

SSG5080A Series

Microwave Signal Generator

Programming Guide

EN01B



SIGLENT TECHNOLOGIES CO.,LTD

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1 Programming Overview

The SSG5080A Series Signal Generator supports USB, LAN and USB-GPIB interfaces. Through these interfaces, combined with NI-VISA and corresponding programming language, users can use the command set based on SCPI (Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments) to remotely program and control the instrument, and interact with other programmable instruments that support the SCPI command set.

Through the LAN interface, VXI-11, Sockets, and Telnet protocols can be used to communicate with the instrument.

This chapter describes how to establish communication between the signal generator and the computer, and how to remotely control the signal generator.

1.1 Build communication via VISA

1.1.1 Install NI-VISA

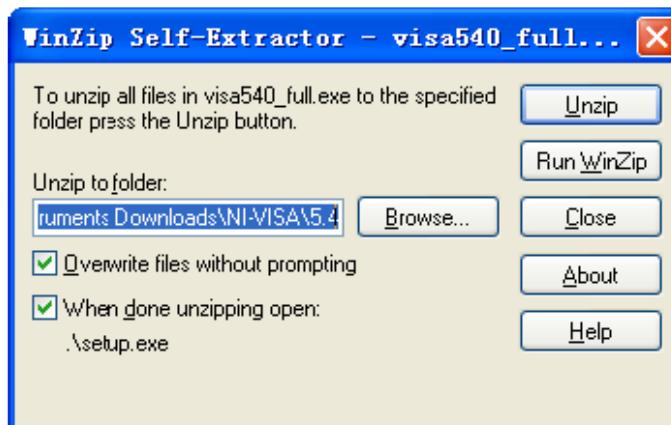
Before programming, please make sure that you have properly installed the latest version of National Instruments NI-VISA Software.

NI-VISA is a communication library for communication between computers and devices. NI software has two valid VISA installation packages: full version and run-time engine version (Run-Time Engine). The runtime engine version provides NI device drivers such as USB-TMC, VXI and GPIB, etc. It is mainly used for remote control. The full version includes the runtime engine and NI MAX tools, where NI MAX is the user interface for controlling the device.

You can download the latest NI-VISA runtime engine or full version from the NI official website. Their installation steps are basically the same.

Please refer to the following steps to install NI-VISA (the example uses the full version of NI-VISA5.4):

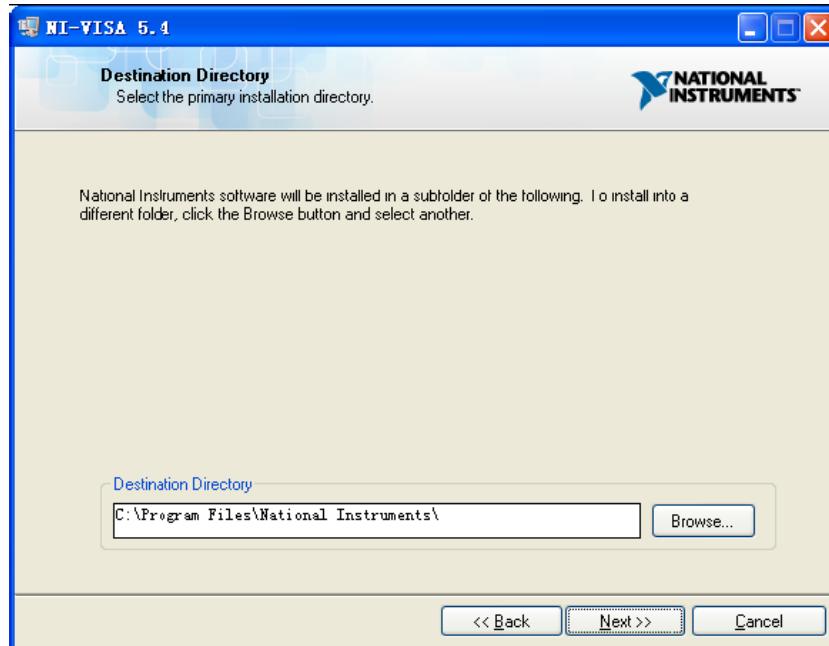
- Download the appropriate version of NI-VISA.
- Double-click visa540_full.exe, and the dialog box will pop up as follows:



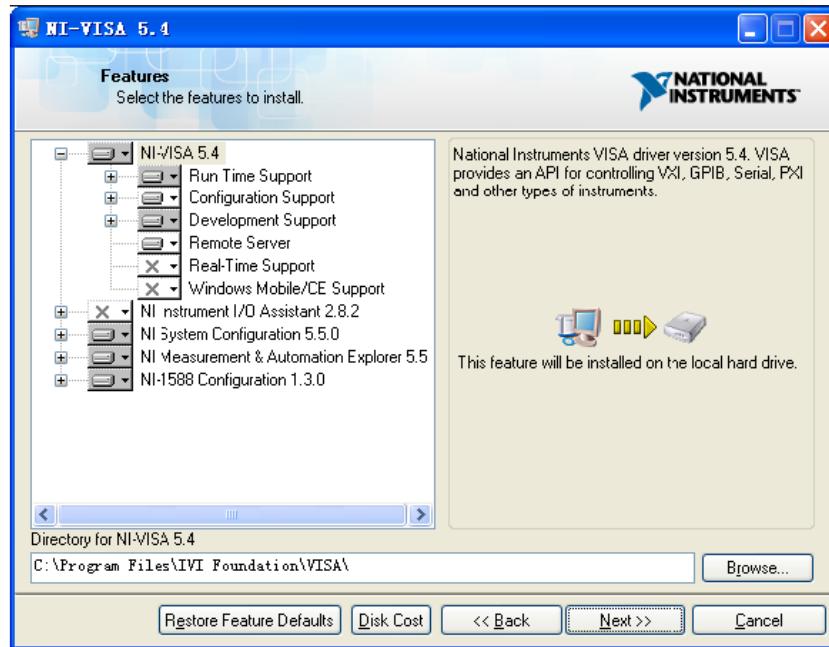
- c. Click Unzip. Then the installation process will launch automatically after unzipping files. If your computer needs to install the .NET Framework 4, it shall auto-start.



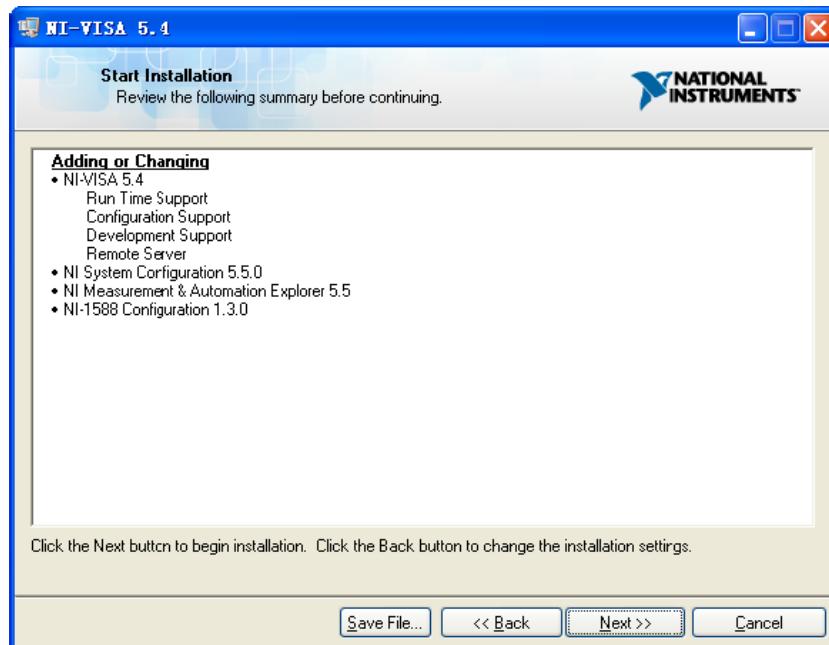
- d. The NI-VISA install dialog is shown above. Click Next to start the installation process.



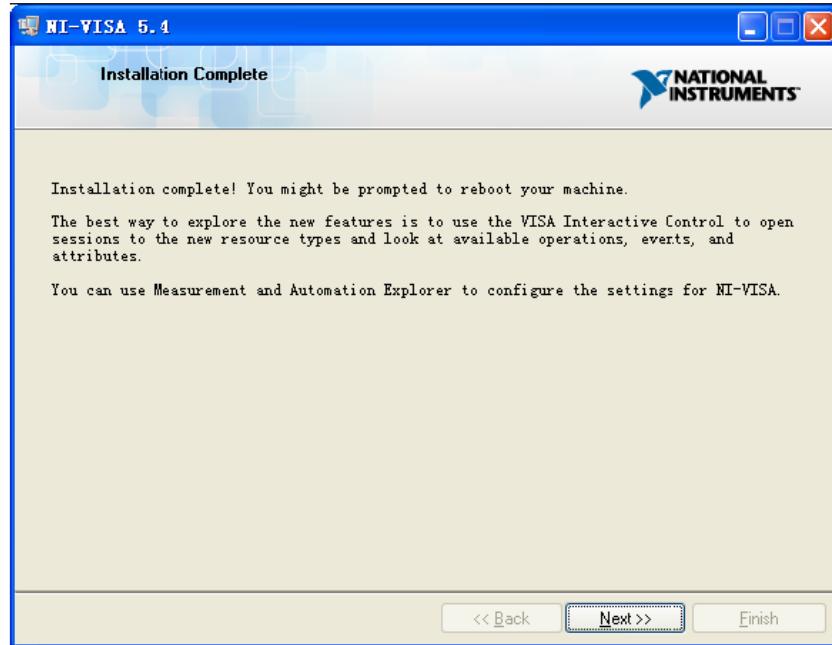
- e. Set the installation path. The default path is "C:\Program Files\National Instruments\". You can also modify the installation path. Click Next and the dialog box will appear as shown below.



- f. Click Next twice. In the License Agreement dialog, select "I accept the above 2 License Agreement(s)." and click Next. The dialog box will appear as shown below:



- g. Click Next to begin installation.



- h. Now the installation is complete. Reboot your computer.

1.1.2 Connect the instrument to computer

The signal generator may be able to communicate with the computer through the USB, LAN or USB-GPIB interface.

1.1.2.1 Connect using USB interface

Please refer to the following steps to finish the connection via the USB interface:

1. Install NI-VISA on your computer to obtain the USB-TMC driver.
2. Connect the USB Device interface of the signal generator to the USB Host interface of the computer with a USB A-B cable.
3. Turn on the signal generator.

The signal generator will be automatically detected as a new USB device.

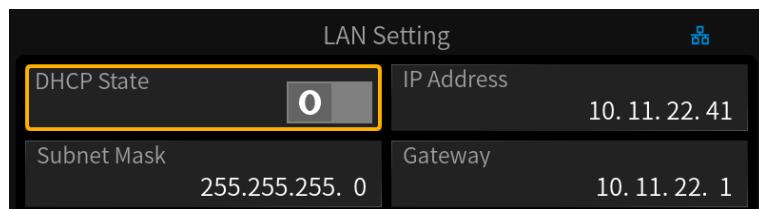
1.1.2.2 Connect using LAN interface

Please refer to the following steps to finish the connection via the LAN interface:

1. Install NI-VISA on your computer to obtain the VXI driver.
2. Use a network cable to connect the signal generator to your computer or the local area network.
3. Turn on the signal generator.
4. Press **UTILITY** → Interface to enter the LAN Setting menu.
5. Set the LAN as Static or DHCP:
 - ◆ DHCP: The DHCP server in the current network will automatically assign network

parameters (IP address, subnet mask, gateway) to the signal generator.

- ◆ Static: You can manually set the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway.



The signal generator will be automatically or manually detected as a new LAN device.

1.1.2.3 Connect using USB Host interface (With USB-GPIB Adaptor)

Please refer to the following steps to finish the connection via the LAN interface:

1. Install the NI-VISA GPIB driver on the computer.
2. Use the SIGLENT USB-GPIB adapter to connect the USB Host interface of the signal generator to the GPIB interface of the computer.



3. Turn on the signal generator.
4. Press **UTILITY** → Interface and enter the GPIB number in GPIB Address.

The signal generator will be automatically detected as a new GPIB device.

1.2 Remote Control

1.2.1 User-defined Programming

Users can send SCPI commands through the computer to program and control the signal generator. For details, please refer to the introduction in the “Programming Examples” chapter.

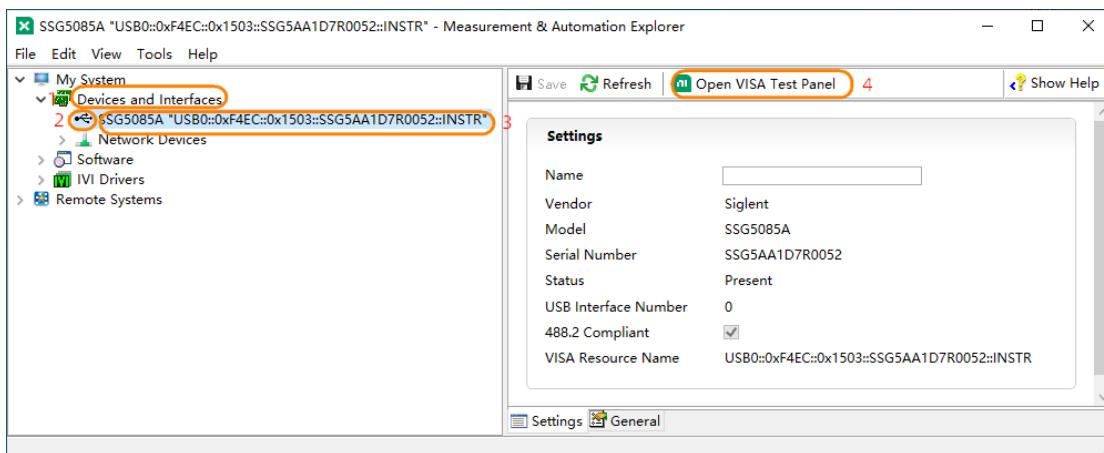
1.2.2 Send SCPI via NI-MAX

NI-MAX is a program created and maintained by National Instruments. It provides basic remote-control interfaces for VXI, LAN, USB, GPIB, and Serial communications. Users can send SCPI commands through NI-MAX to remotely control the signal generator.

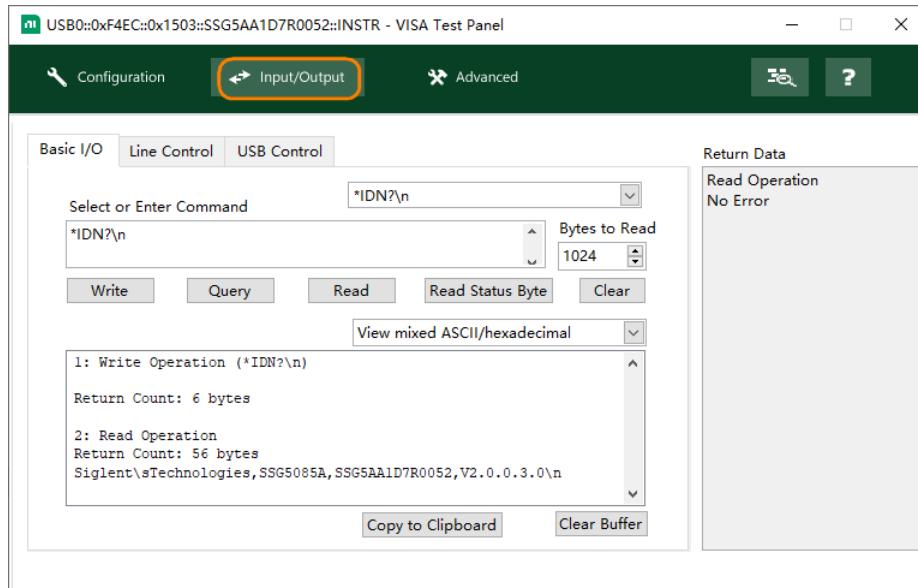
The following describes the steps for connecting a device through a USB, LAN, or GPIB interface in NI-MAX and sending SCPI to the device.

1.2.2.1 Using USB

1. Run NI-MAX.
2. Click “Devices and Interfaces” in the upper left corner of the software.
3. Find the USBTMC device symbol:  .
4. Select the signal generator device and click the “Open VISA Test Panel” button.

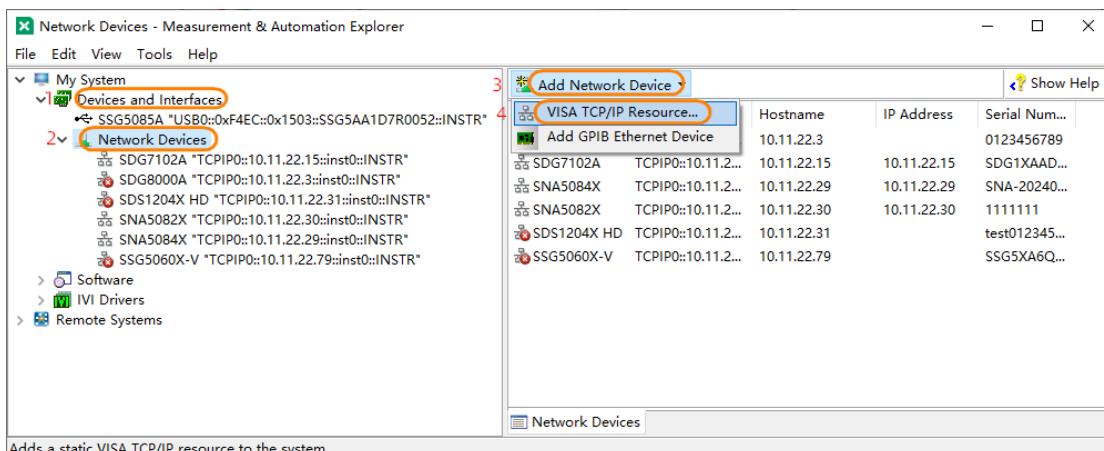


5. Select the “Input/Output” page in the VISA test panel. At this time, you can enter SCPI in the input field to write or query. Click the “Query” button as shown below to query the device’s IDN:

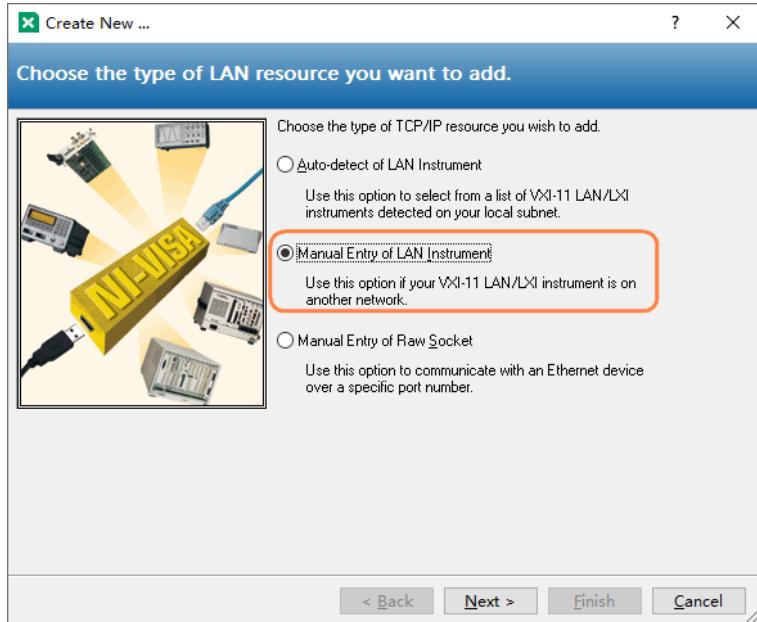


1.2.2.2 Using LAN

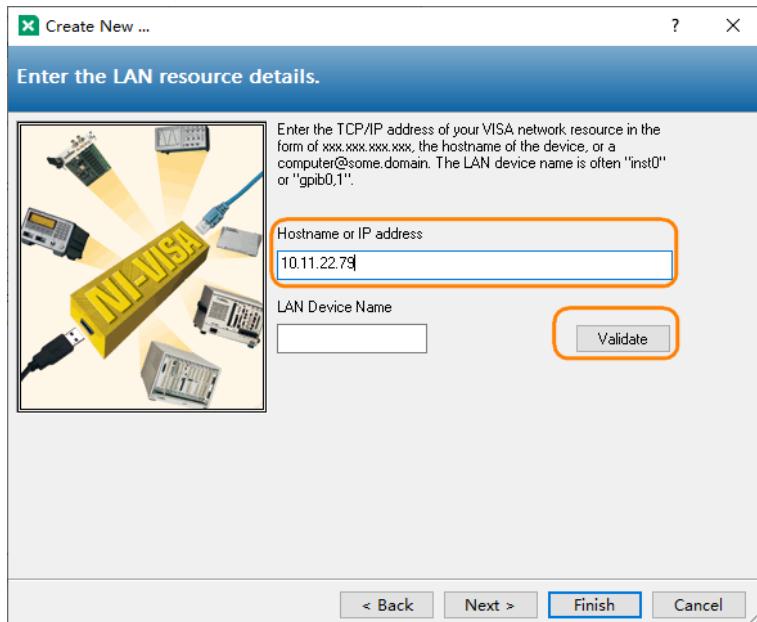
1. Run NI-MAX.
2. Click “Devices and Interfaces” > “Network Devices” in the upper left corner of the software.
3. Click “Add Network Device” > “VISA TCP/IP Resource...”.



