parameter Button

- 1. The Waveforms button is used to select basic waveforms
- 2. The Utility button is used to set the auxiliary system function, change the output configure parameters, interface setting, system setting information or perform the instrument self-test and read the calibration information, etc.
- 3. The Parameter button is used to read the help information.

2. Operating Your Generator

Up to now you have got a brief understanding about SDG5000 series with the front/rear panel, every function control area and keys. You should also know how to set your Function/Arbitrary Waveform Generator for your usage. If you are not familiar with these operations, you are suggested to read chapter one 'Getting Started' again.

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Setting Sine Signal
- Setting Square Signal
- Setting Ramp Signal
- Setting Pulse Signal
- Setting Noise Signal
- Setting Arb Signal
- Output Modulated Signal
- Output Sweep Signal
- Output Burst Signal
- Store/Recall
- Utility Setting
- Help System

You are suggested to read this chapter carefully so as to understand SDG5000 Series Generator's versatile waveform setting functions and more operation methods.

2.1. To Set Sine Signals

Press Waveforms button to call the wave operation and press the Sine softkey. The sine waveform parameters are set by using the sine operation menu.

The parameters of sine waveforms are: frequency/period, amplitude/high level, offset/low level and phase. Different sine signals are generated by setting these parameters. As is shown in Figure 2- 1, in the soft key menu, select Frequency. Cursor is located in the frequency parameter area in the parameter display window, and users can set the frequency value here.

Sine CH1.ON .HiZ	Sine	CH2.ON.HIZ
MOD: OFF SW	Frequency Amplitude Offset Phase	BURST: OFF 1.000 000kHz 4.000 Vpp 0.000 Vdc 0.00 °
Frequency Amplitude Offs Period HighLevel LowL	Phase	

Figure 2-1 Sine Parameter Display Interface



Figure 2-2

Function menu	Setting	Explanations
Frequency/ Period		Set the signal frequency or period; The current parameter will be switched at a second press.
Amplitude/ HighLevel		Set the signal amplitude or high level; The current parameter will be switched at a second press.
Offset/ LowLevel		Set the signal offset or low level; The current parameter will be switched at a second press.
Phase		Set the phase of the signal;

Table2- 1 Menu Explanations of Sine Waveform

To Set the Output Frequency/Period

- Press Waveforms → Sine → Frequency, to set the frequency parameter. The frequency shown on the screen when the instrument is powered is the default value or the set value beforehand. When setting the function, if the current value is valid for the new waveform, it will be used sequentially. If you want to set the period for the waveform, press Frequency/Period button again, to switch to the period parameter (the current operation is displayed in inverse color).
- 2. Input the desired frequency.

Use the keypad to input the parameter value directly, and press the corresponding button to select the parameter unit. Or you can use the direction button to select the digit you want to edit, and then use the knob to change its value.



Figure 2-3 Setting the Frequency

Instruction:	
When using the keypad to enter the digit, you can use the left direction button	
to move the cursor backward and delete or change the value of the previous	
digit.	

To Set the Output Amplitude

1. Press Waveforms \rightarrow Sine \rightarrow Amplitude, to set the amplitude.

The amplitude shown on the screen when the instrument is powered is the default value or the set value beforehand. When changing the function, if the current value is valid for the new waveform, it will be used sequentially. If you want to set the waveform by high level or low level, press the Amplitude/HighLevel or Offset/LowLevel button again, to switch into the high level or low level parameter (the current operation is displayed in inverse color).
2. Input the desired Amplitude

Use the keypad or the knob to input the desired value, choose the unit, and press the corresponding button.



Figure 2-4 Setting the Amplitude

To Set the Output Offset

1. Press Waveforms \rightarrow Sine \rightarrow offset, to set the offset.

The offset shown on the screen when the instrument is powered is the default value or the set value beforehand. When changing the function, if the current value is valid for the new waveform, it will be used sequentially.

2. Input the desired Offset

Use the keypad or the knob to input the desired value, choose the unit, and press the corresponding button.



Figure 2-5 Setting the Offset

2.2. To Set Square Signals

Press Waveforms button to call the wave operation, and press the Square softkey. The square waveform parameters are set by using the Square operation menu.

The parameters of Square waveforms are: frequency/period, amplitude/high level, offset/low level, phase and duty. As is shown in Figure 2- 6, select Duty. Cursor is located in the duty parameter area in the parameter display window, and users can set the duty value here.

Square CH1.ON .HiZ Sine CH2.ON .HiZ					
	Frequency Amplitude Offset Phase Duty	1.000 000 4.000 Vpj 0.000 Vd 0.00 ° 50.00 %)kHz p		
Frequency Amplitude Offse Period HighLevel LowLe	Phase	Duty			

Figure 2-6 Square Parameter Display Interface



Figure 2-7

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation		
Frequency/ Period		Set the signal frequency or period; The current parameter will be switched at a second press.		
Amplitude/ HighLevel		Set the signal amplitude or high level; The current parameter will be switched at a second press.		
Offset/ LowLevel		Set the signal offset or low level; The current parameter will be switched at a second press.		
Phase		Set the phase of the signal;		
Duty		Set the duty cycle for square waveform.		

Term Explanation:	
Duty Cycle: The percentage that the high	n level takes up the whole period.
Please Note : for the Frequency	Duty Cycle Value
Below 10MHz:	20% to 80%
From 10MHz to40MHz (included):	40% to 60%
From 40MHz to 50MHz :	50%

To Set the Duty Cycle

- Press (Waveforms)→Square→ Duty Cycle, to set the duty cycle. The duty cycle shown on the screen when the instrument is powered is the default value or the set value beforehand. When changing the function, if the current value is valid for the new waveform, it will be used sequentially.
- 2. Input the desired Duty Cycle

Use the keypad or the knob to input the desired value, choose the unit, and press the corresponding button. The generator will change the waveform immediately.

Square CH1.0	Sir	ne CH2.OFF.H	liZ	
MOD: OFF	SWE	EP: OFF	BURST: 0	FF
	A 	requency mplitude ffset hase uty	1.000 000 000kHz 4.000 Vpp 0.000 Vdc 0.00 ° 80_	
		%		Cancel

Figure 2-8 Setting the Duty Cycle

2.3. To Set Ramp Signals

Press Waveforms button to call the wave operation, and press the Ramp softkey. The ramp waveform parameters are set by using the ramp operation menu.

The parameters for ramp waveforms are: frequency/ period, amplitude/ high level offset/ low level, phase and symmetry. As is shown in Figure 2- 9, in the soft key menu, select Symmetry. Cursor is located in the symmetry parameter area in the parameter display window, and users can set the symmetry value here.



Figure 2-9 Ramp Parameter Display Interface

Frequency	Amplitude	Offset	Dhase	C	
Period	HighLevel	LowLevel	Phase	Symmetry	

Figure 2-10

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Freq/ Period		Set the signal frequency or period; The current parameter will be switched at a second press.
Ampl/ HLevel		Set the signal amplitude or high level; The current parameter will be switched at a second press.
Offset/ LLevel		Set the signal offset or low level; The current parameter will be switched at a second press.
Phase		Set the phase of the signal;
Symmetry		Set the symmetry for ramp waveform.

Table2- 3 Menu E	Explanations of	Ramp Waveform
------------------	-----------------	---------------

Term Explanation:

Symmetry: The percentage that the rising period takes up the whole Period.

.....

Input Range: 0~100%.

To Set the Symmetry

1. Press Waveforms \rightarrow Ramp \rightarrow symmetry, to set the symmetry.

The symmetry shown on the screen when the instrument is powered is the default value or the set value beforehand. When changing the function, if the current value is valid for the new waveform, it will be used sequentially.

2. Input the desired Symmetry

Use the keypad or the knob to input the desired value, choose the unit, and press the corresponding button. The generator will change the waveform immediately.



Figure 2-11 Setting the Symmetry

2.4. To Set Pulse Signals

Press Waveforms button to call the wave operation, and press the Pulse softkey. The pulse waveform parameters are set by using the pulse operation menu.

The parameters for pulse waveforms are: frequency/period, amplitude/high level, offset/low level, width, rise/fall and delay. As is shown in Figure 2- 12, in the soft key menu, select Width. Cursor is located in the pulse width parameter area in the parameter display window, and users can set the pulse width value here.

Pulse CH1.ON .HiZ	Sine	CH2.ON.	Hiz
MOD: OFF SW	VEEP: OFF	BURST	: OFF
	Frequency	1.000 000	kHz
	Amplitude	4.000 Vpp)
	Offset	0.000 Vdd	;
{	Pulse Widt	h 200.000us	S
	Rise Edge	6.0ns	
	Delay	20.0ns	
		_	
Frequency Amplitude Offs		Rise	Delay
Period HighLevel LowL	.evel Duty	Fall	Pough

Figure 2-12 Pulse Parameter Display Interface

Frequency	Amplitude	Offset	Width	Rise	Delay
Period	HighLevel	LowLevel	Duty	Fall	Delay

Figure 2-13

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Freq/		Set the signal frequency or period;
Period		The current parameter will be switched at a second press.
Ampl/		Set the signal amplitude or high level;
HLevel		The current parameter will be switched at a second press.
Offset/		Set the signal offset or low level;
LLevel		The current parameter will be switched at a second press.
Width/		Set the signal pulse width or duty
Duty		The current parameter will be switched at a second press.
Rise/		Setting the rise edge or fall edge for pulse waveform.
Fall		The current parameter will be switched at a second press.
Delay		Setting the delay for pulse waveform.