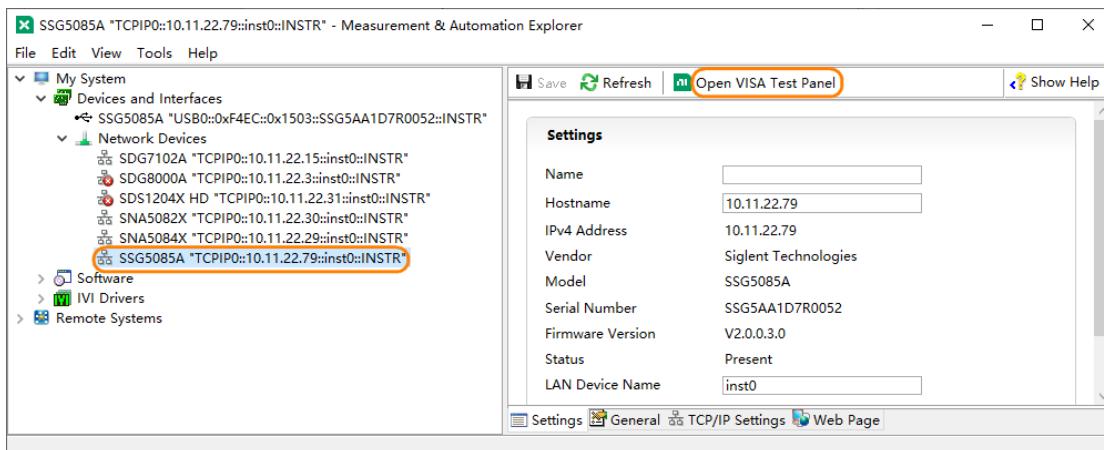
4. In the pop-up “Create New...” window, select “Manual Entry of LAN Instrument” and then click Next.



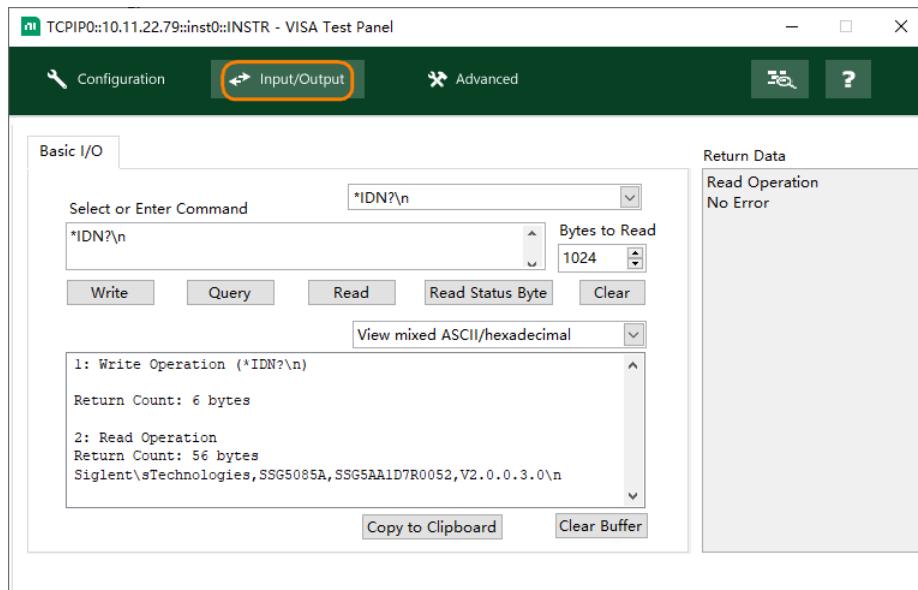
5. Enter the IP address of the signal generator in "Hostname or IP address". You can click "Validate" to verify whether the device can be connected via the entered IP.



6. Click "Finish" to establish the connection.
7. After a short scan, the resource name of the signal generator should be displayed under "Network Devices".

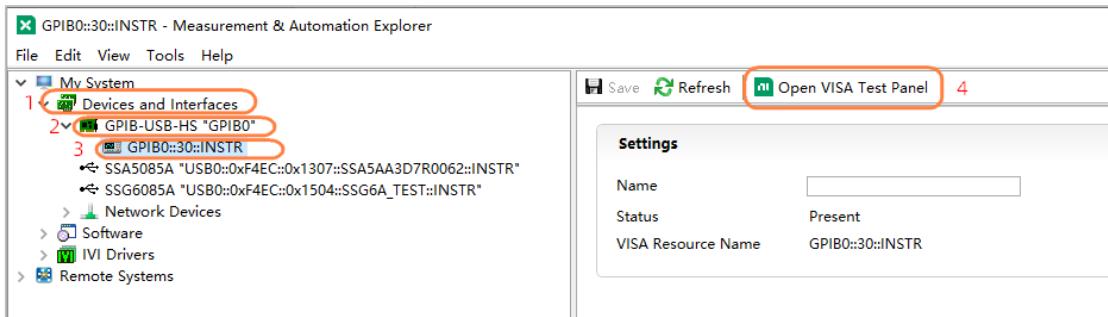


8. Select the signal generator device and click the “Open VISA Test Panel” button.
9. Select the “Input/Output” page in the VISA test panel. At this time, you can enter SCPI in the input field to write or query. Click the “Query” button as shown below to query the device’s IDN:

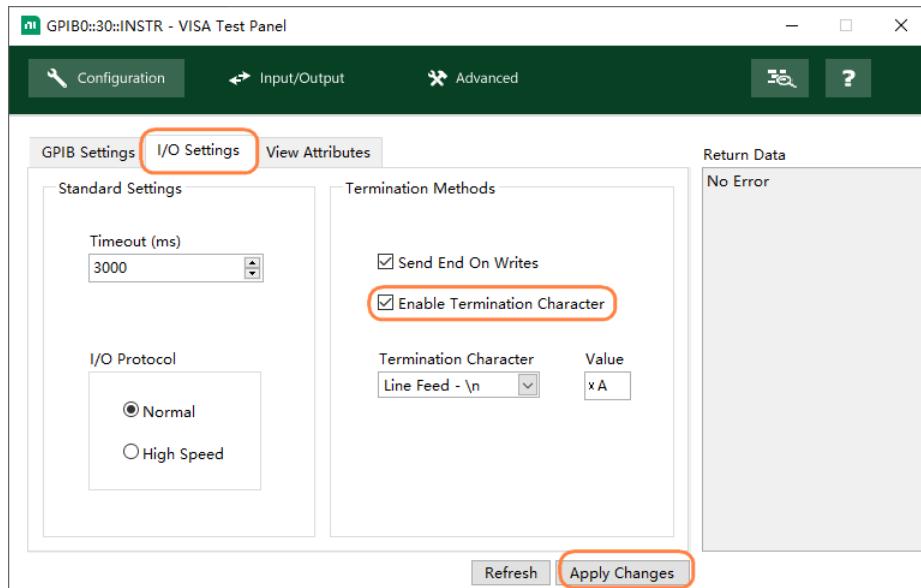


1.2.2.3 Using USB-GPIB

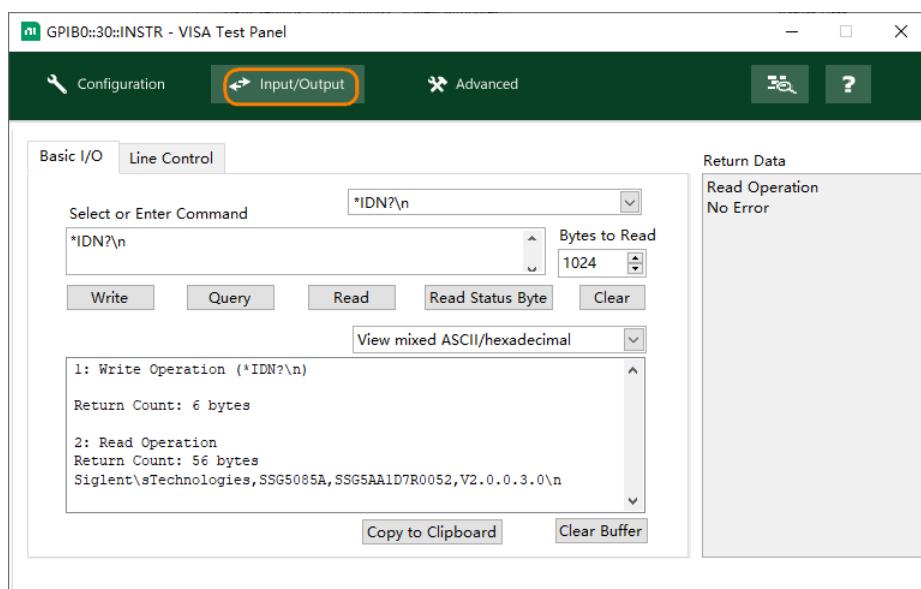
1. Run NI-MAX.
2. Click “Devices and Interfaces” in the upper left corner of the software.
3. Find the “GPIB-USB-HS” device symbol.
4. Select the signal generator device and click the “Open VISA Test Panel” button.



5. Select the “Configuration” > “I/O Settings” in the VISA test panel. Check the Enable Termination Character option, and click Apply Changes button.



6. Select the “Input/Output” page in the VISA test panel. At this time, you can enter SCPI in the input field to write or query. Click the “Query” button as shown below to query the device’s IDN:



1.2.3 Send SCPI over Telnet

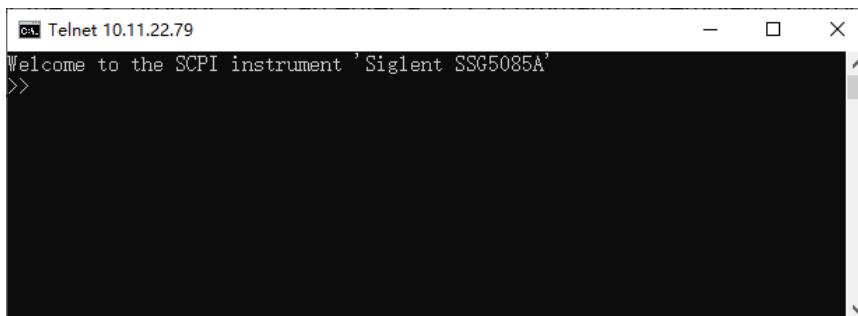
Telnet provides a way to communicate with the signal generator through the LAN interface. The Telnet protocol supports sending SCPI commands from the computer to the signal generator in a manner similar to communicating with the signal generator via USB. Sending and receiving information is interactive, and only one command can be sent at a time. Windows operating systems use a command prompt style interface as a Telnet client.

The steps are as follows:

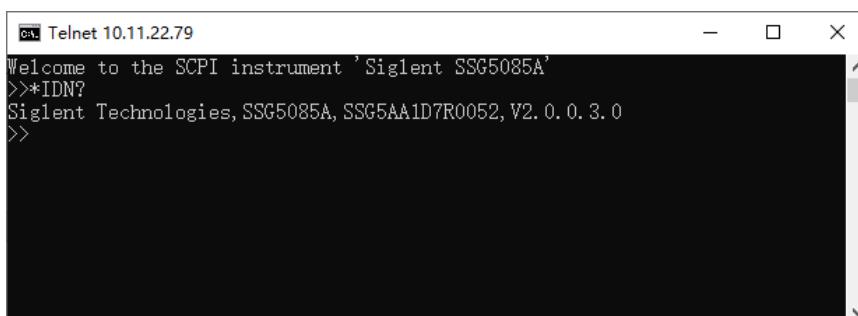
1. On the computer desktop, click Start, then right-click and select Run. Enter *cmd* in the run window and click OK. The command prompt window opens.



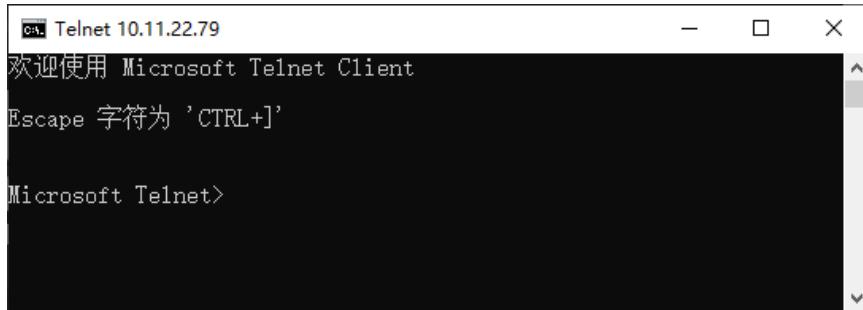
2. In the command prompt window, enter telnet <IP address> 5024 and press Enter. A Telnet window that can communicate with the instrument will pop up:



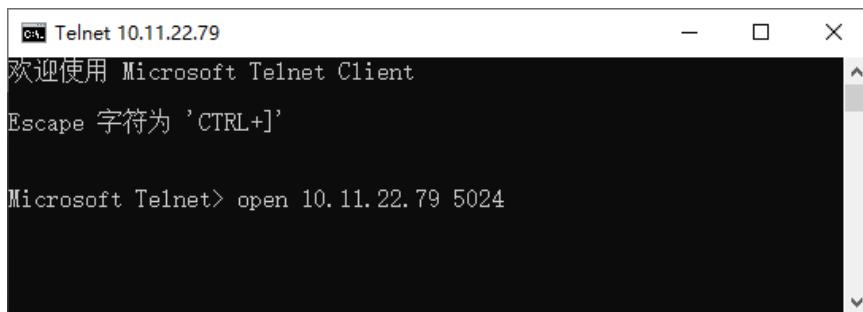
3. After the ">>" prompt, you can enter a SCPI command to remotely control the signal generator. For example, enter *IDN?, this command will return the company name, machine model, serial number and firmware version number.



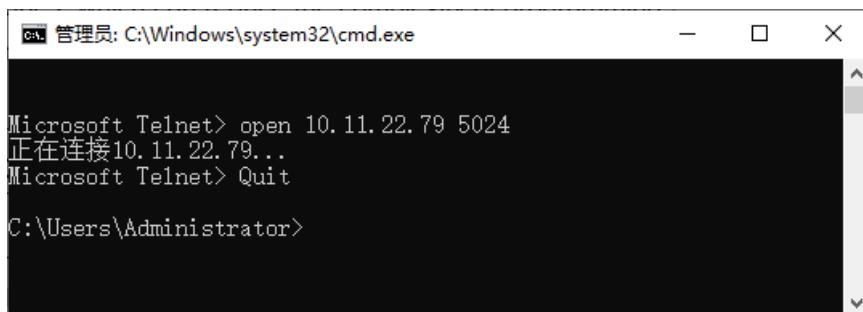
4. Press **Ctrl+]** keys simultaneously to exit the SCPI session with the instrument.



5. To re-enter the SCPI session with the instrument, you can enter *open <IP Address> 5024* and press Enter.



6. To close the Telnet window, type *Quit* and press Enter.



1.2.4 Send SCPI over Socket

Socket API can be used to control the signal generator through the LAN interface without installing any other libraries, which can reduce the complexity of programming.

For detailed information, please refer to the “Socket Examples” chapter of “Programming Examples”.

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| SOCKET ADDRESS | IP address + port number |
| IP ADDRESS | SSG IP address |
| PORT NUMBER | 5025 |

2 Introduction to the SCPI Language

2.1 Command Format

SCPI commands are tree-like hierarchical structures, including multiple subsystems. Each subsystem consists of a root keyword and one or several hierarchical keywords. The command line usually starts with a colon ":" and keywords are separated by a colon ":". The keyword is followed by optional parameter settings. The command and parameters are separated by "space". For multiple parameters, the parameters are separated by commas ",". Add a question mark "?" after the command line to indicate querying this function.

For example:

```
:SOURce:FREQuency <freq>  
:SOURce:FREQuency?
```

SOURce is the root keyword of the command, and FREQuency is the second-level keyword. The command line starts with a colon ":", and colons separate keywords at each level. <freq> represents a settable parameter. The command: SOURce:FREQuency and the parameter <freq> are separated by a "space". The question mark "?" indicates query, and the instrument will return a response string after receiving the query command.

2.2 Symbol Instruction

The following are the symbols used in the SCPI commands:

1. Angular brackets < >

The contents in angular brackets < > are command parameters and must be replaced with a valid value. For example:

POWer:SPC:TARGet <power> command, you can send as POWer:SPC:TARGet 0.

2. Square brackets []

Contents in square brackets (command keywords or default parameters) can be omitted. If you omit the keyword in square brackets, the command still produces the same effect. If a default parameter in square brackets is omitted, the default parameter still takes effect.

3. Vertical lines |

Vertical bars are used to separate multiple enumeration values, one of which must be selected when sending a command. For example:

In the [:SOURce]:AM:STATe OFF|ON|0|1 command, the optional command parameters are "OFF", "ON", "0" or "1".

4. Braces {}

Parameters in braces are optional and may not be set, or may be set once or multiple times. For example:

In the :CALCulate:LLINe[1]|2:DATA <x-axis>,<ampl>{,<x-axis>,<ampl>} command, {<x-axis>,<ampl>} in braces can be omitted, or one or more pairs of frequency and amplitude parameters can be set.

2.3 Parameter Type

The parameters in the commands introduced in this manual include 6 types: Boolean, enumeration, integer, float, string and discrete.

1. Boolean

The parameter in the command could be "OFF", "ON", "0" or "1".

For example:

[:SOURce]:FM:STATe OFF|ON|0|1

2. Enumeration

Parameter should be one of the listed values.

For example:

In [:SOURce]:SWEep:STATe OFF|FREQuency|LEVel|LEV_FREQ command, valid parameters are "OFF", "FREQuency", "LEVel" or "LEV_FREQ".

3. Integer

Unless otherwise stated, the parameter can be any integer within the valid value range.

For example:

In [:SOURce]:SWEep:STEP:POINts <value> command, the parameter <value> can be set to any integer between 2 and 65535.

4. Float

Parameters can take any value within the valid range according to accuracy requirements (usually the default accuracy is nine decimal places).

For example:

In [:SOURce]:POWer:OFFSet <value> command, the parameter <value> can be set to any real number between -100 and 100.

5. String

The parameter should be the combination of ASCII characters.

For example:

In :SYSTem:COMMunicate:LAN:IPADDress <“xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx”> command, the IP address can be set as the string “192.168.1.12”.

6. Discrete

The parameter could only be one of the specified values and these values are discontinuous.

For example:

In [:SENSe]:BWIDth:VIDeo:RATio <number> command, the parameter <number> could only be one of 0.001, 0.003, 0.01, 0.03, 0.1, 0.3, 1.0, 3.0, 10.0, 30.0, 100.0, 300.0, 1000.0.