Table 2-4 Menu Explanations of Pulse Waveform

Term Explanation:

Pulse Width:

Positive Pulse Width: the time span between thresholds of 50% of the rising edge amplitude to the next 50% of the falling edge amplitude;

Negative Pulse Width: the time span between thresholds of 50% of the falling

edge amplitude to the next 50% of the rising edge amplitude.

To Set the Pulse Width

1. Press Waveforms \rightarrow Pulse \rightarrow Width, to set the pulse width.

The pulse width shown on the screen when the instrument is powered is the default value or the set value beforehand. When changing the function, if the current value is valid for the new waveform, it will be used sequentially.

2. Input the desired Pulse Width

Use the keypad or the knob to input the desired value, choose the unit, and press the corresponding button. The Generator will change the waveform immediately.



Figure 2-14 Setting the Pulse Width

To Set the Edge Times

1. Press Waveforms \rightarrow Pulse \rightarrow Rise Edge to set the delay.

The delay shown on the screen when the instrument is powered is the default value or the set value beforehand. When changing the function, if the current value is valid for the new waveform, it will be used sequentially.

2. Input the desired Edge Times

Use the keypad or the knob to input the desired value, choose the unit, and press the corresponding button. The generator will change the waveform immediately.

Pulse CH1.ON	I.HiZ	Sine	CH2.ON	.Hiz
MOD: OFF		Frequency Amplitude Offset Pulse Width Rise Edge Delay	1.000 000 4.000 Vp 0.000 Vd	p c
s ms	us	ns		Cancel

Figure 2-15 Setting the Delay

2.5. To Set Noise Signals

Press Waveforms button to call the wave operation, and press the Noise softkey. The noise waveform parameters are set by using the noise operation menu.

The parameters for noise waveforms are: Stdev and mean. As is shown in Figure 2- 16, in the soft key menu, select Stdev, Cursor is located in the Variance parameter area in the parameter display window, and users can set the Stdev value here. Noise is non-regulated signal which has no frequency or period.



Figure 2-16 Noise Parameter Display Interface



Figure 2-17

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Stdev		Set the signal Stdev
Mean		Set the signal mean

Table 2- 5 Menu Explanations of Noise Waveform

2.6. To Set Arbitrary Signals

Press Waveforms button and press the more 1 of 2 softkey, then select the Arb softkey to call the Arb. The Arb waveform parameters are set by using the Arb operation menu.

The Arb signal consists of two types: the system built-in waveform and the user-definable waveform. The parameters for Arb waveforms are: frequency/period, amplitude/high level, offset/ low level and phase.



Figure 2-18 Arb Parameter Display Interface

Frequency	Amplitude	Offset	Phase	Built-in	Stored
Period	HighLevel	LowLevel	Phase	Dunt-in	Wforms

Figure 2-19

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Freq/ Period		Set the signal frequency or period; The current parameter will be switched at a second press.
Ampl/ HLevel		Set the signal amplitude or high level; The current parameter will be switched at a second press.
Offset/ LLevel		Set the signal offset or low level; The current parameter will be switched at a second press.
Phase		Set the phase of the signal;

Table 2- 6 Menu Explanations of Arb Waveform (Page 1/2)

To select the built-in Arbitrary Waveform

There are thirty-six built-in Arbitrary Waveforms and user-definable Arbitrary Waveforms inside the Generator. To select one of them, follow the instructions below:

Press Waveforms \rightarrow More 1 of 2 \rightarrow Arb, to enter the interface below.

Frequency	Amplitude	Offset	Phase	Built-in	Stored
Period	HighLevel	LowLevel	Fnase	Dunt-In	Wforms

Figure 2-20

Table 2-7 Menu Explanations of Built-in Arbitrary Waveform

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Built-In		Select one of the thirty-six built-in arbitrary waveforms
Stored		Select one of arbitrary waveforms stored in
Wforms		the non-volatile memory.

1. To Select the Built-in Waveform

Press Built-In softkey, enter the following interface.

As is shown in Figure 2-21, there are five kinds of arbitrary waveform.

Commom Math Project	Winfun/ Triangle	Done	Cancel
---------------------	---------------------	------	--------

Figure 2-21

Table 2-8 Menu Explanations of Built-In Arbitrary Waveform	
Table 2 6 Mona Explanatione of Balle Invitationary Waverentin	

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation	
Common		Select common waveform.	
Math		Select math waveform.	
Project		Select project waveform.	
Winfun/		Select windows function	
Triangle		/triangle waveform.	
Done		Validate the built-in waveform.	
		Cancel the current operation, and	
Cancel		return to the upper menu (the followings	
		are the same and will not be explained).	

StairUp	StairDn	StairUD	Trapezia	

Figure 2- 22 Common Built-In Arbitrary Waveform interface

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
StairUp		Select the built-in stair up waveform.
StairDn		Select the built-in stair down waveform.
StairUD		Select the built-in stair up waveform.
Trapezia		Select the built-in trapezoid waveform

Table 2-9 Menu Explanations of Common Built-In Arbitrary Waveform

ExpFall	ExpRise	LogFall	LogRise	Sqrt
X^2	Sinc	Gussian	Diorentz	Haversine
Lorentz	Gaupuls	Gmonopuls		

Figure 2-23 Math Built-In Arbitrary Waveform Interface

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation	
ExpFall		Select the built-in exponential fall waveform.	
ExpRise		Select he built-in exponential rise waveform.	
LogFall		Select the built-in logarithmic fall waveform.	
LogRise		Select the built-in logarithmic rise waveform.	
Sqrt		Select the built-in square root waveform.	
Root3		Select the built-in Root3 waveform.	
X^2		Select the built-in X^2 waveform.	
Sinc		Select the built-in sinc waveform; $Sinc=sin(x)/x$.	
Gaussian		Select the built-in Gaussian waveform.	
Dlorentz		Select the built-in D-Lorentz waveform.	
Haversin		Select the built-in haversine waveform.	
Lorentz		Select the built-in Lorentz Waveform.	
Couppula		Select the built-in Gaussian-modulated sinusoidal	
Gauspuls		pulse waveform.	
Gmonpuls		Select the built-in Gaussian monopulse	
Ginonpuis		waveform.	

Gardiac	Quake	TwoTone	SNR	

Figure 2- 24 Project Built-In Arbitrary Waveform interface

Table 2- 11 Menu Explanations of Project Built-in Arbitrary Waveform

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation		
Cardiac		Select the built-in electrocardiogram (ECG) signal waveform.		
Quake		Select the built-in loma prieta earthquake waveform.		
TwoTone		Select the built-in two tone signal waveform.		
SNR		Select the built-in sin wave with white noise waveform.		

Hamming	Hanning	Kaiser	Blackman	GaussiWin
Harris	Bartlett	Tan	Cot	Sec
Csc	Asin	Acos	Atan	ACot

Figure 2- 25 Winfun/Triangle Built-In Arbitrary Waveform interface

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation		
Hamming		Select the built-in hamming window waveform.		
Hanning		Select the built-in hanning window waveform.		
Kaiser		Select the built-in Kaiser window waveform.		
Blackman		Select the built-in Blackman windows waveform.		
Gaussiwin		Select the built-in gaussiwin window waveform.		
Hairs		Select the built-in hairs window waveform.		
Bartlett		Select the built-in Bartlett window waveform.		
Tan		Select the built-in tangent waveform.		
Cot		Select the built-in cotangent waveform.		
Sec		Select the built-in secant waveform.		
Csc		Select the built-in cosecant waveform		
Asin		Select the built-in inverse sine waveform.		
Acos		Select the built-in inverse cosine waveform.		
Atan		Select the built-in tangent waveform.		
Acot		Select the built-in inverse cotangent waveform.		

Table 0, 10 Manu	Evalenctions	of Minfun /Trionala	Duilt in Arbitrar	() May afarma
Table 2-12 Menu	Explanations	or winiun/ mangle	Built-In Arbitrar	y wavelonn

2. To Select the Stored Waveform

Press Arb \rightarrow Stored Wforms, and enter the following interface.

As is shown in Figure 2- 26, use the softkey to choose the corresponding arbitrary waveform..



Figure 2-26 Stored Wform Display Interface

/]

2.7. To Set DC Signals

Press Waveforms \rightarrow More 1 of 2 \rightarrow DC, to enter the following interface.

Please note that there is a 'offset' parameters at the middle of the screen.



Figure 2- 27 DC Setting Interface

DC Offset

Set the DC voltage level.



2.8. To Generate the Modulated Waveform

Use the Mod button to generate modulated waveform.SDG5000 Series can generate AM, FM, ASK, FSK, PM, PWM and DSB-AM modulated waveforms. Modulating parameters vary with the types of the modulation. In AM, users can set the source (internal/external), depth, modulating frequency, modulating waveform and carrier waveform; In FM, users can set the source (internal/ external),modulating frequency, frequency deviation, modulating waveform and carrier waveform; In ASK, users can set the source (internal/external), Key Freq and carrier waveform; In FSK, users can set the source (internal/external), key frequency, Hop Freq and carrier waveform; In PM, users can set the source (internal/external), key frequency, Hop Freq and carrier waveform; In PM, users can set the source (internal/external), key frequency, Hop Freq and carrier waveform; In PM, users can set the source (internal/external), phase deviation, modulating frequency, modulating waveform and carrier waveform and carrier waveform.

We will cover how to set these parameters in details according to the modulation types.



Figure 2-28 Display Interface of Modulated Waveform Parameter

AM

The modulated waveform consists of two parts: the carrier waveform and the modulating waveform. In AM, the amplitude of the carrier waveform varies with the instantaneous voltage of the modulating waveform. The parameters for the AM are as shown in Figure 2-29







Function Menu	Settings	Explanation			
Modulate	Off	Close the modulate			
Wouldiate	on	Open the modulate			
Туре	AM	Amplitude modulation			
	Internal	The source is internal			
Source	External	The source is external. Use the [Modulation In] connector in the rear			
AM Depth		Set the amplitude range.			
Shape	Sine Square Triangle UpRamp DnRamp Noise Arb	Choose the modulating waveform. To change the carrier waveform parameter, press Sine, Square, Ramp, Arb			
AM Freq		Set the modulating waveform frequency. Frequency range: 1mHz~50KHz (internal source only).			

Table 2-13 Menu Explanations of the AM Parameters

Term Explanation

Modulation Depth

The amplitude range (also called 'Percentage Modulation'). Modulation depth varies from 1% to 120%.

- In the 0% modulation, the output amplitude is the half of the set one.
- In the 100% modulation, the output amplitude is the same with the set one.
- For an external source, the depth of AM is controlled by the voltage level of the connector connected to the [Modulation In]. ±6V corresponds to the currently set depth 100%.

FΜ

The modulated waveform consists of two parts: the carrier waveform and the modulating waveform. In FM, the frequency of the carrier waveform varies with the instantaneous voltage of the modulating waveform. The parameters for the FM are as shown in Figure 2- 30.



Figure 2- 30 Setting Interface of FM Waveform Parameter

Press $Mod \rightarrow Type \rightarrow FM$, to enter the following menu.

Modulat	е Туре	Source	FM	Shape	FM
Off 0	n FM	Internal	Dev	Sine	Freq

Figure 2-31

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Madulata	Off	Close the modulate
Modulate	on	Open the modulate
Туре	FM	Frequency modulation
	Internal	The source is internal
Source	External	The source is external. Use the
		[Modulation In] connector in the rear
Freq Dev		Set the maximum frequency deviation
	Sine	Choose the modulating waveform. To
	Square	change the carrier waveform
	Triangle	parameter, press Sine, Square,
Shape	UpRamp	Ramp, Arb
	DnRamp	
	Noise	
	Arb	
		Set the modulating waveform
FM Freq		frequency. Frequency range
		1mHz~50KHz (internal source).

Table 2-14 Menu Explanations	of the FM Parameters
------------------------------	----------------------

Term Explanation

Frequency Deviation

- The deviation should be equal to or less than the carrier waveform frequency.
- The sum of the deviation and the carrier frequency should be equal to or less than maximum frequency of the selected function.

• For an external source, the deviation is controlled by the voltage level of the connector connected to the [Modulation In]. +6V corresponds to the selected deviation and -6V to the negative selected deviation.

ASK

ASK is a form of modulation that represents digital data as variations in the amplitude of a carrier wave. The amplitude of an analog carrier signal varies in accordance with the bit stream (modulating signal), keeping frequency and phase constant. The parameters for the ASK are as shown in Figure 2- 32

	Sine	CH1.ON.	HiZ	Sine	CH2.ON .HIZ
	MOD	: ON	SWEE	P: OFF	BURST: OFF
Ŵ	\mathcal{M}			Frequency Amplitude Offset Phase	1.000 000kHz 4.000 Vpp 0.000 Vdc 0.00 °
Key	Freq	10 <mark>0</mark> .000	00 Hz		
Mod Off	ulate On	Type ASK	Source Internal	Key Freq	

Figure 2- 32 Setting Interface of ASK Waveform Parameter

Press $Mod \rightarrow Type \rightarrow ASK$, to enter the following menu.

Mod	ulate	Туре	Source	Key	
Off	On	ASK	Internal	Freq	

Figure 2-33

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation			
Modulate	off	Close the modulate			
Modulate	on	Open the modulate			
Туре	ASK	Amplitude shift keying modulation.			
	Internal	The source is internal.			
Source	External	The source is external; Use the [Ext Trig/Gate/FSK/Burst] connector in the rear panel.			
ASK Key Freq		Set the frequency at which the output amplitude shifts between the carrier amplitude and zero (internal modulation only): 1mHz~1MHz.			

able 2-15 Menu Explanations of the ASK Parameters

FSK

The FSK Modulation is a modulation method, the output frequency of which switches between two the pre-set frequencies (carrier waveform frequency and the hop frequency). The frequency at which the output frequency switches is called the key frequency.



Figure 2- 34 Setting Interface of FSK Waveform Parameter

Press $Mod \rightarrow Type \rightarrow FSK$, to enter the following interface

Mod	ulate	Туре	Source	Key	Нор	
Off	On	FSK	Internal	Freq	Freq	

Figure 2-35

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Modulate	off	Close the modulate
woodlate	on	Open the modulate
Туре	FSK	Frequency shift keying modulation.
	Internal	The source is internal.
Source	External	The source is external. Use the [Ext Trig/Gate/FSk/Burst] connector in the rear panel.
FSK Key Freq		Set the frequency at which the output frequency shifts between the carrier frequency and the hop frequency (internal modulation only): 1mHz~1MHz.
Hop Freq		Set the hop frequency.

Table 2- 16 Menu Explanations of the FSK Parameters

ΡM

The modulated waveform consists of two parts: the carrier waveform and the modulating waveform. In PM, the phase of the carrier waveform varies with the instantaneous voltage level of the modulating waveform. The parameters for the PM are as shown in Figure 2- 36.



Figure 2-36 Setting Interface of PM Waveform Parameter

Press $Mod \rightarrow Type \rightarrow PM$, enter the following interface.

Mod	ulate	Туре	Source	Phase	Shape	РМ
Off	On	PM	Internal	Dev	Sine	Freq

Figure 2-37

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Modulate	Off	Close the modulate
Modulate	on	Open the modulate
Туре	PM	Phase modulation
	Internal	The source is internal
Source	External	The source is external. Use the [Modulation In] connector in the rear
Phase Dev		Range from 0° ~ 360°
Shape	Sine Square Triangle UpRamp DnRamp Noise Arb	Choose the modulating waveform. To change the carrier waveform parameter, press Sine, Square, Ramp, Arb
PM Freq		Set the modulating waveform frequency. Frequency range: 1mHz~50KHz

Table 2-17 Menu Explanations of the PM Parameters

PWM

The modulated waveform consists of two parts: the carrier waveform and the modulating waveform, the carrier waveform is only pulse. In PWM, the pulse width of pulse varies with the instantaneous voltage of the modulating waveform. The parameters for the PWM are as shown in Figure 2- 38.

Pulse CH1.ON.H	liZ	Sine	CH2.ON	.Hiz	
MOD: ON	SWEE	P: OFF	BURST	: OFF	
		Frequency Amplitude Offset Pulse Width	4.000 Vp 0.000 Vd	p c	
PWM Freq 20 <mark>0</mark> .000 00	Hz	Rise Edge	6.0ns		
Width Dev 100.000us Delay 20.0ns					
	Source Internal	Width Dev	Shape Sine	PWM Freq	

Figure 2- 38 Setting Interface of PWM Waveform Parameter

Press $Mod \rightarrow Pulse \rightarrow PWM$, to enter the following menu.

Mod	ulate	Туре	Source	Width	Shape	PWM
Off	On	PWM	Internal	Dev	Sine	Freq

Figure 2- 39

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
		Set the modulating waveform
PWM Freq		frequency. Frequency range:
FWWIITEQ		1mHz~50KHz (internal source
		only).
Width Dev		Set the width range.
Duty Dev		Set the duty range.
Туре	PWM	Amplitude modulation.
Shape	Sine Square Triangle UpRamp DnRamp Noise Arb	Choose the modulating waveform. The carrier waveform is pulse.
Source	Internal External	The source is internal The source is external. Use the [Modulation In] connector in the rear panel.

Table 2- 18 Menu Explanations of the PWM Parameters

DSB-AM

Press $Mod \rightarrow Type \rightarrow DSB-AM$. The parameters for the DSB-AM are as shown in Figure 2- 40.