2.4 Command Abbreviation

All SCPI commands are case-insensitive. You can enter the complete command in all uppercase or all lowercase. You can also use abbreviations, in which case the abbreviated command must contain all uppercase letters in the command format.

For example:

:CORRection:FLATness:COUNt?

You can send in any of the following writing methods:

:CORRection:FLATness:COUNt?

:CORRECTION:FLATNESS:COUNT?

:correction:flatness:count?

You can also abbreviate it to:

:CORR:FLAT:COUN?

3 Commands

3.1 IEEE 488.2 Common Commands

The IEEE standards defined the common commands used for querying the basic information of the instrument and performing basic operations. These commands usually start with "*" and the length of the command keyword is usually 3 characters.

3.1.1 Identification Query (*IDN?)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | *IDN? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command reads the product information (manufacturer, device model, serial number, and firmware revision number) of the device. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | None |
| EXAMPLE | *IDN? Return: <i>Siglent Technologies,SSG5085A,SSG5AA1D7R0052,V2.0.0.3.0</i> |

3.1.2 Reset (*RST)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | *RST |
| DESCRIPTION | Restore the device state to its initial state. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | None |
| EXAMPLE | *RST |

3.1.3 Clear Status (*CLS)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | *CLS |
| DESCRIPTION | Clear the values of all status event registers and clear the error queue. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | None |
| EXAMPLE | *CLS |

3.1.4 Standard Event Status Enable (*ESE)

| | |
|---------------|------------------------|
| SYNTAX | *ESE <number> *ESE? |
|---------------|------------------------|

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the value of the Standard Event Status Enable Register. |
| DATA TYPE | Integer |
| RANGE | 0 to 255 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | None |
| EXAMPLE | <p>*ESE 16 *ESE? Return: 16\n</p> |

3.1.5 Standard Event Status Register Query (*ESR?)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | *ESR? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command reads the value of the Standard Event Status Register. Execution of this command clears the register value. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | None |
| EXAMPLE | <p>*ESR? Return: 0\n</p> |

3.1.6 Operation Complete Query (*OPC)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | *OPC *OPC? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets 1 the OPC bit (bit 0) of the Standard Event Status Register when all of pending operations complete. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | None |
| EXAMPLE | <p>*OPC *OPC? Return: 1\n</p> |

3.1.7 Service Request Enable (*SRE)

| | |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | *SRE <integer> *SRE? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the value of Service Request Enable Register. |
| DATA TYPE | Integer |

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| RANGE | 0 to 255 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | None |
| EXAMPLE | *SRE 24 *SRE? Return: 24\n |

3.1.8 Status Byte Query (*STB?)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | *STB? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command reads the value of Status Byte Register. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | None |
| EXAMPLE | *STB? Return: 72\n |

3.1.9 Wait-to-Continue (*WAI)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | *WAI |
| DESCRIPTION | This command waits for the execution of all objects sent before this command to be completed. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | None |
| EXAMPLE | *WAI |

3.1.10 Self Test Query (*TST?)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | *TST? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command queries the instrument self-test results. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | None |
| EXAMPLE | *TST? Return: 0\n |

3.2 SYSTem Commands

3.2.1 System Configuration

3.2.1.1 System Time (:SYSTem:TIME)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:TIME <hhmmss> :SYSTem:TIME? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the system time. |
| DATA TYPE | String |
| RANGE | Hours (0 ~ 23), minutes (0 ~ 59), seconds (0 ~ 59) |
| RETURN | String |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Setting > Time Setting |
| EXAMPLE | :SYSTem:TIME 182559 :SYSTem:TIME? Return: 182613\n |

3.2.1.2 System Date (:SYSTem:DATE)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:DATE <yyyymmdd> :SYSTem:DATE? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the system date. |
| DATA TYPE | String |
| RANGE | Years (four digits), month (1 ~ 12), date (1 ~ 31) |
| RETURN | String |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Setting > Time Setting |
| EXAMPLE | :SYSTem:DATE 20050101 :SYSTem:DATE? Return: 20050101\n |

3.2.1.3 IP Address (:SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:IPADDress)

| | |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:IPADDress <"xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx"> :SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:IPADDress? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the IP address of the device when the IP assignment is set to Static. |
| DATA TYPE | String |
| RANGE | Conforms to the IP address standard (0-255:0-255:0-255:0-255) |
| RETURN | String |

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Interface > LAN Setting > IP Address |
| EXAMPLE | :SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:IPADdress "192.168.1.12" :SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:IPADdress? Return: "192.168.1.12"\n |

3.2.1.4 Gateway (:SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:GATEway)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:GATEway <"xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx"> :SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:GATEway? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the gateway of the device when the IP assignment is set to Static. |
| DATA TYPE | String |
| RANGE | Conforms to the IP address standard (0-255:0-255:0-255:0-255) |
| RETURN | String |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Interface > LAN Setting > Gateway |
| EXAMPLE | :SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:GATEway "192.168.1.1" :SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:GATEway? Return: "192.168.1.1"\n |

3.2.1.5 Subnet Mask (:SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:SMASK)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:SMASK <"xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx"> :SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:SMASK? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the subnet mask of the device when the IP assignment is set to Static. |
| DATA TYPE | String |
| RANGE | Conforms to the IP address standard (0-255:0-255:0-255:0-255) |
| RETURN | String |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Interface > LAN Setting > Subnet Mask |
| EXAMPLE | :SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:SMASK "255.255.255.0" :SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:SMASK? Return: "255.255.255.0"\n |

3.2.1.6 IP Config (:SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:TYPE)

| | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:TYPE STATIC DHCP :SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:TYPE? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets IP assignment type. |

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | STATIC DHCP |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Interface > LAN Setting > DHCP State |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>:SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:TYPE STATIC :SYSTem:COMMUnicatE:LAN:TYPE?</pre> Return: <code>STATIC\n</code> |

3.2.1.7 Language (SYSTem:LANGuage)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:LANGuage CHINese ENGLish :SYSTem:LANGuage? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the system language. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | CHINese ENGLish |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Setting > Language |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>:SYSTem:LANGuage CHINese :SYSTem:LANGuage?</pre> Return: <code>CHINese\n</code> |

3.2.1.8 Screen Saver (SYSTem:SCReen:SAVer)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:SCReen:SAVer OFF 10S 1MIN 5MIN 15MIN 30MIN 1HOUR 2HOUR :SYSTem:SCReen:SAVer? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the type of system screen saver. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | OFF 10S 1MIN 5MIN 15MIN 30MIN 1HOUR 2HOUR |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | OFF |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Setting > Screen Saver |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>:SYSTem:SCReen:SAVer 30MIN :SYSTem:SCReen:SAVer?</pre> Return: <code>30MIN\n</code> |

3.2.1.9 Beeper (SYSTem:ALARm)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:ALARm ON OFF 1 0 :SYSTem:ALARm? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the state of system beeper. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Setting > Beeper |
| EXAMPLE | :SYSTem:ALARm ON :SYSTem:ALARm? Return: <i>1\n</i> |

3.2.1.10 Setup Type (:SYSTem:PON:TYPE)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:PON:TYPE DFT LAST :SYSTem:PON:TYPE? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the system startup type. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | DFT LAST |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Setting > Setup Type |
| EXAMPLE | :SYSTem:PON:TYPE LAST :SYSTem:PON:TYPE? Return: <i>LAST\n</i> |

3.2.1.11 Power On Line (SYSTem:POWerOn:TYPE)

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:POWerOn:TYPE ON OFF 1 0 :SYSTem:POWerOn:TYPE? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets whether the system is powered on or not. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Setting > Power On Line |
| EXAMPLE | :SYSTem:POWerOn:TYPE ON :SYSTem:POWerOn:TYPE? Return: 1\n |

3.2.1.12 10M Adjustment State (:SYSTem:REF:DAC:STAT)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:REF:DAC:STAT ON OFF 1 0 :SYSTem:REF:DAC:STAT? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the state of system 10M adjustment. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Setting > 10M Adjustment |
| EXAMPLE | :SYSTem:REF:DAC:STAT ON :SYSTem:REF:DAC:STAT? Return: 1\n |

3.2.1.13 Ref Osc Code (:SYSTem:REF:DAC)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:REF:DAC <value> :SYSTem:REF:DAC? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the system reference oscillator code. |
| DATA TYPE | Integer |
| RANGE | 0 to 65535 |
| RETURN | Integer |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Setting > 10M Adjustment > Ref Osc Code |
| EXAMPLE | :SYSTem:REF:DAC 43000 :SYSTem:REF:DAC? Return: 43000\n |

3.2.1.14 Ref Osc Code Store (:SYSTem:REF:DAC:SAVE)

| | |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:REF:DAC:SAVE <"file_name"> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command saves the system's reference oscillator code into a DAC file. |

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DATA TYPE | String |
| RANGE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Setting > 10M Adjustment > Save Ref Osc Setting |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:SYSTem:REF:DAC:SAVE "U-disk3/test.dac"</code> |

3.2.1.15 Ref Osc Code Load (:SYSTem:REF:DAC:LOAD)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>:SYSTem:REF:DAC:LOAD <"file_name"></code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command loads the reference oscillator code from a DAC file. |
| DATA TYPE | String |
| RANGE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Setting > 10M Adjustment > Recall Ref Osc Setting |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:SYSTem:REF:DAC:LOAD "U-disk3/test.dac"</code> |

3.2.1.16 Reset Ref Osc Code to Default (:SYSTem:REF:DAC:DEFault)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>II</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command resets the reference oscillator code to default value. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | I |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:SYSTem:REF:DAC:DEFault</code> |

3.2.1.17 GPIB Address (SYSTem:GPIB)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>:SYSTem:GPIB <value></code> <code>:SYSTem:GPIB?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the GPIB address of the device. |
| DATA TYPE | Integer |
| RANGE | 1 to 30 |
| RETURN | Integer |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 18 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Interface > GPIB Address |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:SYSTem:GPIB 10</code> <code>:SYSTem:GPIB?</code> Return: <code>10\n</code> |

3.2.1.18 Quit Remote Control State (:SYSTem:REMote 0)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:REMote 0 |
| DESCRIPTION | Send this command to exit the remote mode of the system. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | ESC |
| EXAMPLE | :SYSTem:REMote 0 |

3.2.1.19 Query Clock Reference Source (:SYSTem:CLOCK?)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:CLOCK? |
| DESCRIPTION | Query whether the clock reference source used by the instrument is internal or external. |
| RETURN | EXTERNAL: The instrument uses an external clock reference, INTERNAL: The instrument uses an internal clock reference. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | EXTERNAL: HOME > EXT REF logo, INTERNAL: No logo. |
| EXAMPLE | :SYSTem:CLOCK? Return: EXTERNAL\n |

3.2.2 System Reset/Preset

3.2.2.1 System Preset (:SYSTem:PRESet)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:PRESet |
| DESCRIPTION | This command presets the status of the instrument based on the preset type. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Preset, or PRESET |
| EXAMPLE | Reset the instrument to its default configuration: :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE DFT :SYSTem:PRESet Reset the instrument to its current configuration: :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE USER :SYSTem:PRESet:SAVE :SYSTem:PRESet Reset instrument to configuration in an XML file: :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE USER :SYSTem:PRESet:PATH "Local/test.xml" :SYSTem:PRESet |

3.2.2.2 Preset Save (:SYSTem:PRESet:SAVE)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:PRESet:SAVE |
| DESCRIPTION | This command saves the current system configuration. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | None |
| EXAMPLE | Reset the instrument to its current configuration: :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE USER :SYSTem:PRESet:SAVE :SYSTem:PRESet |

3.2.2.3 Preset Path (:SYSTem:PRESet:PATH)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:PRESet:PATH <"file_name"> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command saves the current system configuration into an XML file. |
| DATA TYPE | String |
| RANGE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Setting > Preset Type (User) > Save |
| EXAMPLE | :SYSTem:PRESet:PATH "Local/test.xml" :SYSTem:PRESet:PATH "U-disk1/test.xml" |

3.2.2.4 Preset Type (:SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE DFT USER :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the preset type of the system. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | DFT USER |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | DFT |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | UTILITY > Setting > Preset Type |
| EXAMPLE | :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE DFT :SYSTem:PRESet:TYPE? Return: DFT\n |

3.2.2.5 Factory Reset (:SYSTem:FDEFault)

| | |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SYSTem:FDEFault |
| DESCRIPTION | This command restores the instrument status to factory settings. |

EQUIVALENT MENU **UTILITY** > Setting > Factory Reset

EXAMPLE **:SYSTem:FDEFault**

3.2.2.6 Reset & Clear (SYSTem:RESet:CLEar)

SYNTAX **:SYSTem:RESet:CLEar**

DESCRIPTION Restore the instrument status to factory settings and clear the user files in the Local folder.

EQUIVALENT MENU **UTILITY** > Setting > Reset & Clear

EXAMPLE **:SYSTem:RESet:CLEar**

3.3 OUTPut Commands

3.3.1 RF Output (:OUTPut[:STATe])

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :OUTPut[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut[:STATe]? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the output status of the RF port. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | [:SOURce]:OUTPut ON OFF 1 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | <input type="button" value="RF ON/OFF"/> or <input type="button" value="FREQ"/> > RF State |
| EXAMPLE | <i>OUTPut ON :OUTPut? Return: 1\n</i> |

3.3.2 Analog Modulation State (:OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe])

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe]? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the switch status of analog modulation. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | [:SOURce]:MODulation ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:MODulation? |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | ANALOG MOD > On |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:OUTPut:MODulation ON :OUTPut:MODulation? Return: 1\n</i> |

3.4 SOURce Commands

3.4.1 RF Output ([:SOURce]:OUTPUT)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:OUTPUT ON OFF 1 0 |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets the output status of the RF port. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | :OUTPUT[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | RF ON/OFF or FREQ > RF State |
| EXAMPLE | :SOURce:OUTPUT ON |

3.4.2 Software Trigger(:SOURce):*TRG)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:*TRG |
| DESCRIPTION | When the trigger source is Bus, execute software trigger. Note: the trigger functions involved include sweep trigger, point sweep trigger, LF sweep trigger, pulse modulation trigger, etc. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | None |
| EXAMPLE | *TRG |

3.4.3 Frequency

3.4.3.1 Frequency Display ([:SOURce]:FREQuency:DISPlay)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:FREQuency:DISPlay <freq> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:DISPlay? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the frequency display value in the parameter bar at the top of the screen. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | Frequency offset + Full frequency range |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | Maximum output frequency |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | Freq |
| EXAMPLE | :FREQuency:DISPlay 2 MHz :FREQuency:DISPlay? Return: 2000000\n |

3.4.3.2 Frequency ([:SOURce]:FREQuency)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:FREQuency <freq> [:SOURce]:FREQuency? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the frequency of the RF output signal. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | Full frequency range |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | Maximum output frequency |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | FREQ > Frequency |
| EXAMPLE | :FREQuency 2 MHz :FREQuency? Return: 2000000\n |

3.4.3.3 Frequency Offset ([:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet <freq> [:SOURce]:FREQuency:OFFSet? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the frequency offset of the RF output signal. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | -200 GHz to 200 GHz |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | FREQ > Freq Offset |
| EXAMPLE | :FREQuency:OFFSet -2 MHz :FREQuency:OFFSet? Return: -2000000\n |

3.4.3.4 Phase Offset ([:SOURce]:PHASe)

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PHASe <phase> [:SOURce]:PHASe? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the phase of the RF output signal. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: degree |
| RANGE | -360 ~ 360 |
| RETURN | Float, unit: degree |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| EQUIVALENT MENU | FREQ > Phase Offset |
| EXAMPLE | PHASE 20 PHASE? Return: 20\n |

3.4.3.5 Phase Reset ([:SOURce]:PHASE:RESet)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PHASE:RESet |
| DESCRIPTION | This command resets the phase offset display value of the RF signal to 0. |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | [:SOURce]:PHASE:REF |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | FREQ > Reset phase delta display |
| EXAMPLE | :PHASE:RESET |

3.4.3.6 Phase Reset ([:SOURce]:PHASE:REF)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PHASE:REF |
| DESCRIPTION | This command resets the phase offset display value of the RF signal to 0. |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | [:SOURce]:PHASE:RESet |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | FREQ > Reset phase delta display |
| EXAMPLE | :PHASE:REF |

3.4.4 Level

3.4.4.1 Level Display ([:SOURce]:POWER:POWER)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:POWER:POWER <power> [:SOURce]:POWER:POWER? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the level display value in the parameter bar at the top of the screen. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: dBm, dBuV, uV, mV, V, nW, uW, mW or W, default is dBm |
| RANGE | Level Offset + Full power range |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dBm |
| DEFAULT VALUE | Minimum output power |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | Level |
| EXAMPLE | :POWER:POWER -2 :POWER:POWER? |

Return:
-2\n

3.4.4.2 Level (:SOURce]:POWer)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:POWer <power> [:SOURce]:POWer? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the level of the RF output signal. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: dBm, dBuV, uV, mV, V, nW, uW, mW or W, default is dBm |
| RANGE | Please refer to SSG5080A datasheet |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dBm |
| DEFAULT VALUE | Minimum output power |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Level |
| EXAMPLE | :POWer 2 :POWer? Return: 2\n |

3.4.4.3 Level (:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMEDIATE][:AMPLitude])

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMEDIATE][:AMPLitude] <power> [:SOURce]:POWer[:LEVel][:IMMEDIATE][:AMPLitude]? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the level of the RF output signal. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: dBm, dBuV, uV, mV, V, nW, uW, mW or W, default is dBm |
| RANGE | Please refer to SSG5080A datasheet |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dBm |
| DEFAULT VALUE | Minimum output power |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Level |
| EXAMPLE | :POWer:LEVel -5 :POWer:LEVel? Return: -5\n |

3.4.4.4 Level Offset (:SOURce]:POWer:OFFSet)

| | |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:POWer:OFFSet <power> [:SOURce]:POWer:OFFSet? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the level offset of the RF output signal. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: dB |

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| RANGE | -100 dB to 100 dB |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dB |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Level Offset |
| EXAMPLE | :POWer:OFFSet 2 :POWer:OFFSet? Return: 2\n |

3.4.4.5 ALC State ([:SOURce]:POWer:ALC)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:POWer:ALC ON OFF AUTO [:SOURce]:POWer:ALC? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the ALC state. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | ON OFF AUTO |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | AUTO |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > ALC State |
| EXAMPLE | :POWer:ALC ON :POWer:ALC? Return: ON\n |

3.4.4.6 Flatness List State ([:SOURce]:CORRection[:FLATness])

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:CORRection[:FLATness] ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:CORRection[:FLATness]? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the state of flatness correction. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Flatness |
| EXAMPLE | :CORRection:FLATness ON :CORRection? Return: 1\n |

3.4.4.7 Flatness List Add Row ([:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:PAIR)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:PAIR <freq>,<power> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command adds a line to the flatness list. |
| DATA TYPE | Freq: float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz, Power: float, unit: dB |
| RANGE | Freq: Full frequency range, Power: -100 to 100 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Flatness > Add |
| EXAMPLE | <i>CORRection:FLATness:PAIR 3 MHz,-3</i> |

3.4.4.8 Flatness List Delete Row ([:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:DELete)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:DELete <row> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command removes a specified row from the flatness list. |
| DATA TYPE | Integer |
| RANGE | 1 ~ total number of rows in the flatness list |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Flatness > Delete |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:CORRection:FLATness:DELete 1</i> |

3.4.4.9 Flatness List Count ([:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:COUNt?)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:COUNt? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command queries the total number of rows of the flatness list. |
| RETURN | Integer |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Flatness |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:CORRection:FLATness:COUNt?</i> Return: <i>5\n</i> |

3.4.4.10 Flatness List Store ([:SOURce]:CORRection:STORe)

| | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:CORRection:STORe <"file_name"> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command saves the flatness list into a UFLT file. |
| DATA TYPE | String |
| RANGE | None |

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Flatness > Save |
| EXAMPLE | :CORRection:STORe "U-disk3/test.uflt" |

3.4.4.11 Flatness List Load ([:SOURce]:CORRection:LOAD)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:CORRection:LOAD <"file_name"> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command loads the flatness list from a UFLT file. |
| DATA TYPE | String |
| RANGE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Flatness > Open |
| EXAMPLE | :CORRection:LOAD "U-disk3/test.uflt" |

3.4.4.12 Flatness List Clear ([:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:PRESet)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:PRESet |
| DESCRIPTION | This command clears the flatness list. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Flatness > Clear |
| EXAMPLE | :CORRection:FLATness:PRESet |

3.4.4.13 Flatness List Fill Type ([:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:FILL:TYPE)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:FILL:TYPE FLATness MANUal SWEEPlist [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:FILL:TYPE? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the fill type of the flatness list. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | FLATness MANUal SWEEPlist |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | FLATness |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Flatness > Setting > Fill Type |
| EXAMPLE | :CORRection:FLATness:FILL:TYPE FLATness :CORRection:FLATness:FILL:TYPE? Return: FLATness\n |

3.4.4.14 Flatness List Start Freq ([:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:STARtfreq)

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:STARtfreq <freq> [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:STARtfreq? |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DESCRIPTION | When the flatness list needs to be filled with a power sensor and the filling type is “Manual Step”, this command sets/queries the starting frequency of manual step filling. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | Full frequency range |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | Maximum output frequency |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Flatness > Setting > Fill Type (Manual Step) > Start Freq |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>:CORRection:FLATness:STARtfreq 200 MHz :CORRection:FLATness:STARtfreq?</pre> <p>Return: 200000000\n</p> |

3.4.4.15 Flatness List Stop Freq ([:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:STOPfreq)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:STOPfreq <freq> [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:STOPfreq? |
| DESCRIPTION | When the flatness list needs to be filled with a power sensor and the filling type is “Manual Step”, this command sets/queries the end frequency of manual step filling. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | Full frequency range |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | Maximum output frequency |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Flatness > Setting > Fill Type (Manual Step) > Stop Freq |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>:CORRection:FLATness:STOPfreq 500 MHz :CORRection:FLATness:STOPfreq?</pre> <p>Return: 500000000\n</p> |

3.4.4.16 Flatness List Fill Space ([:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:SPACE)

| | |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:SPACe LINear LOGarithmic [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:SPACe? |
| DESCRIPTION | When the flatness list needs to be filled with a power sensor and the filling type is “Manual Step”, this command sets/queries the frequency step method of manual step filling. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | LINear LOGarithmic |
| RETURN | Enumeration |

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DEFAULT VALUE | LINear |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Flatness > Setting > Fill Type (Manual Step) > Fill Space |
| EXAMPLE | :CORRection:FLATness:SPACe LINear :CORRection:FLATness:SPACe? Return: <i>LINear\n</i> |

3.4.4.17 Flatness List Linear Step ([:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:LINStep)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:LINStep <freq> [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:LINStep? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the linear frequency step of manual step filling. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Flatness > Setting > Fill Type (Manual Step) > Step Linear |
| EXAMPLE | :CORRection:FLATness:LINStep 200 MHz :CORRection:FLATness:LINStep? Return: <i>200000000\n</i> |

3.4.4.18 Flatness List Log Step ([:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:LOGStep)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:LOGStep <value> [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:LOGStep? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the logarithmic frequency step of manual step filling. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: % |
| RETURN | Float, unit: % |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Flatness > Setting > Fill Type (Manual Step) > Step Log |
| EXAMPLE | :CORRection:FLATness:LOGStep 20 :CORRection:FLATness:LOGStep? Return: <i>20\n</i> |

3.4.4.19 Flatness List Points ([:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:POINT)

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:POINT <points> [:SOURce]:CORRection:FLATness:POINT? |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the sweep points of manual step filling. |
| DATA TYPE | Integer |
| RANGE | 2 to 500 |
| RETURN | Integer |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 2 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Flatness > Setting > Fill Type (Manual Step) > Points |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:CORRection:FLATness:POINt 5</code> <code>:CORRection:FLATness:POINT?</code> Return: <code>5\n</code> |

3.4.4.20 Fill Flatness with Sensor ([:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET:DATA[:SENSor][:POWER]:SONCe)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:CORRection:CSET:DATA[:SENSor][:POWER]:SONCe |
| DESCRIPTION | Amplitude correction values to populate flatness list with power sensor. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LEVEL > Flatness > Setting > Fill Flatness with Sensor |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:CORRection:CSET:DATA:SONCe</code> |

3.4.5 Sweep

3.4.5.1 Sweep State ([:SOURce]:SWEEp:STATE)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEEp:STATe OFF FREQuency LEVel LEV_FREQ [:SOURce]:SWEEp:STATe? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the sweep state. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | OFF FREQuency LEVel LEV_FREQ |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | OFF |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > Sweep State |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:SWEEp:STATe LEV_FREQ</code> <code>:SWEEp:STATe?</code> Return: <code>LEV_FREQ\n</code> |

3.4.5.2 Sweep Type ([:SOURce]:SWEep:TYPE)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEep:TYPE LIST STEP [:SOURce]:SWEep:TYPE? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets the sweep type to step sweep or list sweep. This command queries whether the sweep type is step sweep or list sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | LIST STEP |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | STEP |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > Step Sweep / List Sweep |
| EXAMPLE | :SWEep:TYPE STEP :SWEep:TYPE? Return: STEP\n |

3.4.5.3 Start Frequency ([:SOURce]:SWEep:STEP:STARt:FREQuency)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEep:STEP:STARt:FREQuency <freq> [:SOURce]:SWEep:STEP:STARt:FREQuency? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the starting frequency of step sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | Full frequency range |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | Maximum output frequency |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > Step Sweep > Start Freq |
| EXAMPLE | :SWEep:STEP:STARt:FREQuency 1 GHz :SWEep:STEP:STARt:FREQuency? Return: 1000000000\n |

3.4.5.4 Stop Frequency ([:SOURce]:SWEep:STEP:STOP:FREQuency)

| | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEep:STEP:STOP:FREQuency <freq> [:SOURce]:SWEep:STEP:STOP:FREQuency? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the stop frequency of step sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | Full frequency range |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | Maximum output frequency |

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEET > Step Sweep > Stop Freq |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>:SWEep:STEP:STOP:FREQuency 1 GHz :SWEep:STEP:STOP:FREQuency? Return: 1000000000\n</pre> |

3.4.5.5 Start Level ([:SOURCE]:SWEep:STEP:STARt:LEVel)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURCE]:SWEep:STEP:STARt:LEVel <level></code> <code>[:SOURCE]:SWEep:STEP:STARt:LEVel?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the starting level of step sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: dBm, dBuV, uV, mV, V, nW, uW, mW or W, default is dBm |
| RANGE | Please refer to SSG5080A datasheet |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dBm |
| DEFAULT VALUE | Minimum output power |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEET > Step Sweep > Start Level |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>:SWEep:STEP:STARt:LEVel 0 dBm :SWEep:STEP:STARt:LEVel? Return: 0\n</pre> |

3.4.5.6 Stop Level ([:SOURCE]:SWEep:STEP:STOP:LEVel)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURCE]:SWEep:STEP:STOP:LEVel <level></code> <code>[:SOURCE]:SWEep:STEP:STOP:LEVel?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the stop level of step sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: dBm, dBuV, uV, mV, V, nW, uW, mW or W, default is dBm |
| RANGE | Please refer to SSG5080A datasheet |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dBm |
| DEFAULT VALUE | Minimum output power |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEET > Step Sweep > Stop Level |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>:SWEep:STEP:STOP:LEVel 0 dBm :SWEep:STEP:STOP:LEVel? Return: 0\n</pre> |

3.4.5.7 Dwell Time ([:SOURCE]:SWEep:STEP:DWEli)

| | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURCE]:SWEep:STEP:DWEli <time></code> <code>[:SOURCE]:SWEep:STEP:DWEli?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the dwell time of step sweep. |

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: ns, us, ms or s, default is s |
| RANGE | 10 ms ~ 100 s |
| RETURN | Float, unit: s |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 30 ms |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > Step Sweep > Dwell Time |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>:SWEep:STEP:DWELI 20 ms :SWEep:STEP:DWELI?</pre> <p>Return: 0.02\n</p> |

3.4.5.8 Sweep Points ([:SOURce]:SWEep:STEP:POINTs)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEep:STEP:POINTs <points> [:SOURce]:SWEep:STEP:POINTs? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the sweep points of step sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Integer |
| RANGE | 2 to 65535 |
| RETURN | Integer |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 11 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > Step Sweep > Sweep Points |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>:SWEep:STEP:POINTs 2 :SWEep:STEP:POINTs?</pre> <p>Return: 2\n</p> |

3.4.5.9 Sweep Shape ([:SOURce]:SWEep:STEP:SHAPe)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEep:STEP:SHAPe TRIangle SAWtooth [:SOURce]:SWEep:STEP:SHAPe? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the sweep shape of step sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | TRIangle SAWtooth |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | SAWtooth |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > Step Sweep > Sweep Shape |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>:SWEep:STEP:SHAPe TRIangle :SWEep:STEP:SHAPe?</pre> <p>Return: TRIangle\n</p> |

3.4.5.10 Sweep Space ([:SOURce]:SWEep:STEP:SPACe)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:SWEep:STEP:SPACe LINear LOGarithmic</code> <code>[:SOURce]:SWEep:STEP:SPACe?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the frequency sweep space of step sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | LINear LOGarithmic |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | LINear |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > Step Sweep > Sweep Space |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:SWEep:STEP:SPACe LOGarithmic</code> <code>:SWEep:STEP:SPACe?</code> Return: <code>LOGarithmic\n</code> |

3.4.5.11 Linear Sweep Step ([:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:STEP[:LINear])

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:STEP[:LINear] <freq></code> <code>[:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:STEP[:LINear]?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the linear frequency step of the step sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | None |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > Step Sweep > Freq Step Linear |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:SWEep:STEP 200 MHz</code> <code>:SWEep:STEP?</code> Return: <code>200000000\n</code> |

3.4.5.12 Logarithmic Sweep Step ([:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:STEP:LOGarithmic)

| | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:STEP:LOGarithmic <value></code> <code>[:SOURce]:SWEep[:FREQuency]:STEP:LOGarithmic?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the logarithmic frequency step of the step sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: % |
| RANGE | None |
| RETURN | Float, unit: % |

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEET > Step Sweep > Freq Step Log |
| EXAMPLE | :SWEET:STEP:LOGarithmic 20 :SWEET:STEP:LOGarithmic? Return: 20\n |

3.4.5.13 Sweep List Add Row ([:SOURce]:SWEET:LIST:ADDList)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEET:LIST:ADDList <freq>,<level>,<time> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command adds a line to the sweep list. |
| DATA TYPE | Freq: float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz, Level: float, unit: dBm, dBuV, uV, mV, V, nW, uW, mW or W, default is dBm, Time: float, unit: ns, us, ms or s, default is s |
| RANGE | Freq: Full frequency range, Level: Full level range, Time: 10.0 ms ~ 100.0 s |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEET > List Sweep > Add |
| EXAMPLE | :SWEET:LIST:ADDList 1 GHz,0 dBm,1 s |

3.4.5.14 Sweep List Delete Row ([:SOURce]:SWEET:LIST:DELetE)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEET:LIST:DELetE <row> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command removes a specified row from the sweep list. |
| DATA TYPE | Integer |
| RANGE | 1 ~ total number of rows in the sweep list |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEET > List Sweep > Delete |
| EXAMPLE | :SWEET:LIST:DELetE 1 |

3.4.5.15 Sweep List Edit ([:SOURce]:SWEET:LIST:CHANGe)

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEET:LIST:CHANGe <row>,<freq>,<level>,<time> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command edits the specified row in the sweep list. |
| DATA TYPE | Row: Integer, Freq: float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz, Level: float, unit: dBm, dBuV, uV, mV, V, nW, uW, mW or W, default is dBm, Time: float, unit: ns, us, ms or s, default is s |
| RANGE | Row: 1 ~ total number of rows in the sweep list, Freq: Full frequency range, |

Level: Full level range,
Time: 10.0 ms ~ 100.0 s

EQUIVALENT MENU **[SWEEP]** > List Sweep

EXAMPLE **:SWEep:LIST:CHAnge 1,1 GHz,1 dBm, 1 s**

3.4.5.16 Sweep List Count ([**:SOURce**]:**SWEep**:**LIST**:**CPOint?**)

SYNTAX **[**:SOURce**]:**SWEep**:**LIST**:**CPOint?****

DESCRIPTION This command queries the total number of rows of the sweep list.

RETURN Integer

DEFAULT VALUE 1

EQUIVALENT MENU **[SWEEP]** > List Sweep

EXAMPLE **:SWEep:LIST:CPOint?**

Return:

5\n

3.4.5.17 Sweep List Data ([**:SOURce**]:**SWEep**:**LIST**:**LIST?**)

SYNTAX **[**:SOURce**]:**SWEep**:**LIST**:**LIST?** <begin_row>,<end_row>**

DESCRIPTION This command queries the data from begin_row to end_row in the sweep list.

DATA TYPE Integer, Integer

RANGE 1 ~ total number of rows in the sweep list,
Start row ~ total number of rows in the sweep list

RETURN String

DEFAULT VALUE None

EQUIVALENT MENU **[SWEEP]** > List Sweep

EXAMPLE **:SWEep:LIST:LIST? 1,3**

Return:

1000000000,0,0.03\ns2000000000,-2.4,0.03\ns3000000000,-4.8,0.03\n

3.4.5.18 Sweep List Clear ([**:SOURce**]:**SWEep**:**LIST**:**INITialize**:**PRESet**)

SYNTAX **[**:SOURce**]:**SWEep**:**LIST**:**INITialize**:**PRESet****

DESCRIPTION This command clears the sweep list.

EQUIVALENT MENU **[SWEEP]** > List Sweep > Clear

EXAMPLE **:SWEep:LIST:INITialize:PRESet**

3.4.5.19 Sweep List Initialize From Step Sweep ([:SOURce]:SWEEp:LIST:INITialize:FSTep)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEEp:LIST:INITialize:FSTep |
| DESCRIPTION | This command imports the sweep list from step sweep. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > List Sweep > Import |
| EXAMPLE | :SWEEp:LIST:INITialize:FSTep |

3.4.5.20 Sweep List Load ([:SOURce]:SWEEp:LOAD)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEEp:LOAD <"file_name"> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command loads the sweep list from a LSW file. |
| DATA TYPE | String |
| RANGE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > List Sweep > Open |
| EXAMPLE | :SWEEp:LOAD "U-disk3/test.lsw" |

3.4.5.21 Sweep List Store ([:SOURce]:SWEEp:STORE)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEEp:STORE <"file_name"> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command saves the sweep list into a LSW file. |
| DATA TYPE | String |
| RANGE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > List Sweep > Save |
| EXAMPLE | :SWEEp:STORE "U-disk3/test.lsw" |

3.4.5.22 Sweep Direction ([:SOURce]:SWEEp:DIRect)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEEp:DIRect FWD REV [:SOURce]:SWEEp:DIRect? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the sweep direction. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | FWD REV |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | FWD |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > Direction |
| EXAMPLE | :SWEEp:DIRect REV |

:SWEep:DIRect?

Return:

REV\n

3.4.5.23 Sweep Mode (:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE CONTInue SINGle [:SOURce]:SWEep:MODE? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets the sweep mode to continuous or single. This command queries whether the sweep mode is continuous or single. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | CONTInue SINGle |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | CONTInue |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > Sweep Mode |
| EXAMPLE | :SWEep:MODE SINGLE :SWEep:MODE? Return: SINGle\n |

3.4.5.24 Execute Single Sweep (:SOURce]:SWEep:EXECute)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEep:EXECute |
| DESCRIPTION | When the sweep mode is single, this command can perform a single sweep. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > Execute single sweep |
| EXAMPLE | :SWEep:EXECute |

3.4.5.25 Trigger Mode (:SOURce]:SWEep:SWEep:TRIGger:TYPE)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEep:SWEep:TRIGger:TYPE AUTO KEY BUS EXT [:SOURce]:SWEep:SWEep:TRIGger:TYPE? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the sweep trigger mode. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | AUTO KEY BUS EXT |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | AUTO |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > Trigger Mode |

| | |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EXAMPLE | <code>:SWEep:SWEep:TRIGger:TYPE KEY</code> <code>:SWEep:SWEep:TRIGger:TYPE?</code> Return: <code>KEY\n</code> |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

3.4.5.26 Point Trigger ([:SOURce]:SWEep:POInt:TRIGger:TYPE)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:SWEep:POInt:TRIGger:TYPE AUTO KEY BUS EXT</code> <code>[:SOURce]:SWEep:POInt:TRIGger:TYPE?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the point sweep trigger mode. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | AUTO KEY BUS EXT |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | AUTO |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > Point Trigger |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:SWEep:POInt:TRIGger:TYPE KEY</code> <code>:SWEep:POInt:TRIGger:TYPE?</code> Return: <code>KEY\n</code> |

3.4.5.27 Trigger Slope ([:SOURce]:INPut:TRIGger:SLOPe)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:INPut:TRIGger:SLOPe POSitive NEGative</code> <code>[:SOURce]:INPut:TRIGger:SLOPe?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the trigger edge of the external trigger signal for the sweep function. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | POSitive NEGative |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | POSitive |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | SWEEP > Trigger Slope |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:INPut:TRIGger:SLOPe NEGative</code> <code>:INPut:TRIGger:SLOPe?</code> Return: <code>NEGative\n</code> |

3.4.5.28 Get Current Sweep Point ([:SOURce]:SWEep:CURRent:DATA?)

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:SWEep:CURRent:DATA?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command queries the current sweep point. |

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RETURN | String The string format: index,{freq,level,time} Index: integer, Freq: float, unit: Hz, Level: float, unit: dBm, Time: float, unit: s. |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | Display frequency and display level at the top of the screen |
| EXAMPLE | :SWEep:CURRent:DATA? Return: <i>1,{1000000000,0,0.03}\n</i> |

3.4.5.29 Get the Frequency of the Current Sweep Point ([:SOURce]:SWEep:CURRent:FREQuency?)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEep:CURRent:FREQuency? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command queries the frequency of the current sweep point. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | Display frequency at the top of the screen |
| EXAMPLE | :SWEep:CURRent:FREQuency? Return: <i>1000000000.000000\n</i> |

3.4.5.30 Get the Level of the Current Sweep Point ([:SOURce]:SWEep:CURRent:LEVel?)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:SWEep:CURRent:LEVel? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command queries the level of the current sweep point. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dBm |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | Display level at the top of the screen |
| EXAMPLE | :SWEep:CURRent:LEVel? Return: <i>0.000000\n</i> |

3.4.6 Power Sensor

3.4.6.1 Level Control ([:SOURce]:POWer:SPC:STATE)

| | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:POWer:SPC:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:POWer:SPC:STATe? |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the level control state of the power sensor. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | :SENSe[:POWer]:LEV:CTL:STATe ON OFF 1 0 :SENSe[:POWer]:LEV:CTL:STATe? |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Level Control |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:POWer:SPC:STATe ON</code> <code>:POWer:SPC:STATe?</code> Return: <code>1\n</code> |

3.4.6.2 Target Level ([:SOURce]:POWer:SPC:TARGet)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:POWer:SPC:TARGet <power></code> <code>[:SOURce]:POWer:SPC:TARGet?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the targrt level of the power sensor level control. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: dBm, dBuV, uV, mV, V, nW, uW, mW or W, default is dBm |
| RANGE | -120 dBm ~ 20 dBm |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dBm |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | :SENSe[:POWer]:SPC:TARGet <power> :SENSe[:POWer]:SPC:TARGet? |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Level Control > Target Level |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:POWer:SPC:TARGet 0</code> <code>:POWer:SPC:TARGet?</code> Return: <code>0\n</code> |

3.4.6.3 Limit Level ([:SOURce]:POWer:LIMit)

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:POWer:LIMit <power></code> <code>[:SOURce]:POWer:LIMit?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the Limit level of the power sensor level control. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: dBm, dBuV, uV, mV, V, nW, uW, mW or W, default is dBm |
| RANGE | -120 dBm ~ 20 dBm |