Figure 2- 40 Setting Interface of DSB-AM Waveform Parameter

Mod	ulate	Туре	Source	DSB	Shape	
Off	On	DSB-AM	Internal	Freq	Sine	

Figure 2-41
Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Modulate	Off	Close the modulate
Modulate	on	Open the modulate
Туре	DSB-AM	Amplitude modulation.
	Internal	The source is internal
Source	External	The source is external. Use the [Modulation In] connector in the rear panel.
DSB Freq		Set the modulating waveform frequency. Frequency range: 1mHz~50KHz (internal source only).
Shape	Sine Square Triangle UpRamp DnRamp Noise Arb	Choose the modulating waveform. To change the carrier waveform parameter, press Sine, Square, Ramp, Arb

2.9. To Generate Sweep

In the frequency sweep mode, the function generator 'steps' from the start frequency to the stop frequency at the sweep time you specify. Sweep can be generated by sine, square, ramp or arbitrary waveforms (pulse, noise and DC are not allowed).



Figure 2- 42 Setting Interface of Sweep Waveform Parameter

Press Sweep button to enter the following menu. Set the waveform parameters by using the operation menu.

Sweep	Sweep	StonEreg	StartFreq	Source	More
Off On	Time	FreqSpan	MidFreq	Internal	1 of 2

Figure 2-43

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Sween	Off	close the sweep
Sweep	on	Open the sweep
		Set the time span of the sweep in which
Sweep time		the frequency changes from the start
		frequency to stop frequency.
Start Freq		Set the start frequency of the sweep;
Mid Freq		Set the center frequency of the sweep.
Stop Freq		Set the stop frequency of the sweep;
Freq Span		Set the frequency span of the sweep.
	Internal	Choose internal source.
		Choose external source, use the [Ext
Source	External	Trig/Gate/FSK/Burst] connector in the
		rear panel.
	Manual	Set the start and stop time by hand
More		Enter the next page
1 of 2		

Table 2- 20 Menu Explanations of Waveform Sweep (Page 1/2)

Sweep Frequency Setting

Use start freq and stop freq or center freq and freq span to set the range of the frequency. Press the button again to switch between each other.



Figure 2-44

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Tria Out	off	Open up trigger setting
Trig Out	on	Turn off trigger setting.
Tupo	Linear	Set the sweep with linear spacing;
Туре	Log	Set the sweep with logarithmic spacing.
Direction	Up	Sweep upward;
Direction	Down	Sweep downward

Table 2- 21	Menu Explanations	of Waveform	Sweep (Page 2/2)
		•••••••••••	• · · • • • • • · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

2.10. To Generate Burst

Burst function can generate versatile waveforms in burst, which can last specific times of waveform cycle (N-Cycle burst), or when external gated signals (gated burst) is applied, any waveform could be used, but noise can only be used in Gated Burst.

Press Burst button to enter the following interface. Set the waveform parameters by using the operation menu.

Sine	CH1.ON.	HiZ	Sine	CH2.ON	.Hiz
MOD	MOD: OFF SWEE			BURS1	Γ: ΟΝ
			Frequency	1.000 000	DkHz
\square			Amplitude	4.000 Vp	р
			Offset	0.000 Vd	c
			Phase	0.00 °	
Start Ph	Start Phase 0.00 °]		
-	Cycles 1Cycle				
Burst Period 10.000 000ms					
Burst	NCycle	Cycles	Start	Burst	More
Off On	Gated	Infinite	Phase	Period	1 of 2

Figure 2- 45 Setting Interface of Burst Waveform Parameter

Set the N-Cycle Burst

 $Press[Burst] \rightarrow N Cycle$, to enter the following interface.

Bu	ırst	NCycle	Cycles	Start	Burst	More
Off	On	Gated	Infinite	Phase	Period	1 of 2

Figure	2-	46
i igaio	-	

Table 2-22 Manu Evolanations (of the N-Cycle Parameters(Page 1/2)
Table $Z^- ZZ$ menu Explanations t	u = 1 - 0

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Burst	Off	close the burst
DUISI	on	Open the burst
NCycle		Use the N-Cycle mode.
Gated		Use the Gated mode.
Cualaa		Set the number of the bursts in a N-Cycle.
Cycles		Set the number of the bursts in a N-Cycle
Infinite	Infinite	to be infinite.
Start		Sat the start phase of the hurst
Phase		Set the start phase of the burst.
Burst		Cat the burnt Daried
Period		Set the burst Period.
More		Enter the payt page
1 of 2		Enter the next page

Burst Period

Set the time span between an N-Cycle burst and the next. If necessary the period will increase to allow the specific number of cycles in a burst. Burst Period>Carrier Period × Burst Number

Start Phase

Define the start point in a waveform. The phase varies from 0° to 360°, and the default setting is 0°. For an Arbitrary Waveform, 0° is the first waveform point.

N-Cycle/Gated

N-Cycle has specific number of waveform cycles, and every burst is activated by a trigger event. Gated burst use external source to control burst as when to be activated.



Figure 2-47

Table 2-23 Menu Explanations of the N-Cycle Parameters (Page2/2)

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Delay		Set the delay time before the burst starts.
Tria Out	off	Turn off Trigger Setting
Trig Out	On	Open up the Trigger Setting
	Internal	Choose internal source
Source	External	Choose external source, use the [EXT Trig/Gate/FSK/Burst] connector in the rear panel.
	Manual	Choose external source, set the start time by hand.
More		Return the first page
2 of 2		

Cycles

Set the number of waveform cycle in an N-Cycle (1 to 50,000 or Infinite). If you choose Infinite, then a continuous waveform will be generated which will not stop until a trigger event happens.

- If needed, Burst Period will increase to cater to the specific number of cycles.
- For an infinite-cycle burst, external or manual trigger is needed to activate burst.

Delay

Set the time delay between the trigger input and the start of the N-Cycle burst.

Set the Gated Burst

Press $(Burst) \rightarrow Gated$, to enter the following interface.

Bı	Burst NCycle		Polarity		Start	
Off	On	Gated	Pos	Neg	Phase	

Figure 2-48



Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Burst	Off	Close the burst
Buist	on	Open the burst
NCycle		Set the NCycle mode;
Gated		Set the gated mode.
Polarity	Positive	Set the polarity for the gated signal.
Folanty	Negative	Set the polarity for the gated signal.
Start		Set the start phase of the burst.
Phase		Set the start phase of the burst.

Table 2- 24 Menu Explanations of the Gated Burst Parameters

2.11. To Store and Recall

Press Utility button ,then press more 1 of 2 softkey, last press the Store/Recall softkey, to enter the following interface. You can save or recall the state documentation inside the generator. The state file on the U Disk is also allowed to recall or delete. File names can only be English. User can only recall or delete the data documentation you save via CSV of the Oscilloscopes.

Addr(C) C:/STATE1:			
Local (C:)	STATE1:		
	STATE2:		
	STATE3:		
	STATE4:		
FileType Browser Source			
State Directory Save	Recall	Delete	Cancel

Figure 2-49 Save and Read Interface

FileType State	Browser Directory	Save	Recall	Delete	Cancel
Jule	Directory				

Figure 2-50

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
File Type	State	The setting of the generator;
File Type	Data	Arbitrary waveform file;
Browser	Directory File	Shift between the directory and file.
Save		Save the waveform to the appointed place.
Recall		Recall the waveform or setting information in the specific position of the memory.
Delete		Delete the selected file.

Table 2- 25 Menu Explanations of Save and Recall (Page 1/2)

About the browser

The directory selection shift is done by the direction keys. In the directory mode, pressing the right key will open the lower directory while the left key will fold the directory. Up and down key are used to shift between the directories.

To Save the Instrument State

Users are allowed to store the instrument state in any of the 10 non-volatile memories. The state storage will 'memorize' the selected function (including the arbitrary waveform, frequency, amplitude, DC offset, duty cycle, symmetry, and other modulation parameter used.)

To save the instrument state, the procedures are given as followed:

1. Choose the file type to store

Press $Utility \rightarrow More 1 \text{ of } 2 \rightarrow Store/Recall} \rightarrow FileType \rightarrow State, and choose state as the storage type.$

2. Choose the location of the file.

There are ten positions in the Local(C :), choose anyone of them by rotating the knob.

Name the file and save it
Press Save button, enter the desired name. Press Save to finish.

To Use USB Storage

As is shown in Figure 2- 51, the storage location is divided into: The internal storage Local(C :) and the U Disk storage USB Device (0 :). At the left side of the front panel, there is a USB interface. When a USB storage is connected, the storage menu will show 'USB Device (0:)'. Otherwise, the default location is the internal location Local(C :).



Figure 2- 51 USB Storage Interface

1. Install the USB Device

Insert the USB Device into the USB interface on the front panel, and the screen will show 'USB flash device plug in', and storage menu will show 'USB Device (0 :)'

2. Choose the USB Device

Press Browser->Directory, move the cursor with the up or down direction key to select 'USB Device (0 :)'. Press the right key to open the lower directory, use the up and down direction key to choose the file 'SDG500'.

Use the right key to open the lower directory, and up and down key to select the file 'Workspace'. Input the file name and save.

3. Remove the USB Device

Remove the USB Device from the interface. The system will inform you 'USB flash device plug out', and the 'USB Device (0 :)' in the storage menu will disappear.

Note: USB Device can only be used by U Disk; portable hard disk is not supported.

To Save a File

Press $Utility \rightarrow More 1 \text{ of } 2 \rightarrow Store/Recall} \rightarrow Save$, to enter the following interface. Enter the desired file name in the 'File Name' frame. In the middle of the figure below is the input keypad, used to edit the file name. Use the up and down direction keys and knob to select the desired character; use the left and right direction keys to edit the input file name.

Addr(0	Addr(0) 0:/2011LV~1.EXE											
File	File Name:											
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	_	-	
A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Η	Ι	J	K	L	Μ
N	0	Ρ	Q	R	S	Τ	U	V	W	X	Y	Ζ
U	Up Down			s	Select	T	Delet	e	Sav	re	Ca	ncel

Figure2-52 File Storage Interface

Up	Down	Select	Delete	Save	Cancel

Figure 2- 53

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Up		Cursor upward to select
Down		Cursor downward to select
Save		Store the file with the current name
Delete		Delete the current character.
Select		Select the current character.
Cancel		Return the store interface

Table 2- 26 Menu Explanation of File Storage

English Input

The English input interface is as shown in Figure 2- 54, to save a file named 'NEWFILE', follow the steps below:

Addr(0	Addr(0) 0:/2011LV~1.EXE											
File	File Name: NEWFILE											
Filei	varrie		=7661									
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	_	-	
A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Η	Ι	J	K	L	M
N	0	Ρ	Q	R	S	Τ	U	V	W	X	Y	Ζ
U	p	De	own	9	Select		Delet	B	Sav	'e	Cai	ncel

Figure 2- 54 English Input Interface

(1) Input the file name' NEWFILE'.

Use the Knob to adjust the cursor's horizontal position and the up and down key to adjust the vertical position. Select the Character 'N' and press Select. Repeat this until you have inputted 'NEWFILE'.

(2) Edit the File Name

When you have entered a wrong character, move the cursor to the wrong character to be deleted and press **Delete** to remove it. Reenter the file name.

(3) Press Save, to finish and save the file.

2.12. To Set the Utility Function

With the Utility function, you can set the parameters of the generator such as: Sync On/Off, Interface Parameter, System Setting and Testing Parameter. Sync Switch offers the option to choose the Sync Signal or not. The System Setting provides the setting for Language, Display, Beep, Screen Guard, Format, Power System Configure and default setting; Test provides the self-testing and calibration function.

Press Utility button, to enter the Utility Menu. Its functions are listed below in Figure 2-55.



Figure 2-55

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
	USB	Set USB function.
Interface	Setup	Set USB function.
	GPIB	Set the GPIB address
Sync		Set the sync output
CHCopy		Copy one channel to the other
Counter		to measure the frequency
System		Set the system configuration
More		ontor the payt page
1 of 2		enter the next page

Table 2-27 Menu Explanations of Utility System Setting (Page1/2)



Figure 2-56

Table 2- 28 Menu Explanations of Utility System Setting (Page2/2)

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation	
Store/Recall		Save and recall waves	
Test/Cal		Test and calibrate the instrument.	
Edit Info		Information of the system.	
Update		Update function.	
Help		View the help information	
More		Poture the front page	
2 of 2		Return the front page	

To Set Interface

Press $(Utility) \rightarrow Interface$, to set the IO interface. The equipment stands for RAW protocol and TMC protocol, user may setup corresponding protocol by IO Setup.

To Set the Sync output

The generator provides Sync output through the [Sync] connector on the rear panel. All standard output functions (except DC and Noise) have a corresponding Sync signal. For some applications, they can be disabled if users do not want to use it,

 In the default setting, the Sync signal should be connected to the [Sync] connector (activated). When the Sync Signal is disabled, the output voltage of the [Sync] connector is level low.

- In the Inverse Mode, the Waveform that corresponds to the Sync Signal does not inverse.
- The Sync Signal is a Pulse Signal with fixed positive pulse width, which is more than 50ns.
- For non-modulated waveform, the Sync Signal reference is the carrier.
- For internal modulating AM, FM and PM, the Sync signal reference is the modulated signal (not the carrier signal).
- For ASK and FSK, the Sync Signal Reference is the keying Frequency.
- For a Sweep, when the sweep starts, the Sync Signal becomes TTL Level High. The Sync frequency equals the specific Sweep time.
- For the Burst, when the burst starts, the Sync Signal is Level High.
- For the External Gated Burst, the Sync Signal follows the External Gated Signal.





Table 2- 29 Menu Explanations of Output Setting (Page 1/2)

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
State	Off	Close the sync output
Siale	on	Open the sync output
Channel	CH1	Set the sync signal of channel 1
Channel	CH2	Set the sync signal of channel 2
Done		Finish operation.

To measure the frequency

SDG5000 Series have included a frequency counter which could measure frequency from 100mHz to 200MHz. Press $Utility \rightarrow Counter$, to enter the following interface.



Figure 2-58

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation	
State	Off	Open the counter	
Siale	On	Close the counter	
Frequency		Measure frequency.	
Period		Measure period.	
PWidth	Measure positive width;		
NWidth		Measure negative width.	
RefeFreq		Set the reference frequency	
TrigLev		Set the trigger level voltage.	
Duty		Measure duty	
Setup		Set the count configuration.	

Table 2- 30 Menu Explanations of Frequency Counter

Mode	н	FR	Default	Default	Dono	
AC	Off	On			Done	

Figure 2-59

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
HFR	On Off	Open the high frequency rejection filter. Close the high frequency rejection filter.
Mode	DC AC	Set the coupling mode to DC Set the coupling mode to AC
Default		Set count settings to default.

Table 2- 31 Menu Explanations of Setup

To Set the System

 $Press[Utility] \rightarrow System$, to enter the following interface.

Number	Language	PowerOn	Set To	Beep	More
Format	English	Default	Default	Off	1 of 2

Figure 2-60

Table 2- 32 Menu Explanations of System Setup (Page 1/2)

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Number format		Set the number format.
Language		Set the display language.
Power On	Default Last	All the settings return to default when powered; All the settings return to the last one when powered.
Set to Default		Set all the settings to default.
beep	On off	Open beep Close beep

ScrnSvr	CLKSource		Done	More
15min	Internal		Done	2 of 2

Figure 2-61

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
ScrnSvr	1min 5min 15min 30min 1hour 2hour 5hour	Activate the screen saver program. Screen saver will be on if no action is taken within the time that you have selected. Press any button the resume.
	Off	Deactivate the screen saver program.
CIKSource	Internal External	Choose the system clock source.

Table 2- 33 Menu Explanations of System Setup (Page 2/2)

Key points:

Power On

Choose the configuration setting when the machine is powered.

Two choices are available: the default setting and the latest. Once selected,

the setting will be used when the instrument is powered.

Веер

Activate or deactivate the sound when an error occurs from the front panel or the remote interface. Activate or deactivate any sound made by the button or knob on the front panel. The current setting is stored in the non-volatile memory.

1. Set the Format

Press Utility \rightarrow System \rightarrow Number Format, to enter the following interface.



Figure 2- 62 Set the number Format

Point	Separator	Done	
•	Space	Done	

Figure 2-63

Table 2- 34 Menu Explanations of Setting the Number Format

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
Point	•	Using dot to represent point;
Point	,	Using comma to represent point.
	On	Enable the Separator;
Separator	Off	Close the Separator;
	Space	Use Space to separate.

According to the different choices of the point and the separator, the format can have various forms.

(1) • as point, press Separator->On, the example is as followed:

Frequency 1.000,000,000kHz

Figure 2-64 Set Format

(2) **7** as point, press ->Separator->On, the example is as followed:

Frequency 1,000.000.000kHz

Figure 2-65 Set Format

(3) • as point, press Separator->Off, the example is as followed:

Frequency 1.00000000kHz

Figure 2-66 Set Format

(4) **7** as point, press Separator->Off, the example is as followed:

Frequency 1,00000000kHz

Figure 2-67 Set Format

(5) • as point, press Separator->Space, the example is as followed:

Frequency 1.000 000 000kHz

Figure 2-68 Set Format

(6) **7** as point, press Separator->Space, the example is as followed:

Frequency 1,000.000.000kHz

Figure 2-69 Set Format

2. Language Setup

The Generator offers two languages (English and Simplified Chinese) for user to choose.

To Select Language, press Utility and then Language to select the language.

The Procedure is as followed:

Press $Utility \rightarrow System \rightarrow Language$, to change the language.