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| RETURN | Float, unit: dBm |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | :SENSe[:POWer]:LIMit <power> :SENSe[:POWer]:LIMit? |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Level Control > Limit Level |
| EXAMPLE | <i>POWER:LIMit 1 POWER:LIMit?</i> Return: <i>1\n</i> |

3.4.6.4 Catch Range ([:SOURce]:POWer:SPC:CRAnge)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [SOURce]:POWer:SPC:CRAnge <power> [SOURce]:POWer:SPC:CRAnge? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the catch range of the power sensor level control. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: dB |
| RANGE | 0 ~ 50 |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dB |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | :SENSe[:POWer]:SPC:CRAnge <power> :SENSe[:POWer]:SPC:CRAnge? |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Level Control > Catch Range |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:POWER:SPC:CRAnge 5 :POWER:SPC:CRAnge?</i> Return: <i>5\n</i> |

3.4.7 Analog Modulation

3.4.7.1 Analog Modulation State ([:SOURce]:MODulation)

| | |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:MODulation ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:MODulation? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the switch status of analog modulation. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | :OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe] ON OFF 1 0 :OUTPut:MODulation[:STATe]? |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | ANALOG MOD > On |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:MODulation ON :MODulation?</i> Return: <i>1\n</i> |

3.4.7.2 AM

3.4.7.2.1 AM State ([:SOURce]:AM:STATe)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:AM:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:AM:STATe? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the switch status of amplitude modulation. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > AM > AM State |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:AM:STATe ON :AM:STATe?</i> Return: <i>1\n</i> |

3.4.7.2.2 AM Shape ([:SOURce]:AM:WAVEform)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:AM:WAVEform SINE SQUAre [:SOURce]:AM:WAVEform? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the modulation waveform of AM. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | SINE SQUAre |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | SINE |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > AM > AM Shape |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:AM:WAVEform SQUAre :AM:WAVEform?</i> Return: <i>SQUAre\n</i> |

3.4.7.2.3 AM Source ([:SOURce]:AM:SOURce)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:AM:SOURce INTernal EXTernal INT,EXT [:SOURce]:AM:SOURce? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the modulation source of AM. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | INTernal EXTernal INT,EXT |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | INTernal |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > AM > AM Source |
| EXAMPLE | :AM:SOURCE EXTernal :AM:SOURCE? Return: <i>EXTernal\n</i> |

3.4.7.2.4 AM Depth ([:SOURce]:AM:DEPTH)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:AM:DEPTH <value> [:SOURce]:AM:DEPTH? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the modulation depth of AM. |
| DATA TYPE | Float |
| RANGE | 0 ~ 1 |
| RETURN | Float |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0.5 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > AM > AM Depth |
| EXAMPLE | :AM:DEPTH 0.2 :AM:DEPTH? Return: <i>0.2\n</i> |

3.4.7.2.5 AM Rate ([:SOURce]:AM:FREQuency)

| | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:AM:FREQuency <value> [:SOURce]:AM:FREQuency? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the modulation rate of AM. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | Modulation wave is Sine: 0.01 Hz ~ 100 kHz, Modulation wave is Square: 0.01 Hz ~ 20 kHz. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DEFAULT VALUE | 1 kHz |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > AM > AM Rate |
| EXAMPLE | :AM:FREQuency 10 kHz :AM:FREQuency? Return: 10000\n |

3.4.7.2.6 AM Sensitivity ([:SOURce]:AM:SENSitivity?)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:AM:SENSitivity? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command queries the sensitivity of AM external modulation. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: /V |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0.125/V |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > AM > AM Sensitivity |
| EXAMPLE | :AM:SENSitivity? Return: 0.125\n |

3.4.7.3 FM

3.4.7.3.1 FM State ([:SOURce]:FM:STATE)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:FM:STATE ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:FM:STATE? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the switch status of frequency modulation. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > FM > FM State |
| EXAMPLE | :FM:STATE ON :FM:STATE? Return: 1\n |

3.4.7.3.2 FM Source ([:SOURce]:FM:SOURce)

| | |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:FM:SOURce INT1 INT2 INT1,INT2 EXTernal INT1,EXT DUAL [:SOURce]:FM:SOURce? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the modulation source of FM. |

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | INT1 INT2 INT1,INT2 EXTernal INT1,EXT DUAL |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | INT1 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > FM > FM Source |
| EXAMPLE | :FM:SOURce EXTernal :FM:SOURce? Return: EXTernal\n |

3.4.7.3.3 FM Shape1 ([:SOURce]:FM1:WAVEform)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:FM1:WAVEform SINE SQUAre SAWTooth TRIangle [:SOURce]:FM1:WAVEform? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the frequency modulation waveform of INT1 modulation source. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | SINE SQUAre SAWTooth TRIangle |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | SINE |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > FM > FM Shape1 |
| EXAMPLE | :FM1:WAVEform SQUAre :FM1:WAVEform? Return: SQUAre\n |

3.4.7.3.4 FM Deviation1 ([:SOURce]:FM1:DEViation)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:FM1:DEViation <value> [:SOURce]:FM1:DEViation? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the deviation value of the FM waveform of the INT1 modulation source. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | 1 Hz ~ N*1 MHz, N is the frequency segment coefficient, please refer to the data sheet |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 100 kHz |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > FM > FM Deviation1 |
| EXAMPLE | :FM1:DEViation 200 kHz :FM1:DEViation? |

Return:
200000\n

3.4.7.3.5 FM Rate1 ([:SOURce]:FM1:FREQuency)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:FM1:FREQuency <value> [:SOURce]:FM1:FREQuency? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the FM rate of the INT1 modulation source. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | Modulation wave is Sine: 0.01 Hz ~ 100 kHz, Modulation wave is Square/Sawtooth/Triangle: 0.01 Hz ~ 20 kHz. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 10 kHz |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > FM > FM Rate1 |
| EXAMPLE | :FM1:FREQuency 5 kHz :FM1:FREQuency? Return: 5000\n |

3.4.7.3.6 FM Phase1 ([:SOURce]:FM1:PHASe)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:FM1:PHASe <value> [:SOURce]:FM1:PHASe? |
| DESCRIPTION | When the frequency modulation source is internal source 1 + internal source 2 (Int1 + Int2) or Dual waveform, this command sets/queries the initial phase of internal source 1. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: degree (°) |
| RANGE | -360 ~ +360 |
| RETURN | Float, unit: degree (°) |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > FM > FM Phase1 |
| EXAMPLE | :FM1:PHASe -30 :FM1:PHASe? Return: -30\n |

3.4.7.3.7 FM Shape2 ([:SOURce]:FM2:WAVEform)

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:FM2:WAVEform SINE SQUAre SAWTooth TRIangle [:SOURce]:FM2:WAVEform? |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the frequency modulation waveform of INT2 modulation source. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | SINE SQUAre SAWTooth TRIangle |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | SINE |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > FM > FM Shape2 |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>:FM2:WAVEform TRIangle :FM2:WAVEform?</pre> <p>Return: <i>TRIangle\n</i></p> |

3.4.7.3.8 FM Deviation2 ([:SOURce]:FM2:DEViation)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:FM2:DEViation <value></code> <code>[:SOURce]:FM2:DEViation?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the deviation value of the FM waveform of the INT2 modulation source. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | 1 Hz ~ N*1 MHz, N is the frequency segment coefficient, please refer to the data sheet |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 100 kHz |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > FM > FM Deviation2 |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>:FM2:DEViation 200 kHz :FM2:DEViation?</pre> <p>Return: <i>200000\n</i></p> |

3.4.7.3.9 FM Rate2 ([:SOURce]:FM2:FREQuency)

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:FM2:FREQuency <value></code> <code>[:SOURce]:FM2:FREQuency?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the FM rate of the INT2 modulation source. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | Modulation wave is Sine: 0.01 Hz ~ 100 kHz, Modulation wave is Square/Sawtooth/Triangle: 0.01 Hz ~ 20 kHz. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 10 kHz |

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > FM > FM Rate2 |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:FM2:FREQuency 40 kHz</code> <code>:FM2:FREQuency?</code> Return: <code>40000\n</code> |

3.4.7.3.10 FM Phase2 ([:SOURce]:FM2:PHASE)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:FM2:PHASE <value></code> <code>[:SOURce]:FM2:PHASE?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | When the frequency modulation source is internal source 1 + internal source 2 (Int1 + Int2) or Dual waveform, this command sets/queries the initial phase of internal source 2. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: degree (°) |
| RANGE | -360 ~ +360 |
| RETURN | Float, unit: degree (°) |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > FM > FM Phase2 |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:FM2:PHASE -30</code> <code>:FM2:PHASE?</code> Return: <code>-30\n</code> |

3.4.7.3.11 Int1 Proportion ([:SOURce]:FM1:PROPortion)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:FM1:PROPortion <value></code> <code>[:SOURce]:FM1:PROPortion?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the proportion of waveform1 when the FM Source is Dual. |
| DATA TYPE | Float |
| RANGE | 0 ~ 1 |
| RETURN | Float |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0.5 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > FM > Int1 Proportion |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:FM1:PROPortion 0.6</code> <code>:FM1:PROPortion?</code> Return: <code>0.6\n</code> |

3.4.7.3.12 FM Sensitivity1 ([:SOURce]:FM1:SENSitivity?)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:FM1:SENSitivity? |
| DESCRIPTION | When the frequency modulation source includes an external source, this command queries the sensitivity of the external source input. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz/V |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > FM > FM Sensitivity1 |
| EXAMPLE | :FM1:SENSitivity? Return: 125000\n |

3.4.7.4 PM**3.4.7.4.1 PM State ([:SOURce]:PM:STATe)**

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PM:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:PM:STATe? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the switch status of phase modulation. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PM > PM State |
| EXAMPLE | :PM:STATe ON :PM:STATe? Return: 1\n |

3.4.7.4.2 PM Shape ([:SOURce]:PM:WAVEform)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PM:WAVEform SINE SQUAre [:SOURce]:PM:WAVEform? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the modulation waveform of PM. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | SINE SQUAre |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | SINE |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PM > PM Shape |
| EXAMPLE | :PM:WAVEform SQUAre :PM:WAVEform? |

Return:
SQUAre\n

3.4.7.4.3 PM Source (:SOURce]:PM:SOURce)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PM:SOURce INTernal EXTernal INT,EXT [:SOURce]:PM:SOURce? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the modulation source of PM. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | INTernal EXTernal INT,EXT |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | INTernal |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PM > PM Source |
| EXAMPLE | :PM:SOURce EXTernal :PM:SOURce? Return: <i>EXTernal\n</i> |

3.4.7.4.4 PM Deviation (:SOURce]:PM:DEViation)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PM:DEViation <value> [:SOURce]:PM:DEViation? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the modulation deviation of the phase modulation. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: rad |
| RANGE | 0.01 rad ~ N*5 rad, N is the frequency segment coefficient, please refer to the data sheet |
| RETURN | Float, unit: rad |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 1 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PM > PM Deviation |
| EXAMPLE | :PM:DEViation 2 :PM:DEViation? Return: <i>2\n</i> |

3.4.7.4.5 PM Rate (:SOURce]:PM:FREQuency)

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PM:FREQuency <value> [:SOURce]:PM:FREQuency? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the modulation rate of PM. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RANGE | Modulation wave is Sine: 0.01 Hz ~ 100 kHz, Modulation wave is Square: 0.01 Hz ~ 20 kHz. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 10 kHz |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PM > PM Rate |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:PM:FREQuency 1 kHz :PM:FREQuency? Return: 1000\n</i> |

3.4.7.4.6 PM Sensitivity ([:SOURce]:PM:SENSitivity?)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PM:SENSitivity? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command queries the sensitivity of PM external modulation. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: rad/V |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PM > PM Sensitivity |
| EXAMPLE | <i>PM:SENSitivity? Return: 0.25\n</i> |

3.4.8 Pulse Modulation

3.4.8.1 Pulse State ([:SOURce]:PULM:STATE)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:PULM:STATe? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the switch status of pulse modulation. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > Pulse State |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:PULM:STATe ON :PULM:STATe? Return: 1\n</i> |

3.4.8.2 Pulse Source ([:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce INTernal EXTernal [:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the modulation source of pulse modulation. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | INTernal EXTernal |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | INTernal |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | [:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce:INT INTernal EXTernal [:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce:INT? |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > PULSE > Pulse Source |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:PULM:SOURce INTernal</i> <i>:PULM:SOURce?</i> Return: <i>INTernal\n</i> |

3.4.8.3 Pulse Source ([:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce:INT)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce:INT INTernal EXTernal [:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce:INT? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the modulation source of pulse modulation. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | INTernal EXTernal |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | INTernal |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | [:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce INTernal EXTernal [:SOURce]:PULM:SOURce? |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > PULSE > Pulse Source |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:PULM:SOURce:INT EXTernal</i> <i>:PULM:SOURce:INT?</i> Return: <i>EXTernal\n</i> |

3.4.8.4 Pulse Out ([:SOURce]:PULM:OUT:STATE)

| | |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:OUT:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:PULM:OUT:STATe? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the pulse output status of pulse modulation. |

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > Pulse Out |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:PULM:OUT:STATe ON</code> <code>:PULM:OUT:STATe?</code> Return: <code>1\n</code> |

3.4.8.5 Pulse Out Polarity ([:SOURce]:PULM:POLarity)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:PULM:POLarity NORMAL INVerted</code> <code>[:SOURce]:PULM:POLarity?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the pulse output polarity. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | NORMAL INVerted |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | NORMAL |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > Pulse Out Polarity |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:PULM:POL INV</code> <code>:PULM:POLarity?</code> Return: <code>INVerted\n</code> |

3.4.8.6 Pulse Mode ([:SOURce]:PULM:MODE)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:PULM:MODE SINGLE DOUBLE PTRain</code> <code>[:SOURce]:PULM:MODE?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets the pulse mode to Single pulse, Double pulse or pulse Train. This command queries the pulse mode. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | SINGLE DOUBLE PTRain |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | SINGLE |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > Pulse Mode |
| EXAMPLE | <code>PULM:MODE DOUB</code> <code>PULM:MODE?</code> |

Return:
DOUBle\n

3.4.8.7 Pulse Period ([:SOURce]:PULM:PERiod)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:PERiod <value> [:SOURce]:PULM:PERiod? |
| DESCRIPTION | When the pulse mode is Single or Double, this command sets/queries the pulse period. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: ns, us, ms or s, default is s |
| RANGE | 40 ns ~ 300 s |
| RETURN | Float, unit: s |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 10 ms |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | [:SOURce]:PULM:INT[1]:PERiod <value> [:SOURce]:PULM:INT[1]:PERiod? |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > PULSE > Pulse Period |
| EXAMPLE | <i>PULM:PER 220 us PULM:PER? Return: 0.00022\n</i> |

3.4.8.8 Pulse Period ([:SOURce]:PULM:INT[1]:PERiod)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:INT[1]:PERiod <value> [:SOURce]:PULM:INT[1]:PERiod? |
| DESCRIPTION | When the pulse mode is Single or Double, this command sets/queries the pulse period. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: ns, us, ms or s, default is s |
| RANGE | 40 ns ~ 300 s |
| RETURN | Float, unit: s |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 10 ms |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | [:SOURce]:PULM:PERiod <value> [:SOURce]:PULM:PERiod? |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > PULSE > Pulse Period |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:PULM:INT1:PERiod 900 ns :PULM:INT1:PERiod? Return: 9e-07\n</i> |

3.4.8.9 Pulse Width ([:SOURce]:PULM:WIDTH)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:WIDTH <value> [:SOURce]:PULM:WIDTH? |
| DESCRIPTION | When the pulse mode is Single, this command sets/queries the pulse width; when the pulse mode is Double, this command sets/queries the pulse width of the first pulse. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: ns, us, ms or s, default is s |
| RANGE | 20 ns ~ 300 s |
| RETURN | Float, unit: s |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 2 ms |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | [:SOURce]:PULM:INT[1]:PWIDth <value> [:SOURce]:PULM:INT[1]:PWIDth? |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > PULSE > Pulse Width |
| EXAMPLE | <i>PULM:WIDT 33 us</i> <i>PULM:WIDT?</i> Return: <i>3.3e-05\n</i> |

3.4.8.10 Pulse Width ([:SOURce]:PULM:INT[1]:PWIDth)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:INT[1]:PWIDth <value> [:SOURce]:PULM:INT[1]:PWIDth? |
| DESCRIPTION | When the pulse mode is Single, this command sets/queries the pulse width; when the pulse mode is Double, this command sets/queries the pulse width of the first pulse. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: ns, us, ms or s, default is s |
| RANGE | 20 ns ~ 300 s |
| RETURN | Float, unit: s |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 2 ms |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | [:SOURce]:PULM:WIDTh <value> [:SOURce]:PULM:WIDTh? |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > PULSE > Pulse Width |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:PULM:INT:PWIDth 400 ns</i> <i>:PULM:INT:PWIDth?</i> Return: <i>4e-07\n</i> |

3.4.8.11 Double Pulse Delay ([:SOURce]:PULM:DOUBLE:DElay)

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:DOUBLE:DElay <value> [:SOURce]:PULM:DOUBLE:DElay? |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DESCRIPTION | When the pulse mode is Double, this command sets/queries the double pulse delay. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: ns, us, ms or s, default is s |
| RANGE | 20 ns ~ 300 s |
| RETURN | Float, unit: s |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 4 ms |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > Double Pulse Delay |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>:PULM:DOUBLe:DELay 2 ms :PULM:DOUBLe:DELay?</pre> <p>Return: 0.002\n</p> |

3.4.8.12 #2 Width ([:SOURce]:PULM:DOUBle:WIDTh)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:PULM:DOUBle:WIDTh <time></code> <code>[:SOURce]:PULM:DOUBle:WIDTh?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | When the pulse mode is Double, this command sets/queries the pulse width of the second pulse. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: ns, us, ms or s, default is s |
| RANGE | 20 ns ~ 300 s |
| RETURN | Float, unit: s |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 2 ms |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > #2 Width |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>PULM:DOUBle:WIDTh 5 ms PULM:DOUBle:WIDTh?</pre> <p>Return: 0.005\n</p> |

3.4.8.13 Pulse Train Add Row ([:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:PAIR)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:PAIR <row></code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command copies the specified line of the pulse train and pastes it in front of the specified line. |
| DATA TYPE | Integer |
| RANGE | 1 ~ total number of rows in the pulse train |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > Pulse Train > Add |
| EXAMPLE | <code>PULM:TRAin:PAIR 1</code> |

3.4.8.14 Pulse Train Delete Row ([:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:DELeTe)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [{:SOURce}]:PULM:TRAin:DELeTe <row> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command removes a specified row from the pulse train. |
| DATA TYPE | Integer |
| RANGE | 1 ~ total number of rows in the pulse train |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > PULSE > Pulse Train > Delete |
| EXAMPLE | <i>PULM:TRAin:DELeTe 5</i> |

3.4.8.15 Pulse Train Edit On Time ([:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:DATA:ONTIme)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [{:SOURce}]:PULM:TRAin:DATA:ONTIme <raw>,<on_time> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command edits the positive pulse width of the specified row in the pulse train. |
| DATA TYPE | Row: Integer, On_time: float, unit: ns, us, ms or s, default is s |
| RANGE | Row: 1 ~ total number of rows in the pulse train, On_time: 20 ns ~ 300 s |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > PULSE > Pulse Train |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:PULM:TRAin:DATA:ONTIme 1,10 ms</i> |

3.4.8.16 Pulse Train Edit Off Time ([:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:DATA:OFFTime)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [{:SOURce}]:PULM:TRAin:DATA:OFFTime <raw>,<off_time> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command edits the negative pulse width of the specified row in the pulse train. |
| DATA TYPE | Row: Integer, Off_time: float, unit: ns, us, ms or s, default is s |
| RANGE | Row: 1 ~ total number of rows in the pulse train, Off_time: 20 ns ~ 300 s |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > PULSE > Pulse Train |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:PULM:TRAin:DATA:OFFTime 1, 20 ms</i> |

3.4.8.17 Pulse Train Edit Count ([:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:DATA:COUNT)

| | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [{:SOURce}]:PULM:TRAin:DATA:COUNT <raw>,<count> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command edits the number of repetitions for a specified row of the pulse train. |
| DATA TYPE | Row: integer, Count: integer |