3. To Return to Default Setting

Press $Utility \rightarrow System \rightarrow Set$ to Default, to set the system to the default setting. The default settings of the system are as followed:

Table 2- 35 Factory Default Setting

Output	Default
Function	Sine Wave
Frequency	1KHz
Amplitude/Offset	4Vpp/0Vdc
Phase	0°
Terminals	High Z

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Modulation	Default
Carrier	1KHz Sine Wave
Modulating	100Hz Sine Wave
AM Depth	100%
FM Deviation	500Hz
Key Freq	100Hz
FSK Hop Frequency	1MHz
Phase Deviation	180°
Sweep	Default
Start/Stop Frequency	100Hz/1.9KHz
Sweep Time	1S
Trig Out	Off
Mode	Linear
Direction	↑
Burst	Default
Period	10ms
Phase	0°
Count	1Cycle
Trig	Off
Trigger	Default
Source	Internal

2.13. Test/Cal

 $Press(Utility) \rightarrow Test/Cal, to enter the following menu.$



Figure 2-70 Test/Cal function Menu



Figure 2-71

Function Menu	Settings	Explain
SelfTest		Perform system self-test.
SelfAdjust		Do self calibration

SelfTest

 $Press[Utility] \rightarrow Test/Cal \rightarrow SelfTest, to enter the following menu.$





Table 2- 37 Menu Explanations of Self Test

Function Menu	Settings	Explain
ScrTest		Run screen test program.
KeyTest		Run keyboard test program.
LEDTest		Run LED test program.

1. Scr Test

Select Scr Test to enter the screen test interface. The clew words 'Press '7' Key to continue, Press '8' Key to exit' is displayed. You could press the '7' for test.



Figure 2-73 Screen Test Interface

2. Key Test

Select 'keyboard Test' to enter the keyboard test interface, the on-screen lathy rectangle shapes represent the front panel keys. The shapes with two arrows beside them represent the front panel knobs. Test all keys and knobs and you should also verify that all the backlit buttons illuminate correctly.

Note:

- When you operate, the screen would display the white (color LCD).
- The tested button or knobs corresponding area would display green (color LCD).
- At the bottom of the screen display 'Press '8' Key Three Times to exit' information prompt to show that press '8' three times for quitting the test.



Figure 2-74 Key Test Interface

3. LED Test

Select 'LED Test' to enter the lighten interface, the on-screen lathy rectangle shapes represent the front panel keys; the shapes with two arrows beside them represent the front panel knobs. The clew words 'Press '7' Key to continue, 'Press '8' Key to exit' is displayed, You could press the '7' button continuously for testing, when buttons are lighted ,the corresponding area on the screen would display green(color LCD).



Figure 2-75 Led Test Interface

SelfAdjust

Press $Utility \rightarrow More 10f2 \rightarrow Test/Cal \rightarrow SelfAdjust$, to enter SelfAdjust, as is shown in Figure 2- 76.

SelfAdjust: do self calibration, environment you use the generator changes, system may calibrate data based on change of current environment

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Figure 2-76 SelfAdjust Interface

2.14. Edition Information

Press the EditInfo option button of the Utility Menu to view the generator's hardware and software configuration.

Startup Times:	80			
Software Version:	5.01.01.03			
Hardware Version:	00-00-00-10-32			
Product Type:	SDG5122			
Serial No.:	2012070300001			
Please press any function key to exit !				

Figure 2-77 Edit Info Interface

Edition Information introduce

Boot-strap No:

The times of boot-strap

Software version:

Software version of current equipment

Hardware version:

00-00-00-15-22 represents ordinal: PCB version, BOM version, Daughter card version, FPGA version, CPLD version.

Model:

Contains information of brand of product, name, series, bandwidth, for example: SDG5122 represents SIGLENT, 5000 series, Function/Arbitrary Waveform Generator, 50MHz Bandwidth

Serial No:

Bit 1-3 represents maker and series of the product. Bit 7-10 represents data of produce. Bit 11-14 represents bicker of product.

For example: SDG00002120008 represents the generator is made by SIGLENT at the second quarter of 2012 and is the eighth one.

2.15. Updating Firmware

Using USB flash drive update firmware

The software of the generator can be updated directly via USB flash drive. This process takes about two minutes. Follow the next steps:

- Insert USB flash drive with firmware procedure to USB host interface on the front panel of the generator.
- 2. Press the Utility button to enter the 'Utility Menu'.
- Press 'Next Page' option button to enter the second page of 'Utility Menu'.
- 4. Press the 'Update' option button.
- 5. Select the update file to update the system software.
- 6. After accomplish update, restart the generator.

Note: Don't cut off the power during product is being updating.

2.16. How to Use the Built-in Help System

You can get a particularly help for every button on the front panel by using the built-in help system. Or you can get help about the operation of the front panel buttons with the help list.

Press Utility and then press help softkey to enter the following interface.



Figure 2-78 Help Menu



Figure 2-79

Table 2- 38 Help Menu	Explanations
-----------------------	--------------

Function Menu	Settings	Explanation
UP		Cursor upward to select.
Down		Cursor downward to select.
Select		Select to read the information.

3. Application and Examples

To help the user master how to use the Function/ Arbitrary Waveform Generator more efficiently, we will describe some examples in detail. All the examples below use the default setting of the instrument except especial explanations.

This chapter includes the following topics:

- Example 1: Generate a Sine Wave
- Example 2: Generate a Square Wave
- Example 3: Generate a Ramp Wave
- Example 4: Generate a Pulse Wave
- Example 5: Generate a Noise Wave
- Example 6: Generate an Arbitrary Wave
- Example 7: Generate a Sweep Wave
- Example 8: Generate a Burst Wave
- Example 9: Generate an AM Wave
- Example 10:Generate a FM Wave
- Example 11:Generate a PM Wave
- Example 12:Generate a FSK Wave
- Example 13:Generate an ASK Wave
- Example 14:Generate a PWM Wave
- Example 15:Generate a DSB-AM Wave

3.1. Example 1:Generate a Sine Wave

Generate a sine wave with 50KHz frequency, 5Vpp amplitude and 1Vdc offset.

- > Steps:
- Set the frequency.
- Press Waveforms → Sine → Frequency and choose frequency which will display in white color.
- 2. Input '50' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'KHz'. The frequency is set to be 50KHz.
- Set the amplitude.
- 1. Press Ampl to choose Ampl which will display in white color.
- Input '5' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vpp'. The amplitude is set to be 5Vpp.
- Set the Offset.
- 1. Press Offset to choose Offset which will display in white color
- Input '1' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vdc'. The offset is set to be 1Vdc.

When the frequency, amplitude and offset are set, the wave generated is shown in Figure 3-1.
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Figure 3-1 Sine Waveform

3.2. Example 2:Generate a Square Wave

Generate a square wave with 5KHz frequency, 2Vpp amplitude, 0Vdc offset and 30% duty cycle.

- > Steps:
- Set the frequency.
- Press(Waveforms)→Square→ Frequency and choose Frequency which will display in white color.
- 2. Input '5' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'KHz'. The frequency is set to be 5KHz.
- Set the amplitude.
- 1. Press Ampl to choose Ampl which will display in white color.
- Input '2' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vpp'. The amplitude is set to be 2Vpp.
- Set the offset.
- 1. Press Offset to choose Offset which will display in white color
- Input '0' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vdc'. The Offset is set to be 0Vdc.
- Set the duty
- 1. Press Duty to choose Duty which will display in white color
- Input '30' from the keyboard and choose the unit '%'. The duty is set to be 30%.

When the frequency, amplitude, offset and duty cycle are set, the wave generated is shown in Figure 3-2.

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Square CH1.ON .HIZ Sine CH2.ON .HIZ				.Hiz
MOD: OFF	SWE	EP: OFF	BURST	: OFF
		Frequency	50.000 00)0kHz
		Amplitude	2.000 Vp	p
		Offset	1.000 Vd	с
	i i	Phase	0.00 °	
	_	Duty	3 <mark>0</mark> .00 %	
	_			
Frequency Amplitude	Offset	. Phase	Duty	
Period HighLevel	LowLeve	el		

Figure 3- 2 Square Waveform

3.3. Example 3:Generate a Ramp Wave

Generate a ramp wave with 10µs period, 100mVpp amplitude, 20mVdc offset, 45°phase and 30% symmetry.

- > Steps:
- Set the period.
- Press Waveforms → Ramp → Period and choose Period which will display in white color.
- Input '10' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'µs'. The period is set to be 10µs.
- Set the amplitude.
- 1. Press Ampl to choose Ampl which will display in white color.
- Input '100' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'mVpp'. The amplitude is set to be 100mVpp.
- Set the offset.
- 1. Press Offset to choose Offset which will display in white color
- Input '20' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'mVdc'. The offset is set to be 20mVdc.
- Set the phase
- 1. Press Phase to choose Phase which will display in white color
- Input '45' from the keyboard and choose the unit ' °'. The phase is set to be 45°.

- Set the symmetry
- 1. Press Symmetry to choose Symmetry which will display in white color.
- Input '30' from the keyboard and choose the unit '30%'. The symmetry is set to be 30%.

When the period, amplitude, offset, phase and symmetry are set, the wave generated is shown in Figure 3- 3.



Figure 3- 3 Ramp Waveform

3.4. Example 4:Generate a Pulse Wave

Generate a pulse wave with 5KHz frequency, 5V high level, -1V low level, 40µs pulse width and 20ns delay.

- > Steps:
- Set the frequency.
- Press Waveforms → Pulse → Frequency and choose Freq, which will display in white color.
- 2. Input '5' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'KHz'. The frequency is set to be 5 KHz.
- Set the high level
- 1. Press Ampl and choose the HLevel which will display in white color.
- 2. Input '5' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'V'. The high level is set to be 5V.
- Set the low level
- 1. Press Offset and choose the LLevel which will display in white color.
- Input '-1' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'V'. The low level is set to be -1V.
- Set the pulse width
- 1. Press Width and choose Width which will display in white color.
- Input '40' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'µs'. The pulse width is set to be 40µs.

- Set the Rise Edge
- 1. Press Rise and choose Rise which will display in white color.
- 2. Input '20' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'ns'. The delay is set to be 20ns.

When the frequency, high level, low level, pulse width and Rise Edge are set, the wave generated is shown in Figure 3- 4.



Figure 3- 4 Pulse Waveform

3.5. Example 5:Generate a Noise Wave

Generate a noise waveform with 2V variance and 1 V mean.

- > Steps:
- Set the Amplitude
- 1. Press Waveforms \rightarrow Noise \rightarrow Stdev.
- 2. Input '0.5' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'V'. The amplitude is set to be 0.5 V.
- Set the Offset
- 1. Press Mean.
- Input '1' from the keyboard and choose the unit '1'. The offset is set to be 1V.

When the amplitude and offset are set, the wave generated is shown in Figure 3-5.



Figure 3- 5 Noise Waveform

3.6. Example 6:Generate an DC Wave

Generate an DC waveform with 3Vdc offset,

- > Steps:
- Set the type of the DC waveform.
- 1. Press Waveforms \rightarrow DC , to choose the DC waveform.
- Set the offset.
- 1. Press offset and choose offset which will display in white color.
- Input '3' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vdc'. The offset is set to be 3Vdc.

When the DC waveform's offset are set, the wave generated is shown in Figure 3- 6.



Figure 3- 6 Sinc Waveform

3.7. Example 7:Generate a Sweep Linear Wave

Generate a sine sweep waveform whose frequency starts from 100Hz to 10KHz. Use internal trigger mode, linear sweep, and the sweep time is 2s.

- > Steps:
- Set the sweep function:
 Press Waveforms and choose the sine waveform as the sweep function.
 The default setting of the source is internal.
- Set the frequency, amplitude and offset.
- Press Frequency and choose Frequency which will display in white color. Input '5' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'KHz' to set the frequency 5KHz.
- Press Amplitude to choose Amplitude which will display in white color. Input '5' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vpp' to set the amplitude 5Vpp.
- Press Offset to choose Offset which will display in white color. Input '0' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vdc' to set the offset 0Vdc
- Set the sweep time.
 Press Sweep → More 1 of 2 → Sweep Time, Input '1' from the keyboard and choose the unit 's' to set sweep time 1s.
- Set the start frequency

Press Start Freq, Input '100' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Hz'

to set start freq 100Hz.

- Set the end frequency
 Press Stop Freq, Input '10' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'KHz' to set stop freq 10KHz.
- Set the Sweep Mode
 Press Linear, and choose Linear.

When all parameters above are set, the linear sweep wave generated is shown in Figure 3-7.

Sine CH1.ON .HIZ Sine CH2.ON .HIZ					.Hiz	
	MOD	: OFF	SWEEI	P: ON	BURS1	COFF
	Λ Λ		Jun F	requency	5.050 000)kHz
			Amplitude	5.000 Vpp		
			NN Y 🛛 🤇	Offset	0.000 Vdc	
P		Phase	0.00 °			
	Sweep Time 1.000 000 s					
Start Freq 100.000 00 Hz						
Stop Freq 10.000 00kHz						
Sw	eep	Sweep	StopFreq	StartFreq	Source	More
Off	Ön	Time	FreqSpan	MidFreq	Internal	1 of 2

Figure 3-7 Sweep Waveform

3.8. Example 8:Generate a Burst Wave

Generate a burst waveform of 5 cycles. The period is 3ms. Use internal trigger and 0 degree phase.

- > Steps:
- Set the sweep function:

Press Waveforms, and choose the sine waveform as the burst function. The default setting of the source is internal.

- Set the frequency, amplitude and offset
- Press Frequency and choose Frequency which will display in white color. Input '10' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'KHz' to set the frequency 10KHz.
- Press Amplitude to choose Amplitude which will display in white color. Input '1' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vpp' to set the amplitude 1Vpp.
- 3. Press Offset to choose Offset which will display in white color. Input '0' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vdc' to set the offset 0Vdc
- Set the sweep mode.

 $\label{eq:press} \mathsf{Burst} { \longrightarrow } \mathsf{NCycle}, \mathsf{choose} \ \mathsf{NCycle} \ \mathsf{Mode}.$

• Set the burst period

Press Period, input '3' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'ms' to set the period 3ms.

• Set the start phase

Press Start Phase, input '0' from the keyboard and choose the unit ' o' to set the start phase 0°.

- Set the burst cycles
 Press Cycle, Input '5' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Cycle' to set the burst cycle 5.
- Set the delay

Press More 1 of 2 to choose Delay, and input '100' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'µs' to set the delay 100µs.

When all parameters above are set, the wave generated is shown in Figure 3-8.



Figure 3-8 Burst Waveform Output

3.9. Example 9:Generate an AM Wave

Generate an AM waveform with 80% depth. The carrier is a sine wave with 10KHz frequency, and the modulating wave is a sine wave with 200Hz frequency.

> Steps:

- Set the frequency, amplitude and offset of the carrier wave.
- 1. Press Waveforms and choose the sine waveform as the carrier wave
- Press Frequency and choose Frequency which will display in white color. Input'10' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'KHz' to set the frequency 10KHz
- Press Amplitude and choose Amplitude which will display in white color. Input'1' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vpp' to set the amplitude 1Vpp.
- 4. Press Offset and choose Offset which will display in white color. Input'0' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vdc' to set the offset 0Vdc.
- Set the modulation type AM and parameters.
- 1. Press $Mod \rightarrow Type \rightarrow AM$, choose AM. Please notice that the message shown on the middle left side of the screen is 'AM'.
- 2. Press AM Freq, input'200' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Hz' to set the AM freq 200Hz.
- 3. Press AM Depth, input'80' from the keyboard and choose the unit '%' to set the AM depth 80%.
- 4. Press Shape \rightarrow Sine, to choose sine wave as the modulating waveform.

When all parameters above are set, the wave generated is shown in Figure 3-9.



Figure 3-9 AM Waveform

3.10. Example 10:Generate a FM Wave

Generate a FM waveform, the carrier is a sine wave with 10KHz frequency, and the modulating wave is a sine wave with 1 Hz frequency, 2KHz frequency deviation.

> Steps:

- Set the frequency, amplitude and offset of the carrier wave.
- 1. Press Waveforms ,and choose the sine waveform as the carrier wave
- Press Frequency and choose Frequency which will display in white color. Input'10' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'KHz' to set the frequency 10KHz
- Press Amplitude and choose Amplitude which will display in white color. Input'1' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vpp' to set the amplitude 1Vpp.
- 4. Press Offset and choose Offset which will display in white color. Input'0' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vdc' to set the offset 0Vdc.
- Set the modulation type FM and parameters.
- 1. Press $Mod \rightarrow Type \rightarrow FM$, choose FM. Please notice that the message shown on the middle left side of the screen is 'FM'.
- Press FM Freq, input '1' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Hz' to set the FM Freq 1Hz.
- Press FM Dev, input '2' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'KHz' to set the FM deviation 2KHz.
- 4. Press Shape \rightarrow Sine, to choose sine wave as the modulating waveform.

When all parameters above are set, the wave generated is shown in Figure 3-10.



Figure 3- 10 FM Waveform

3.11. Example 11:Generate a PM Wave

Generate a PM waveform, the carrier is a sine wave with 10KHz frequency, and the modulating wave is a sine wave with 2KHz frequency, 90°phase deviation.

> Steps:

- Set the frequency, amplitude and offset of the carrier wave.
- 1. Press Waveforms], and choose the sine waveform as the carrier wave
- Press Frequency and choose Frequency which will display in white color. Input'10' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'KHz' to set the frequency 10KHz
- Press Amplitude and choose Amplitude which will display in white color. Input'5' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vpp' to set the amplitude 5Vpp.
- 4. Press Offset and choose Offset which will display in white color. Input'0' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vdc' to set the offset 0Vdc.
- Set the modulation type PM and parameters.
- 1. Press $Mod \rightarrow Type \rightarrow PM$, choose PM. Please notice that the message shown on the middle left side of the screen is 'PM'.
- Press PM Freq, input '2' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'KHz' to set the PM freq 2KHz.
- 3. Press Phase Dev, input '90' from the keyboard and choose the unit ' °' to set the phase deviation 90°.
- 4. Press Shape \rightarrow Sine, to choose sine wave as the modulating waveform.