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RANGE | Row: 1 ~ total number of rows in the pulse train, Count: 1 ~ 65535 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > Pulse Train |
| EXAMPLE | :PULM:TRAin:DATA:COUNT 1,3 |

3.4.8.18 Pulse Train Edit ([:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:CHANGe)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:CHANGe <row>,<on_time>,<off_time>,<count> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command edits the specified row of the pulse train. |
| DATA TYPE | Row: integer, On_time: float, unit: ns, us, ms or s, default is s, Off_time: float, unit: ns, us, ms or s, default is s, Count: integer |
| RANGE | Row: 1 ~ total number of rows in the pulse train, On_time: 20 ns ~ 300 s, Off_time: 20 ns ~ 300 s, Count: 1 ~ 65535 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > Pulse Train |
| EXAMPLE | :PULM:TRAin:CHANGe 2,3 ms,500 ns,4 |

3.4.8.19 Pulse Train Data ([:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:LIST?)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:LIST? <begin_row>,<end_row> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command queries the data from begin_row to end_row in the pulse train. |
| DATA TYPE | Integer, Integer |
| RANGE | 1 ~ total number of rows in the pulse train, Start row ~ total number of rows in the pulse train |
| RETURN | String |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > Pulse Train |
| EXAMPLE | :PULM:TRAin:LIST? 1,3 Return: 0.001,0.005,1\s0.003,0.003,2\s0.004,0.002,1\n |

3.4.8.20 Pulse Train Count ([:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:COUNT?)

| | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:COUNT? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command queries the number of rows in the pulse train. |
| RETURN | String |

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > Pulse Train |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:PULM:TRAin:COUNt?</i> Return: <i>5\n</i> |

3.4.8.21 Pulse Train Clear ([:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:CLEAr)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:CLEAr |
| DESCRIPTION | This command clears the pulse train and restores its default value. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > Pulse Train > Clear |
| EXAMPLE | <i>PULM:TRAin:CLEAr</i> |

3.4.8.22 Pulse Train Load ([:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:LOAD)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:LOAD <"file_name"> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command loads the pulse train from a PULSTRN file. |
| DATA TYPE | String |
| RANGE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > Pulse Train > Load |
| EXAMPLE | <i>PULM:TRAin:LOAD "U-disk3/test.pulstrn"</i> |

3.4.8.23 Pulse Train Store ([:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:STORE)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:TRAin:STORE <"file_name"> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command saves the pulse train into a PULSTRN file. |
| DATA TYPE | String |
| RANGE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > Pulse Train > Save |
| EXAMPLE | <i>PULM:TRAin:STORE "test.pulstrn"</i> <i>PULM:TRAin:STORE "U-disk1/test.pulstrn"</i> |

3.4.8.24 Trigger Out ([:SOURce]:PULM:TRIGger:STATe)

| | |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:TRIGger:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:PULM:TRIGger:STATe? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/gets the pulse trigger output status. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 1 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > Trigger Out |
| EXAMPLE | :PULM:TRIGger:STATe OFF :PULM:TRIGger:STATe? Return: 0\n |

3.4.8.25 Pulse Trigger ([:SOURce]:PULM:TRIGger:MODE)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:TRIGger:MODE AUTO KEY EXTernal EGATe [:SOURce]:PULM:TRIGger:MODE? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the pulse trigger mode. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | AUTO KEY EXTernal EGATe |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | AUTO |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > Pulse Trigger |
| EXAMPLE | :PULM:TRIG:MODE EXTernal :PULM:TRIGger:MODE? Return: EXTernal\n |

3.4.8.26 Trigger Delay ([:SOURce]:PULM:DElay)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:DElay <value> [:SOURce]:PULM:DElay? |
| DESCRIPTION | When the pulse trigger mode is EXTernal, this command sets/queries the trigger delay. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: ns, us, ms or s, default is s |
| RANGE | 140 ns ~ 300 s |
| RETURN | Float, unit: s |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 140 ns |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [MOD] > PULSE > Trig Delay |
| EXAMPLE | :PULM:DEL 30 ms :PULM:DElay? Return: 0.03\n |

3.4.8.27 Trigger Slope ([:SOURce]:PULM:TRIGger:EXTernal:SLOPe)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:TRIGger:EXTernal:SLOPe NEGative POSitive [:SOURce]:PULM:TRIGger:EXTernal:SLOPe? |
| DESCRIPTION | When the pulse trigger mode is EXTernal, this command sets/queries the trigger edge of the external trigger signal. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | NEGative POSitive |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | POSitive |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > PULSE > Trigger Slope |
| EXAMPLE | <i>PULM:TRIG:EXT:SLOP NEG</i> <i>PULM:TRIG:EXT:SLOP?</i> Return: <i>NEGative\n</i> |

3.4.8.28 Trigger Polarity ([:SOURce]:PULM:TRIGger:EXTernal:GATE:POLarity)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:PULM:TRIGger:EXTernal:GATE:POLarity NORMAl INVerted [:SOURce]:PULM:TRIGger:EXTernal:GATE:POLarity? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the trigger polarity of the external gating signal for the pulse function. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | NORMAl INVerted |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | NORMAl |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | MOD > PULSE > Trig Polarity |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:PULM:TRIG:EXT:GATE:POL INVerted</i> <i>:PULM:TRIGger:EXTernal:GATE:POLarity?</i> Return: <i>INVerted\n</i> |

3.4.9 LF Source**3.4.9.1 LF State ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput)**

| | |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:LFOOutput ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:LFOOutput? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the output status of LF Source. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [LF] > LF Source > LF State |
| EXAMPLE | <i>LFOOutput ON</i> <i>LFOOutput?</i> Return: <i>1\n</i> |

3.4.9.2 LF Level ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput:VOLTage)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:LFOOutput:VOLTage <voltage> [:SOURce]:LFOOutput:VOLTage? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the level of the LF output signal. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: dBm, uVpp, mVpp, Vpp, nW, uW or mW, default is Vpp |
| RANGE | 1 mVpp ~ 3 Vpp |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Vpp |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0.5 Vpp |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [LF] > LF Source > LF Level |
| EXAMPLE | <i>LFOOutput:VOLTage 2 Vpp</i> <i>LFOOutput:VOLTage?</i> Return: <i>2\n</i> |

3.4.9.3 LF Offset ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput:OFFSET)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:LFOOutput:OFFSET <voltage> [:SOURce]:LFOOutput:OFFSET? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the amplitude offset of the LF output signal. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: dBm, uV, mV, V, nW, uW or mW, default is V |
| RANGE | $ LFoffset \leq \min(2.5V - \frac{1}{2}LEVEL, 2V)$ |
| RETURN | Float, unit: V |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [LF] > LF Source > LF Offset |
| EXAMPLE | <i>LFOOutput:OFFSET 1 V</i> <i>LFOOutput:OFFSET?</i> Return: <i>1\n</i> |

3.4.9.4 LF Frequency ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput:FREQuency)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:FREQuency <freq></code> <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:FREQuency?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the frequency of the LF output signal. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | LF wave is Sine: 0.01 Hz ~ 1 MHz, LF wave is Square\Triangle\Sawtooth: 0.01 Hz ~ 20 kHz. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 1 kHz |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LF > LF Source > LF Frequency |
| EXAMPLE | <i>LFOOutput:FREQuency 10 kHz</i> <i>LFOOutput:FREQuency?</i> Return: <i>10000\n</i> |

3.4.9.5 LF Shape ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SHAPe)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SHAPe SINE SQUare TRIangle SAWTooth DC</code> <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SHAPe?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the wave shape of the LF output signal. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | SINE SQUare TRIangle SAWTooth DC |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | SINE |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LF > LF Source > LF Shape |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:LFOOutput:SHAPe TRIangle</i> <i>:LFOOutput:SHAPe?</i> Return: <i>TRIangle\n</i> |

3.4.9.6 LF Phase ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput:PHASe)

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:PHASe <deg></code> <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:PHASe?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the phase of the LF output signal. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: degree (°) |
| RANGE | -360 ~ 360 |
| RETURN | Float, unit: degree (°) |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [LF] > LF Source > LF Phase |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:LFOOutput:PHASE 20 :LFOOutput:PHASE?</i> Return: <i>20\n</i> |

3.4.10 LF Sweep

3.4.10.1 Sweep State ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <i>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep?</i> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the sweep status of LF signal. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [LF] > LF Sweep > Sweep State |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:LFOOutput:SWEep 1 :LFOOutput:SWEep? Return: 1\n</i> |

3.4.10.2 Sweep Direction ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:DIREct)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <i>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:DIREct UP DOWN [:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:DIREct?</i> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the direction of LF sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | UP DOWN |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | UP |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [LF] > LF Sweep > Direction |
| EXAMPLE | <i>:LFOOutput:SWEep:DIREct DOWN :LFOOutput:SWEep:DIREct? Return: DOWN\n</i> |

3.4.10.3 Start Freq ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:STARt:FREQuency)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:STARt:FREQuency <freq></code> <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:STARt:FREQuency?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the starting frequency of LF sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | LF wave is Sine: 0.01 Hz ~ 1 MHz, LF wave is Square/Triangle/Sawtooth: 0.01 Hz ~ 20 kHz. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 500 Hz |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LF > LF Sweep > Start Freq |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:LFOOutput:SWEep:STARt:FREQuency 100</code> <code>:LFOOutput:SWEep:STARt:FREQuency?</code> Return: <code>100\n</code> |

3.4.10.4 Stop Freq ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:STOP:FREQuency)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:STOP:FREQuency <freq></code> <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:STOP:FREQuency?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the stop frequency of LF sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | LF wave is Sine: 0.01 Hz ~ 1 MHz, LF wave is Square/Triangle/Sawtooth: 0.01 Hz ~ 20 kHz. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 1.5 kHz |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LF > LF Sweep > Stop Freq |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:LFOOutput:SWEep:STOP:FREQuency 1000</code> <code>:LFOOutput:SWEep:STOP:FREQuency?</code> Return: <code>1000\n</code> |

3.4.10.5 Center Freq ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:CENTER:FREQuency)

| | |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:CENTER:FREQuency <freq></code> <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:CENTER:FREQuency?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the center frequency of LF sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | LF wave is Sine: 0.01 Hz ~ 1 MHz, LF wave is Square/Triangle/Sawtooth: 0.01 Hz ~ 20 kHz. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DEFAULT VALUE | 1 kHz |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LF > LF Sweep > Center Freq |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:LFOOutput:SWEep:CENTER:FREQuency 550</code> <code>:LFOOutput:SWEep:CENTER:FREQuency?</code> Return: <code>550\n</code> |

3.4.10.6 Freq Span ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:SPAN:FREQuency)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:SPAN:FREQuency <freq></code> <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:SPAN:FREQuency?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the frequency span of LF sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | LF wave is Sine: 0.00 Hz ~ 999.99999 kHz, LF wave is Square/Triangle/Sawtooth: 0.00 Hz ~ 19.99999 kHz. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 1 kHz |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LF > LF Sweep > Freq Span |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:LFOOutput:SWEep:SPAN:FREQuency 550</code> <code>:LFOOutput:SWEep:SPAN:FREQuency?</code> Return: <code>550\n</code> |

3.4.10.7 Sweep Time ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:DWELI)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:DWELI <time></code> <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:DWELI?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the sweep time of LF sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: ns, us, ms or s, default is s |
| RANGE | 1 ms ~ 500 s |
| RETURN | Float, unit: s |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 1 s |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LF > LF Sweep > Sweep Time |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:LFOOutput:SWEep:DWELI 2 s</code> <code>:LFOOutput:SWEep:DWELI?</code> Return: <code>2\n</code> |

3.4.10.8 Trigger Mode ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:TRIGger:TYPE)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:TRIGger:TYPE AUTO KEY BUS EXT [:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:TRIGger:TYPE? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the sweep trigger mode of LF sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | AUTO KEY BUS EXT |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | AUTO |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LF > LF Sweep > Trigger Mode |
| EXAMPLE | :LFOOutput:SWEep:TRIGger:TYPE KEY :LFOOutput:SWEep:TRIGger:TYPE? Return: <i>KEY\n</i> |

3.4.10.9 Trigger Slope ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:XPOLar)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:XPOLar POS NEG [:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:XPOLar? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the trigger edge of the external trigger signal for the LF sweep function. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | POS NEG |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | POS |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LF > LF Sweep > Trigger Slope |
| EXAMPLE | :LFOOutput:SWEep:XPOLar POS :LFOOutput:SWEep:XPOLar? Return: <i>POS\n</i> |

3.4.10.10 Sweep Shape ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:SHAPe)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | [:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:SHAPe TRIangle SAWTooth [:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:SHAPe? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the sweep shape of LF sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | TRIangle SAWTooth |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | SAWTooth |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | LF > LF Sweep > Sweep Shape |

| | |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EXAMPLE | <code>:LFOOutput:SWEep:SHAPe TRlangle</code> <code>:LFOOutput:SWEep:SHAPe?</code> Return: <code>TRlangle\n</code> |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

3.4.10.11 Sweep Space ([:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:SPACing)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:SPACing LINear LOGarithmic</code> <code>[:SOURce]:LFOOutput:SWEep:SPACing?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the frequency sweep space of LF sweep. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | LINear LOGarithmic |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | LINear |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | <code>LF</code> > LF Sweep > Sweep Space |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:LFOOutput:SWEep:SPACing LOGarithmic</code> <code>:LFOOutput:SWEep:SPACing?</code> Return: <code>LOGarithmic\n</code> |

3.4.11 System Preset

3.4.11.1 Preset (:SOURce:PRESet)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>:SOURce:PRESet</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets the instrument status to factory settings. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | None |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:SOURce:PRESet</code> |

3.5 SENSe Commands

3.5.1 Power Sensor

3.5.1.1 Sensor Info (:SENSe[:POWER]:TYPE?)

| | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>:SENSe[:POWER]:TYPE?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command queries the model of the power sensor connected to the signal generator. |
| RETURN | String |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Sensor Info |
| EXAMPLE | SENSe:TYPE? Return: NRP6A\n |

3.5.1.2 Sensor State (:SENSe[:POWer]:STATus)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWer]:STATUs OFF ON 0 1 :SENSe[:POWer]:STATUs? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the measurement status of the power sensor. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Sensor State |
| EXAMPLE | SENSe:STATus ON SENSe:STATus? Return: 1\n |

3.5.1.3 Measurement (:SENSe[:POWer]:VALue?)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWer]:VALue? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command queries the measured value of the power sensor connected to the signal generator. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dBm |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Measurement |
| EXAMPLE | SENSe:VALue? Return: -0.02600282\n |

3.5.1.4 Statistics State (:SENSe[:POWer]:STATIStics:STATE)

| | |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWer]:STATIStics:STATE ON OFF 1 0 :SENSe[:POWer]:STATIStics:STATE? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the measurement statistics status of the power sensor. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Statistics |
| EXAMPLE | <i>SENSe:STATIStics:STATe ON</i> <i>SENSe:STATIStics:STATe?</i> Return: <i>1\n</i> |

3.5.1.5 Statistics Value (:READ[:POWER]?)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :READ[:POWER]? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command queries the average and maximum values of the power sensor measurement statistics. |
| RETURN | String The string format: average,maximum Average: float, unit: dBm, Maximum: float, unit: dBm. |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Statistics > mean/max |
| EXAMPLE | <i>READ?</i> Return: <i>-0.05,-0.04\n</i> |

3.5.1.6 Statistics Max Value (:SENSe[:POWER]:STATIStics:MAX?)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWER]:STATIStics:MAX? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command queries the maximum value of the power sensor measurement statistics. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dBm. |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Statistics > max |
| EXAMPLE | <i>SENSe:STATIStics:MAX?</i> Return: <i>-0.03117205\n</i> |

3.5.1.7 Statistics Min Value (:SENSe[:POWER]:STATIStics:MIN?)

| | |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWER]:STATIStics:MIN? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command queries the minimum value of the power sensor measurement statistics. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dBm. |

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Statistics > min |
| EXAMPLE | SENSe:STATIStics:MIN? Return: -0.06101395\n |

3.5.1.8 Statistics Mean Value (:SENSe[:POWer]:STATIStics:AVG?)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWer]:STATIStics:AVG? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command queries the average value of the power sensor measurement statistics. |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dBm. |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Statistics > mean |
| EXAMPLE | SENSe:STATIStics:AVG? Return: -0.0322136383619456\n |

3.5.1.9 Statistics Count (:SENSe[:POWer]:STATIStics:COUNt?)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWer]:STATIStics:COUNt? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command queries the count of the power sensor measurement statistics. |
| RETURN | Integer |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Statistics > count |
| EXAMPLE | SENSe:STATIStics:COUNt? Return: 2035\n |

3.5.1.10 Statistics Clear (:SENSe[:POWer]:STATIStics:CLEAr)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWer]:STATIStics:CLEAr |
| DESCRIPTION | This command clears the measurement statistics of the power sensor. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Statistics > clear |
| EXAMPLE | SENSe:STATIStics:CLEAr |

3.5.1.11 Level Control (:SENSe[:POWer]:LEV:CTL:STATe)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWer]:LEV:CTL:STATe ON OFF 1 0 :SENSe[:POWer]:LEV:CTL:STATe? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the level control state of the power sensor. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | [:SOURce]:POWer:SPC:STATe ON OFF 1 0 [:SOURce]:POWer:SPC:STATe? |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Level Control |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:SENSe:LEV:CTL:STATe OFF</code> <code>:SENSe:LEV:CTL:STATe?</code> Return: <code>0\n</code> |

3.5.1.12 Target Level (:SENSe[:POWer]:SPC:TARGet)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWer]:SPC:TARGet <power> :SENSe[:POWer]:SPC:TARGet? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the targt level of the power sensor level control. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: dBm, dBuV, uV, mV, V, nW, uW, mW or W, default is dBm |
| RANGE | -120 dBm ~ 20 dBm |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dBm |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | [:SOURce]:POWer:SPC:TARGet <power> [:SOURce]:POWer:SPC:TARGet? |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Level Control > Target Level |
| EXAMPLE | <code>SENSe:SPC:TARGet -6</code> <code>SENSe:SPC:TARGet?</code> Return: <code>-6\n</code> |

3.5.1.13 Limit Level (:SENSe[:POWer]:LIMit)

| | |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWer]:LIMit <power> :SENSe[:POWer]:LIMit? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the Limit level of the power sensor level control. |

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: dBm, dBuV, uV, mV, V, nW, uW, mW or W, default is dBm |
| RANGE | -120 dBm ~ 20 dBm |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dBm |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | <code>[:SOURce]:POWer:LIMit <power></code> <code>[:SOURce]:POWer:LIMit?</code> |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Level Control > Limit Level |
| EXAMPLE | <code>SENSe:LIMIT 2</code> <code>SENSe:LIMIT?</code> Return: <code>2\n</code> |

3.5.1.14 Catch Range (:SENSe[:POWer]:SPC:CRAnge)

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>:SENSe[:POWer]:SPC:CRAnge <power></code> <code>:SENSe[:POWer]:SPC:CRAnge?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the catch range of the power sensor level control. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: dB |
| RANGE | 0 ~ 50 |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dB |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT SCPI | <code>[SOURce]:POWer:SPC:CRAnge <power></code> <code>[SOURce]:POWer:SPC:CRAnge?</code> |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Level Control > Catch Range |
| EXAMPLE | <code>:SENSe:SPC:CRAnge 10</code> <code>:SENSe:SPC:CRAnge?</code> Return: <code>10\n</code> |

3.5.1.15 Auto Zero (:CALibration:ZERO:TYPE)

| | |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <code>:CALibration:ZERO:TYPE INTernal EXTernal</code> <code>:CALibration:ZERO:TYPE?</code> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the automatic zero adjustment type of the power sensor. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | INTernal EXTernal |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | INTernal |

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Auto Zero |
| EXAMPLE | :CALibration:ZERO:TYPE EXternal :CALibration:ZERO:TYPE? Return: <i>EXTernal\n</i> |

3.5.1.16 Zeroing (:SENSe[:POWer]:ZERO)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWer]:ZERO |
| DESCRIPTION | This command performs a zeroing operation on the power sensor. |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Click to perform zeroing |
| EXAMPLE | :SENSe:ZERO |

3.5.1.17 Frequency Type (:SENSe[:POWer]:SOURce)

| | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWer]:SOURce RF USER :SENSe[:POWer]:SOURce? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the measurement frequency type of the power sensor. |
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | RF USER |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | RF |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Frequency |
| EXAMPLE | <i>SENSe:SOURce USER</i> <i>SENSe:SOURce?</i> Return: <i>USER\n</i> |

3.5.1.18 Frequency (:SENSe[:POWer]:FREQuency)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWer]:FREQuency <freq> :SENSe[:POWer]:FREQuency? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the manual measurement frequency of the power sensor. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: Hz, kHz, MHz or GHz, default is Hz |
| RANGE | Power sensor measurement range |
| RETURN | Float, unit: Hz |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Frequency |

| | |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| EXAMPLE | <i>:SENSe:FREQuency 1 MHz SENSe:FREQuency?</i> Return: <i>1000000\n</i> |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

3.5.1.19 Level Offset State (:SENSe[:POWer]:OFFSet:STATe)

| | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <i>:SENSe[:POWer]:OFFSet:STATe ON OFF 1 0 :SENSe[:POWer]:OFFSet:STATe?</i> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the level offset state of the power sensor. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [HOME] > POWER SENSOR > Level Offset |
| EXAMPLE | <i>SENSe:OFFSet:STATe ON SENSe:OFFSet:STATe?</i> Return: <i>1\n</i> |

3.5.1.20 Level Offset (:SENSe[:POWer]:OFFSet)

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <i>:SENSe[:POWer]:OFFSet <power> :SENSe[:POWer]:OFFSet?</i> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the level offset value of the power sensor. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: dB |
| RANGE | -200 ~ 200 |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dB |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | [HOME] > POWER SENSOR > Level Offset |
| EXAMPLE | <i>SENSe:OFFSet 10 SENSe:OFFSet?</i> Return: <i>10\n</i> |

3.5.1.21 Average Type (:SENSe[:POWer]:FILTer:TYPE)

| | |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | <i>:SENSe[:POWer]:FILTer:TYPE AUTO USER NSRatio :SENSe[:POWer]:FILTer:TYPE?</i> |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the measurement averaging type of the power sensor. |

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DATA TYPE | Enumeration |
| RANGE | AUTO USER NSRatio |
| RETURN | Enumeration |
| DEFAULT VALUE | AUTO |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Averaging |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>SENSe:FILTER:TYPE USER SENSe:FILTER:TYPE?</pre> <p>Return: USER\n</p> |

3.5.1.22 Average Times (:SENSe[:POWer]:FILTter:LENgth)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWer]:FILTter:LENgth <length> :SENSe[:POWer]:FILTter:LENgth? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the average number of measurements of the power sensor. |
| DATA TYPE | Integer |
| RANGE | 1 ~ 65536 |
| RETURN | Integer |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Averaging Count |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>SENSe:FILTER:LENgth 10 SENSe:FILTER:LENgth?</pre> <p>Return: 10\n</p> |

3.5.1.23 Internal Noise (:SENSe[:POWer]:FILTter:NSRatio)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWer]:FILTter:NSRatio <noise> :SENSe[:POWer]:FILTter:NSRatio? |
| DESCRIPTION | When the measurement averaging type of the power sensor is fixed noise, this command sets/queries the fixed noise of the power sensor. |
| DATA TYPE | Float, unit: dB |
| RANGE | None |
| RETURN | Float, unit: dB |
| DEFAULT VALUE | None |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Internal Noise |
| EXAMPLE | <pre>SENSe:FILTER:NSRatio 1 SENSe:FILTER:NSRatio?</pre> |

Return:

1\n

3.5.1.24 Logging (:SENSe[:POWer]:LOGGiNg:STATe)

| | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SYNTAX | :SENSe[:POWer]:LOGGiNg:STATe ON OFF 1 0 :SENSe[:POWer]:LOGGiNg:STATe? |
| DESCRIPTION | This command sets/queries the logging status of the power sensor. |
| DATA TYPE | Boolean |
| RANGE | ON OFF 1 0 |
| RETURN | 1 0 |
| DEFAULT VALUE | 0 |
| EQUIVALENT MENU | HOME > POWER SENSOR > Logging |
| EXAMPLE | <i>SENSe:LOGGiNg:STATe ON</i> <i>SENSe:LOGGiNg:STATe?</i> Return: <i>1\n</i> |

4 Programming Examples

This chapter provides some examples for programmers. In these examples you can see how to use VISA or Sockets and the above SCPI commands to control a signal generator. By following these examples, you can develop more applications.

4.1 VISA Examples

4.1.1 VC++ Example

System environment: Windows 10, 64-bit operating system

Programming software: Visual Studio

Example content: Use NI-VISA to access and control the device through USBTMC or TCP/IP and perform read and write operations.

Please follow below steps to complete the example:

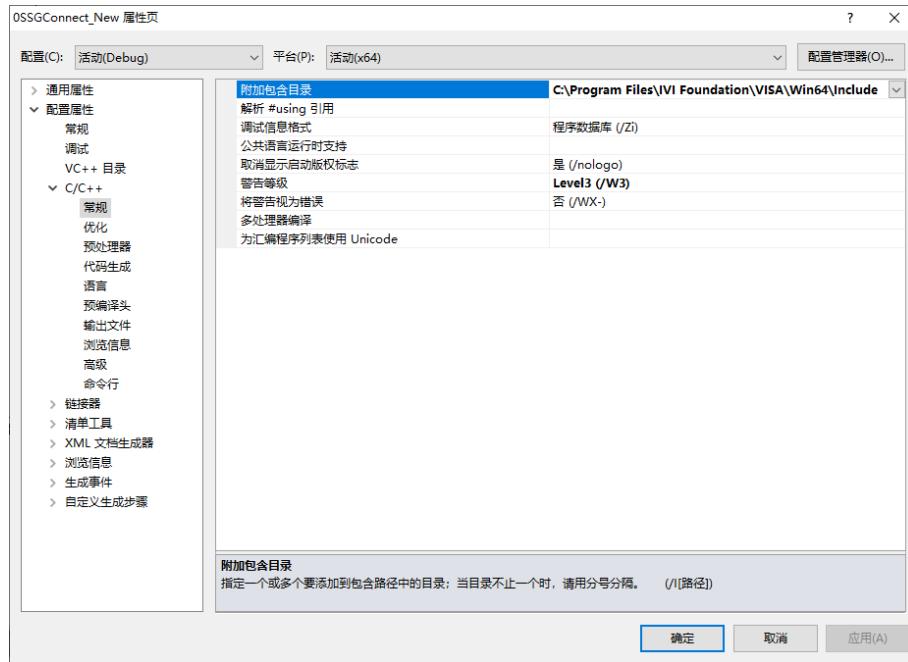
1. Open Visual Studio, and create a new VC++ win32 console project.
2. Set up the project environment to use the NI-VISA library. There are two ways to use the NI-VISA library, static or automatic:
 - (1) Static:

Find the files in the NI-VISA installation path: visa.h, visatype.h, visa32.lib. The default installation path of NI-VISA is “C:\Program Files\IVI Foundation\VISA\Win64”. Copy the above files into your project and add them to the project. Then add the following two lines of code in the project.cpp file:

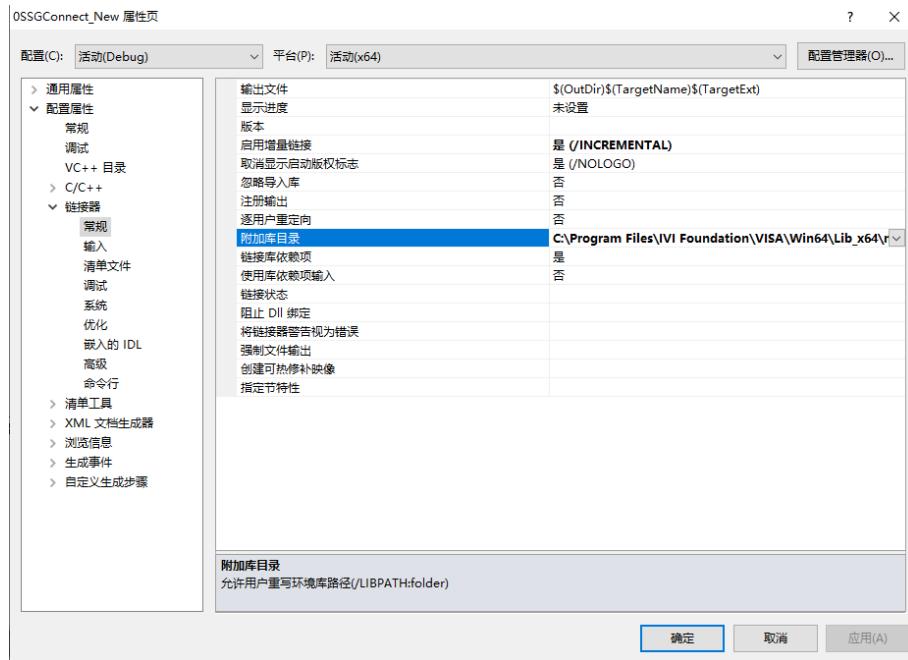
```
#include "visa.h"  
#pragma comment(lib,"visa32.lib")
```

- (2) Automatic:

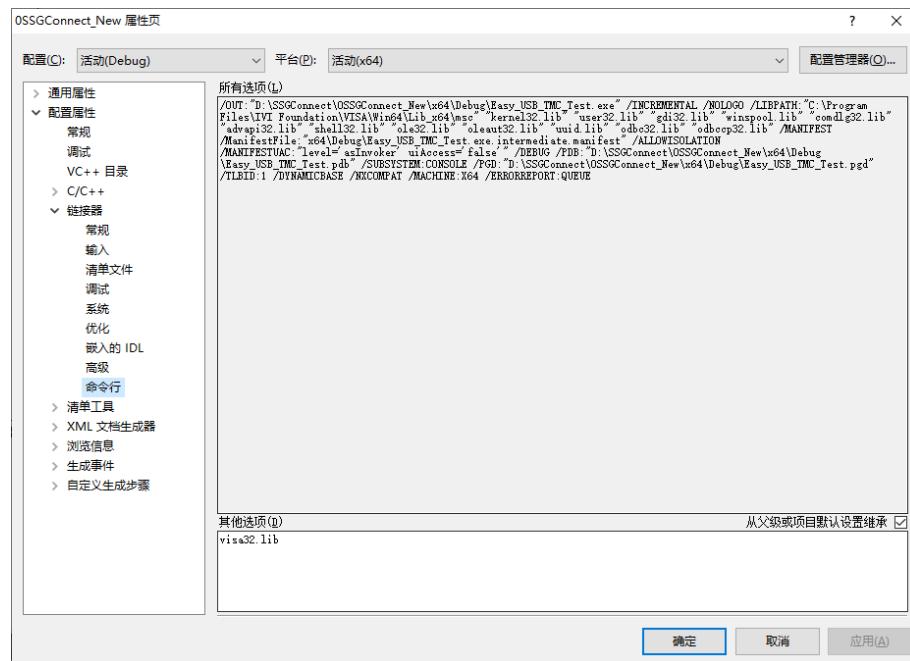
Set the include directory for header files. The default installation path of NI-VISA header files is “C:\Program Files\IVI Foundation\VISA\Win64\Include”. Fill in the header file installation path in Project --- Properties --- C/C++ --- General --- Additional Include Directories, as shown below:



Set the include directory of library files. The default installation path of NI-VISA library files is “C:\Program Files\IVI Foundation\VISA\Win64\Lib_x64\msc”. Fill in the library file installation path in Project --- Properties --- Linker --- General --- Additional library directory, as shown below:



Set up library files. Fill in the library file name in Project --- Properties --- Linker --- Command Line --- Additional Options: visa32.lib, as shown below:



Finally, reference the header file in the project .cpp file:

```
#include <visa.h>
```

3. Add code

(1) USBTMC access code

Write a function Usbtmc_test:

```
int Usbtmc_test()
{
    /* This code demonstrates sending synchronous read & write commands */
    /* to an USB Test & Measurement Class (USBTMC) instrument using */
    /* NI-VISA          */
    /* The example writes the "*IDN?\n" string to all the USBTMC */
    /* devices connected to the system and attempts to read back */
    /* results using the write and read functions.      */
    /* The general flow of the code is */
    /* Open Resource Manager   */
    /* Open VISA Session to an Instrument           */
    /* Write the Identification Query Using viPrintf      */
    /* Try to Read a Response With viScanf          */
    /* Close the VISA Session   */
    //*****
    ViSession defaultRM;
    ViSession instr;
    ViUInt32 numInstrs;
    ViFindList findList;
    ViStatus status;
    char instrResourceString[VI_FIND_BUflen];
```

```
unsigned char buffer[100];
int i;
/** First we must call viOpenDefaultRM to get the manager
 * handle. We will store this handle in defaultRM.*/
status = viOpenDefaultRM (&defaultRM);
if (status<VI_SUCCESS)
{
    printf ("Could not open a session to the VISA Resource Manager!\n");
    return     status;
}
/* Find all the USB TMC VISA resources in our system and store the number of resources in the system in
numInstrs.*/
status = viFindRsrc (defaultRM, "USB?*INSTR", &findList, &numInstrs, instrResourceString);
if (status<VI_SUCCESS)
{
    printf ("An error occurred while finding resources.\nPress 'Enter' to continue.");
    fflush(stdin);
    getchar();
    viClose (defaultRM);
    return     status;
}
/** Now we will open VISA sessions to all USB TMC instruments.
* We must use the handle from viOpenDefaultRM and we must
* also use a string that indicates which instrument to open. This
* is called the instrument descriptor. The format for this string
* can be found in the function panel by right clicking on the
* descriptor parameter. After opening a session to the
* device, we will get a handle to the instrument which we
* will use in later VISA functions. The AccessMode and Timeout
* parameters in this function are reserved for future
* functionality. These two parameters are given the value VI_NULL.*/
for (i=0; i<int(numInstrs); i++)
{
    if (i> 0)
    {
        viFindNext (findList, instrResourceString);
    }
    status = viOpen (defaultRM, instrResourceString, VI_NULL, VI_NULL, &instr);
    if (status<VI_SUCCESS)
    {
        printf ("Cannot open a session to the device %d.\n", i+1);
        continue ;
    }
    /* * At this point we now have a session open to the USB TMC instrument.
    * We will now use the viPrintf function to send the device the string "*IDN?\n",
```

```

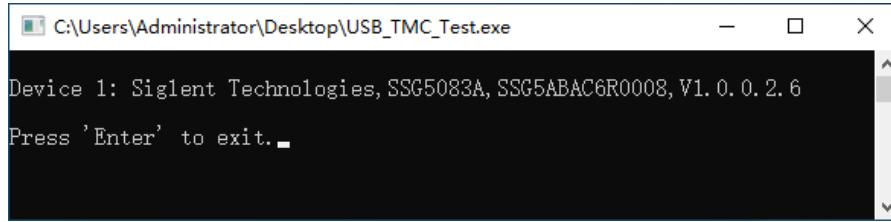
* asking for the device's identification. */
char * cmand = "*IDN?\n";
status = viPrintf (instr, cmand);
if (status<VI_SUCCESS)
{
    printf ("Error writing to the device %d.\n", i+1);
    status = viClose (instr);
    continue;
}
/** Now we will attempt to read back a response from the device to
 * the identification query that was sent. We will use the viScanf
 * function to acquire the data.
 * After the data has been read the response is displayed. */
status = viScanf(instr, "%t", buffer);
if (status<VI_SUCCESS)
{
    printf ("Error reading a response from the device %d.\n", i+1);
}
else
{
    printf ("\nDevice %d: %s\n", i+1, buffer);
}
status = viClose (instr);
}

/** Now we will close the session to the instrument using
 * viClose. This operation frees all system resources.      */
status = viClose (defaultRM);
printf("Press 'Enter' to exit.");
fflush(stdin);
getchar();
return 0;
}

int _tmain(int argc, _TCHAR* argv[])
{
    Usbtmc_test();
    return 0;
}

```

The running result:



(2) TCP/IP access code

Write a function TCP_IP_Test:

```
int TCP_IP_Test(char *pIP)
{
    char outputBuffer[VI_FIND_BUflen];
    ViSession defaultRM, instr;
    ViStatus status;

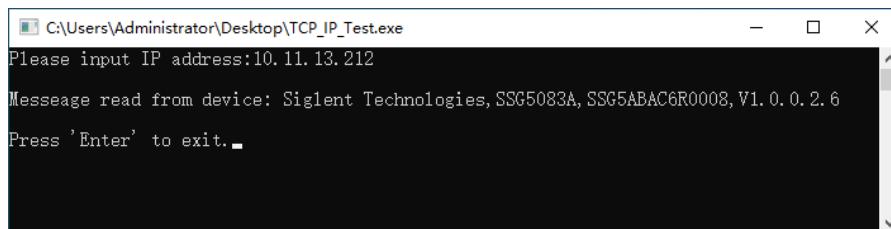
    /* First we will need to open the default resource manager.*/
    status = viOpenDefaultRM (&defaultRM);
    if (status<VI_SUCCESS)
    {
        printf("Could not open a session to the VISA Resource Manager!\n");
    }
    /* Now we will open a session via TCP/IP device */
    char head[256] = "TCPIP0::";
    char tail[] = "::INSTR";

    strcat(head,pIP);
    strcat(head,tail);
    status = viOpen (defaultRM, head, VI_LOAD_CONFIG, VI_NULL, &instr);
    if (status<VI_SUCCESS)
    {
        printf ("An error occurred opening the session\n");
        viClose(defaultRM);
    }
    status = viPrintf(instr, "*idn?\n");
    if (status<VI_SUCCESS)
    {
        printf("Error writing to the device.\n");
        viClose(defaultRM);
    }
    status = viScanf(instr, "%t", outputBuffer);
    if (status<VI_SUCCESS)
    {
        printf("viRead failed with error code: %x \n",status);
        viClose(defaultRM);
    }
}
```

```
else
{
    printf ("\nMessage read from device: %*s\n", 0,outputBuffer);
}
status = viClose (instr);
status = viClose (defaultRM);
printf("Press 'Enter' to exit.");
fflush(stdin);
getchar();
return 0;
}

int _tmain(int argc, _TCHAR* argv[])
{
    printf("Please input IP address:");
    char ip[256];
    fflush(stdin);
    gets(ip);
    TCP_IP_Test(ip);
    return 0;
}
```

The running result:



4.1.2 VB Example

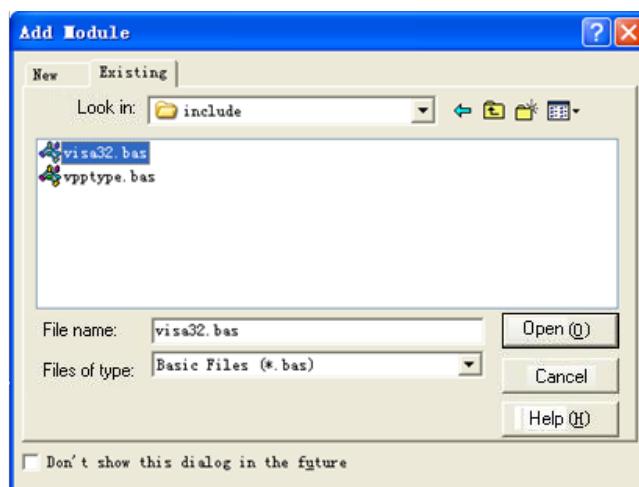
System environment: Windows 7

Programming software: Microsoft Visual Basic 6.0

Example content: Use NI-VISA to access and control the device through USBTMC or TCP/IP and perform read and write operations.

Please follow below steps to complete the example:

1. Open Visual Basic and build a standard application program project (standard EXE).
2. Set up the project environment to use the NI-VISA library. Click the Existing tag of Project >> Add Existing Item, search for the visa32.bas file in the include folder under the NI-VISA installation path and add the file. This will enable VISA functions and VISA data types to be used in the program.