When all parameters above are set, the wave generated is shown in Figure 3-11.



Figure 3- 11 PM Waveform

3.12. Example 12:Generate a FSK Wave

Generate a FSK waveform with 200Hz key frequency. The carrier is a sine wave with 10KHz frequency, and the hop frequency is 500Hz.

> Steps:

- Set the frequency, amplitude and offset of the carrier wave.
- 1. Press Waveforms and choose the sine waveform as the carrier wave
- Press Frequency and choose Frequency which will display in white color. Input'10' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'KHz' to set the frequency 10KHz
- Press Amplitude and choose Amplitude which will display in white color. Input'5' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vpp' to set the amplitude 5Vpp.
- 4. Press Offset and choose Offset which will display in white color. Input'0' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vdc' to set the offset 0Vdc.
- Set the modulation type FSK and parameters.
- 1. Press $[Mod] \rightarrow Type \rightarrow FSK$, choose FSK. Please notice that the message shown on the middle left side of the screen is 'FSK '.
- Press Key Freq, input'200' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Hz' to set the key frequency 200 Hz.
- 3. Press Hop Freq, input '500' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Hz' to set the hop frequency 500Hz.

When all parameters above are set, the wave generated is shown in Figure





Figure 3- 12 FSK Waveform

3.13. Example 13:Generate an ASK Wave

Generate an ASK waveform with 500Hz key frequency. The carrier is a sine wave with 5KHz frequency.

> Steps:

- Set the frequency, amplitude and offset of the carrier wave.
- 1. Press Waveforms and choose the sine waveform as the carrier wave
- Press Frequency and choose Frequency which will display in white color. Input '5' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'KHz' to set the frequency 5KHz
- Press Amplitude and choose Amplitude which will display in white color. Input '5' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vpp' to set the amplitude 5Vpp.
- 4. Press Offset and choose Offset which will display in white color. Input '0' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vdc' to set the offset 0Vdc.
- Set the modulation type ASK and parameters.
- 1. Press $(Mod) \rightarrow Type \rightarrow ASK$, choose ASK. Please notice that the message shown on the middle left side of the screen is 'ASK'.
- Press Key Freq, input '500' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Hz' to set the key freq 500 Hz.



Sine CH1.ON .HiZ Sine CH2.ON .HiZ						
	: ON	SWEE	P: OFF	BURST: OFF		
	Λ		Frequency Amplitude Offset Phase	5.000 000kHz 5.000 Vpp 0.000 Vdc 0.00 °		
Key Freq 50 <mark>0</mark> .000 00 Hz						
Modulate Off On	Type ASK	Source Internal	Key Freq			

When all parameters above are set, the wave generated is shown in

Figure 3-13.

Sine CH1.ON .HIZ Sine CH2.ON .HIZ						
MOD: ON SWE	EEP: OFF	BURST: OFF				
•	Frequency Amplitude Offset Phase	5.000 000kHz 5.000 Vpp 0.000 Vdc 0.00 °				
Key Freq 50 <mark>0</mark> .000 00 Hz Mod <u>ulate Type Source Key</u>						
Off On ASK Intern	al Freq					

Figure 3-13 ASK Waveform

3.14. Example 14: Generate a PWM Wave

Generate a PWM waveform with 200Hz key frequency. The carrier is a pulse wave with 5KHz frequency.

Steps:

- Set the frequency, amplitude and offset of the carrier wave.
- 1. Press Waveforms and choose the Pulse waveform as the carrier wave
- Press Frequency and choose Frequency which will display in white color. Input '5' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'KHz' to set the frequency 5KHz
- Press Amplitude and choose Amplitude which will display in white color. Input '5' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vpp' to set the amplitude 5Vpp.
- 4. Press Offset and choose Offset which will display in white color. Input '0' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vdc' to set the offset 0Vdc.
- Press PulWidth and choose PulWidth which will display in white color.
 Input '40' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'us' to set the PulWidth 40us
- Set the modulation type PWM and parameters.
- Press Mod → Type → PWM, Please notice that the message shown on the middle left side of the screen is 'PWM '.
- 2. Press Key Freq, input '200' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Hz' to set the key freq 200 Hz.
- 3. Press Width Dev, input '20' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'us' to

set the Width Dev 20us

When all parameters above are set, the wave generated is shown in Figure 3-14.



Figure 3-14 PWM Waveform

3.15. Example 15: Generate a DSB-AM Wave

Generate a DSB-AM waveform with 100Hz key frequency. The carrier is a sine wave with 2KHz frequency.

> Steps:

- Set the frequency, amplitude and offset of the carrier wave.
- 1. Press Waveforms and choose the sine waveform as the carrier wave
- Press Frequency and choose Frequency which will display in white color. Input '2' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'KHz' to set the frequency 2KHz
- Press Amplitude and choose Amplitude which will display in white color. Input '4' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vpp' to set the amplitude 4Vpp.
- 4. Press Offset and choose Offset which will display in white color. Input '0' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Vdc' to set the offset 0Vdc.
- Set the modulation type DSB-AM and parameters.
- Press Mod → Type → DSB-AM, choose DSB-AM. Please notice that the message shown on the middle left side of the screen is 'DSB-AM '.
- Press Key Freq, input '100' from the keyboard and choose the unit 'Hz' to set the key freq 100Hz.

When all parameters above are set, the wave generated is shown in Figure 3-15.

SIGLENT

Sine CH1.ON .HIZ Sine CH2.ON .HIZ						
MOD	: ON	SWEE	P: OFF	BURST	: OFF	
ATTA ALAS.		Ar ?	Frequency Amplitude Offset Phase	2.000 000kHz 4.000 Vpp 0.000 Vdc 0.00 °		
DSB Freq 10 <mark>0</mark> .000 00 Hz						
Modulate	Туре	Source	DSB	Shape		
Off On	DSB-AM	Internal	Freq	Sine		

Figure 3- 15 DSB-AM Waveform

4. Troubleshooting

General Inspecting

After receiving a new SDG5000 Series Generator, please inspect the instrument as followed:

1. Inspect the shipping container for damage.

Keep the damaged shipping container or cushioning material until the contents of the shipment have been checked for completeness and the instrument has been checked mechanically and electrically.

2. Inspect the whole instrument.

In case there is any mechanical damage or defect, or the instrument does not operate properly or fails performance tests, notify the SIGLENT sales representative.

If the shipping container is damaged, or the cushioning materials show signs of stress, notify the carrier as well as the SIGLENT sales department. Keep the shipping materials for carrier's inspection.

3. Check the accessories.

Accessories supplied with the instrument are listed below. If the contents are incomplete or damaged, notify the SIGLENT sales representative. Standard Accessories:

Troubleshooting

- 1. After the waveform generator is powered on, the screen remains dark, please do the following steps:
- (1) Check the power cable's connection.
- (2) Ensure the power switch is turned on.
- (3) After the inspections above, restart the waveform generator.
- (4) If the generator still doesn't work after the checking, please connect with SIGLENT company
- 2. If there is no signal wave output after setting the parameters, please do as following steps:
- (1) Check whether the BNC cable has connected with output channel or not.
- (2) Check whether the output button have been turned on or not.

5. Service and Support

Maintain summary

SIGLENT warrants that the products that it manufactures and sells will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of three years from the date of shipment from an authorized **SIGLENT** distributor. If a product proves defective within the respective period, **SIGLENT** will provide repair or replacement as described in the complete warranty statement.

To arrange for service or obtain a copy of the complete warranty statement, please contact your nearest **SIGLENT** sales and service office.

Except as provided in this summary or the applicable warranty statement, **SIGLENT** makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, including without limitation the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. In no event shall **SIGLENT** be liable for indirect, special or consequential damages

Contact SIGLENT

MTR Add: 3/F, Building 4, Antongda Industrial Zone, Liuxian Road, 68 District, Baoan District, Shenzhen, P.R. CHINA Service Tel: 0086 755 36615186 Post Code: 518101 E-mail:sales@siglent.com http://www.siglent.com

6. Appendix

Appendix A: Accessories

SDG5000 Series Function/ Arbitrary Waveform Generator Accessories:

Standard Accessories:

- A Quick Start
- A Calibration Certificate
- A Power Cord that fits the standard of destination country
- A USB Cable

Optional Accessories:

- BNC Cable
- USB-GPIB(IEEE 488.2)

Appendix B: Daily Maintain and Cleaning

Daily Maintain

Do not store or leave the instrument in where the LCD will be exposed to direct sunlight for long periods of time.



CAUTION: To avoid damage to the instrument, do not expose them to sprays, liquids, or solvents.

Cleaning

If this instrument requires cleaning, disconnect it from all power sources and clean it with a mid detergent and water. Make sure the instrument is completely dry before reconnecting it to a power source.

To clean the exterior surface, perform the following steps:

- 1. Remove loose dust on the outside of the instrument with a lint-free cloth. Use care to avoid scratching the clear plastic display filter.
- 2. Use a soft cloth dampened with water to clean the instrument.



WARNING: To avoid damage to the surface of the instrument, do not use any abrasive or chimerical cleaning agents.