3. Add code

- (1) USBTMC access code

Write a function Usbtmc_test:

```
Private Function Usbtmc_test() As Long
    ' This code demonstrates sending synchronous read & write commands
    ' to an USB Test & Measurement Class (USBTMC) instrument using
    ' NI-VISA
    ' The example writes the "*IDN?\n" string to all the USBTMC
    ' devices connected to the system and attempts to read back
    ' results using the write and read functions.
    ' The general flow of the code is
    ' Open Resource Manager
    ' Open VISA Session to an Instrument
    ' Write the Identification Query Using viWrite
    ' Try to Read a Response With viRead
    ' Close the VISA Session
```

```

Const MAX_CNT = 200

Dim defaultRM As Long
Dim instrsesn As Long
Dim numIntrs As Long
Dim findList As Long
Dim retCount As Long

Dim status As Long
Dim instrResourceString As String * VI_FIND_BUflen
Dim Buffer As String * MAX_CNT
Dim i As Integer

' First we must call viOpenDefaultRM to get the manager
' handle. We will store this handle in defaultRM.
status = viOpenDefaultRM(defaultRM)

If (status < VI_SUCCESS) Then
    resultTxt.Text = "Could not open a session to the VISA Resource Manager!"
    Usbtmc_test = status
    Exit Function
End If

' Find all the USB TMC VISA resources in our system and store the
' number of resources in the system in numIntrs.
status = viFindRsrc(defaultRM, "USB?*INSTR", findList, numIntrs, instrResourceString)

If (status < VI_SUCCESS) Then
    resultTxt.Text = "An error occurred while finding resources."
    viClose(defaultRM)
    Usbtmc_test = status
    Exit Function
End If

' Now we will open VISA sessions to all USB TMC instruments.
' We must use the handle from viOpenDefaultRM and we must
' also use a string that indicates which instrument to open. This
' is called the instrument descriptor. The format for this string
' can be found in the function panel by right clicking on the
' descriptor parameter. After opening a session to the
' device, we will get a handle to the instrument which we
' will use in later VISA functions. The AccessMode and Timeout
' parameters in this function are reserved for future
' functionality. These two parameters are given the value VI_NULL.

For i = 0 To numIntrs
    If (i > 0) Then
        status = viFindNext(findList, instrResourceString)
    End If

```

```
status = viOpen(defaultRM, instrResourceString, VI_NULL, VI_NULL, instrsesn)
If (status < VI_SUCCESS) Then
    resultTxt.Text = "Cannot open a session to the device " + CStr(i + 1)
    GoTo NextFind
End If

' At this point we now have a session open to the USB TMC instrument.
' We will now use the viWrite function to send the device the string "*IDN?", 
' asking for the device's identification.
status = viWrite(instrsesn, "*IDN?", 5, retCount)
If (status < VI_SUCCESS) Then
    resultTxt.Text = "Error writing to the device."
    status = viClose(instrsesn)
    GoTo NextFind
End If

' Now we will attempt to read back a response from the device to
' the identification query that was sent. We will use the viRead
' function to acquire the data.
' After the data has been read the response is displayed.
status = viRead(instrsesn, Buffer, MAX_CNT, retCount)
If (status < VI_SUCCESS) Then
    resultTxt.Text = "Error reading a response from the device." + CStr(i + 1)
Else
    resultTxt.Text = "read from device: " + CStr(i + 1) + " " + Buffer
End If
status = viClose(instrsesn)

Next i

' Now we will close the session to the instrument using
' viClose. This operation frees all system resources.
status = viClose(defaultRM)
Usbtmc_test = 0

End Function
```

(2) TCP/IP access code

Write a function TCP_IP_Test:

```
Private Function TCP_IP_Test(ByName ip As String) As Long
Dim outputBuffer As String * VI_FIND_BUflen
Dim defaultRM As Long
Dim instrsesn As Long
```

```

Dim status As Long
Dim count As Long

' First we will need to open the default resource manager.
status = viOpenDefaultRM(defaultRM)
If (status < VI_SUCCESS) Then
    resultTxt.Text = "Could not open a session to the VISA Resource Manager!"
    TCP_IP_Test = status
    Exit Function
End If

' Now we will open a session via TCP/IP device
status = viOpen(defaultRM, "TCPIP0::" + ip + "::INSTR", VI_LOAD_CONFIG, VI_NULL, instrsesn)
If (status < VI_SUCCESS) Then
    resultTxt.Text = "An error occurred opening the session"
    viClose(defaultRM)
    TCP_IP_Test = status
    Exit Function
End If

status = viWrite(instrsesn, "*IDN?", 5, count)
If (status < VI_SUCCESS) Then
    resultTxt.Text = "Error writing to the device."
End If

status = viRead(instrsesn, outputBuffer, VI_FIND_BUflen, count)
If (status < VI_SUCCESS) Then
    resultTxt.Text = "Error reading a response from the device." + CStr(i + 1)
Else
    resultTxt.Text = "read from device:" + outputBuffer
End If

status = viClose(instrsesn)
status = viClose(defaultRM)
TCP_IP_Test = 0

End Function

```

(3) Button control code:

```

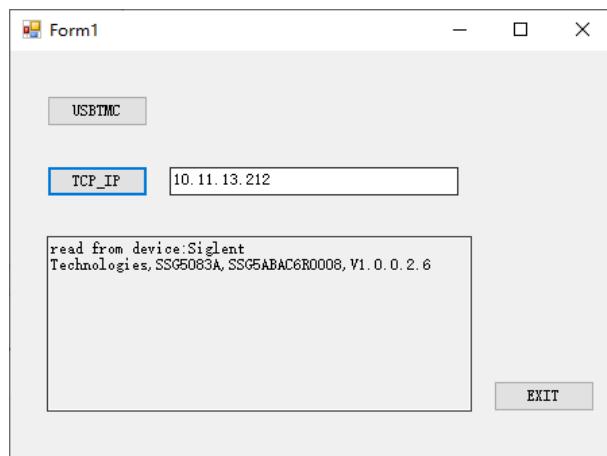
Private Sub exitBtn_Click()
    End
End Sub

Private Sub tcipBtn_Click()
    Dim stat As Long
    stat = TCP_IP_Test(ipTxt.Text)
    If (stat < VI_SUCCESS) Then
        resultTxt.Text = Hex(stat)
    End If
End Sub

```

```
    End If  
End Sub  
Private Sub usbBtn_Click()  
    Dim stat As Long  
    stat = Usbtmc_test  
    If (stat < VI_SUCCESS) Then  
        resultTxt.Text = Hex(stat)  
    End If  
End Sub
```

The running result:



4.1.3 MATLAB Example

System environment: Windows 7

Programming software: MATLAB R2013a

Example content: Use NI-VISA to access and control the device through USBTMC or TCP/IP and perform read and write operations.

Please follow below steps to complete the example:

1. Open MATLAB and modify the current directory. In this example, change the current directory to D:\USBTMC_TCPIP_Demo.
2. Click File>>New>>Script in the MATLAB interface to create an empty M document.
3. Add code

(1) USBTMC access code

Write a function Usbtmc_test:

```
function Usbtmc_test()
% This code demonstrates sending synchronous read & write commands
% to an USB Test & Measurement Class (USBTMC) instrument using
% NI-VISA

%Create a VISA-USB object connected to a USB instrument
vu = visa('ni','USB0::0xF4EC::0x1503::SSG5ABAC6R0008::INSTR');

%Open the VISA object created
fopen(vu);

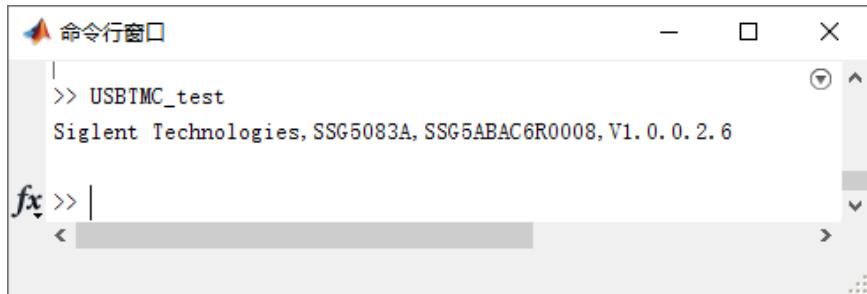
%Send the string "*IDN?", asking for the device's identification.
fprintf(vu,"%*IDN?");

%Request the data
outputbuffer = fscanf(vu);
disp(outputbuffer);

%Close the VISA object
fclose(vu);
delete(vu);
clear vu;

end
```

The running result:



(2) TCP/IP access code

Write a function TCP_IP_Test:

```
function TCP_IP_Test()
% This code demonstrates sending synchronous read & write commands
% to an TCP/IP instrument using NI-VISA

%Create a VISA-TCPIP object connected to an instrument
%configured with IP address.
vt = visa('ni',[TCPPIPO::,'10.11.13.212','::INSTR']);

%Open the VISA object created
fopen(vt);

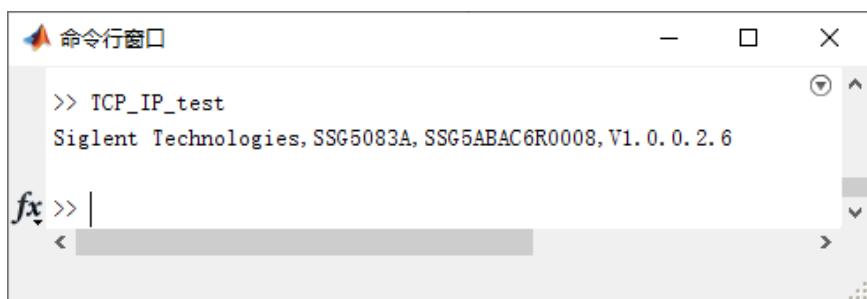
%Send the string "*IDN?", asking for the device's identification.
fprintf(vt,'*IDN?');

%Request the data
outputbuffer = fscanf(vt);
disp(outputbuffer);

%Close the VISA object
fclose(vt);
delete(vt);
clear vt;

end
```

The running result:



4.1.4 LabVIEW Example

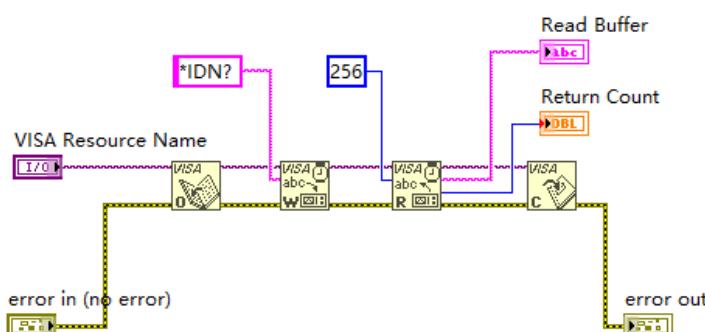
System environment: Windows 7

Programming software: LabVIEW 2011

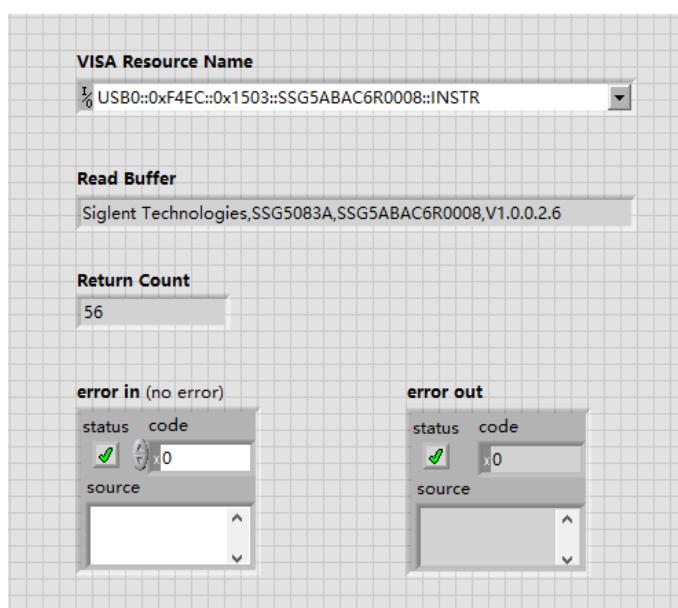
Example content: Use NI-VISA to access and control the device through USBTMC or TCP/IP and perform read and write operations.

Please follow below steps to complete the example:

1. Open LabVIEW and create a VI file.
2. Add controls. Right-click the front panel interface, select and add VISA resource name, error input, error out and some indicators in the controls column.
3. Open the block diagram interface. Right-click the VISA resource name and select from the shortcut menu of the VISA palette to add the following functions: VISA Write, VISA Read, VISA Open and VISA Close.
4. Connect them as shown in the figure below:



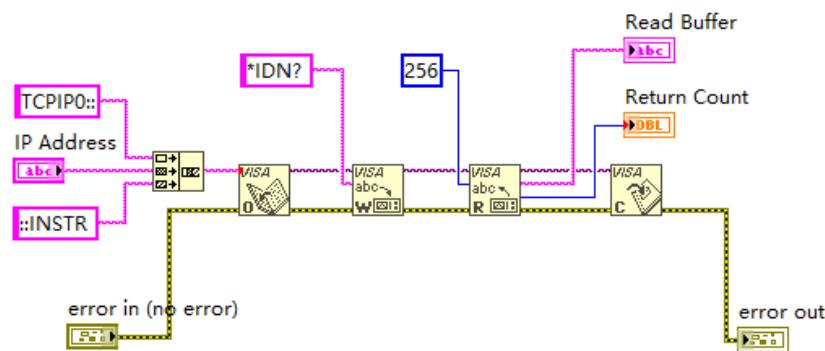
5. Select the device resource from the VISA resource name list box and run the program.



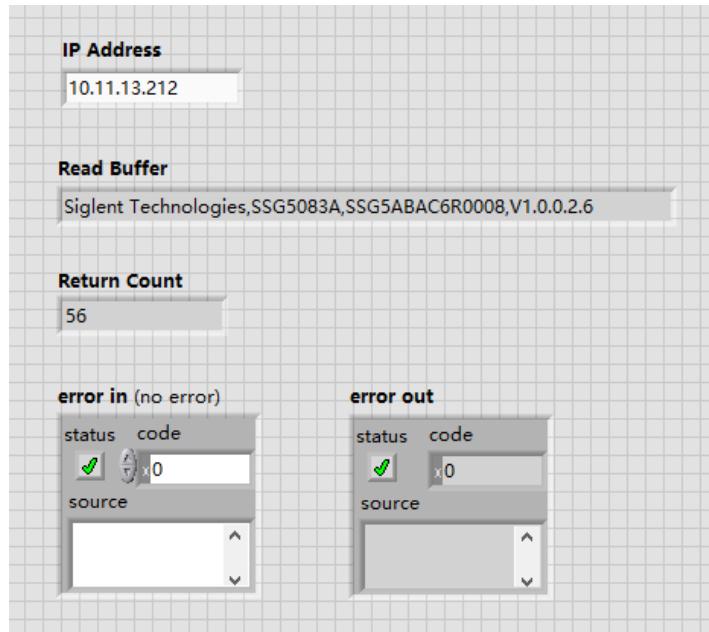
In this example, the VI opens a VISA session to the USBTMC device, writes a command to the device, and then reads back the response. In this example, the specific command sent is a device ID query. Please check the device command set with your device manufacturer. After all communication is complete, the VI closes the VISA session.

Communicating with the device over TCP/IP is similar to USBTMC. However, you need to change the VISA write and VISA read functions to synchronize the I/O. LabVIEW's default is asynchronous I/O. Right-click the node and select Synchronous I/O Mode>>Sync from the shortcut menu to write or read synchronized data.

1. Connect them as shown in the figure below:



2. Enter the IP address and run the program:



4.2 Socket Examples

The Windows operating system itself supports Sockets communication, and this communication method is also relatively simple. It should be noted that "\n" (newline character) needs to be added to the end of the SCPI command string.

4.2.1 Python Example

Python is an interpreted programming language that allows you to work quickly and is very portable. Python has an underlying network module that provides access to the Socket interface, port 5025. Python scripts can be written for the Socket interface to perform various test and measurement tasks.

System environment: Windows 10, 64-bit operating system

Programming software: Python v3.6.5

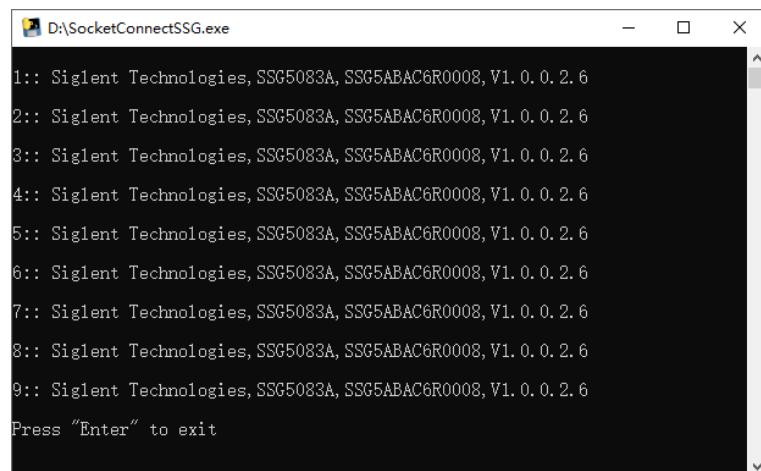
Example content: Open a Socket, send a SCPI query, then close the Socket, loop ten times.

Below is the code of the script:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
#-*- coding:utf-8 -*-
#
#-----#
# The short script is an example that open a socket, sends a query,
# print the return message and closes the socket.
#-----#
import socket # for sockets
import sys # for exit
import time # for sleep
#
remote_ip = "10.11.22.27" # should match the instrument's IP address
port = 5025 # the port number of the instrument service

def SocketConnect():
    try:
        #create an AF_INET, STREAM socket (TCP)
        s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
    except socket.error:
        input ('Failed to create socket. \nPress "Enter" to exit: ')
        sys.exit()
    try:
        #Connect to remote server
        s.connect((remote_ip , port))
```

```
except socket.error:  
    input('Failed to connect to ip %s!\nPress "Enter" to exit: ' % remote_ip)  
    s.close()  
    sys.exit()  
return s  
  
def SocketQuery(Sock, cmd):  
    try :  
        #Send cmd string  
        Sock.sendall(cmd)  
        time.sleep(1)  
    except socket.error:  
        #Send failed  
        input('Send failed!\nPress "Enter" to exit: ')  
        SocketClose(Sock)  
        sys.exit()  
    reply = Sock.recv(4096)  
    reply = reply.decode()  
    return reply  
  
def SocketClose(Sock):  
    #close the socket  
    Sock.close()  
    time.sleep(.300)  
  
def main():  
    # Body: send the SCPI commands *IDN? 10 times and print the return message  
    s = SocketConnect()  
  
    count = 0  
    for i in range(10):  
        qStr = SocketQuery(s, b'*IDN?\n')  
        print (str(count) + "::" + qStr)  
        count = count + 1  
    SocketClose(s)  
    input('Press "Enter" to exit')  
  
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    main()
```

The running result:

```
D:\SocketConnectSSG.exe
1:: Siglent Technologies, SSG5083A, SSG5ABAC6R0008, V1.0.0.2.6
2:: Siglent Technologies, SSG5083A, SSG5ABAC6R0008, V1.0.0.2.6
3:: Siglent Technologies, SSG5083A, SSG5ABAC6R0008, V1.0.0.2.6
4:: Siglent Technologies, SSG5083A, SSG5ABAC6R0008, V1.0.0.2.6
5:: Siglent Technologies, SSG5083A, SSG5ABAC6R0008, V1.0.0.2.6
6:: Siglent Technologies, SSG5083A, SSG5ABAC6R0008, V1.0.0.2.6
7:: Siglent Technologies, SSG5083A, SSG5ABAC6R0008, V1.0.0.2.6
8:: Siglent Technologies, SSG5083A, SSG5ABAC6R0008, V1.0.0.2.6
9:: Siglent Technologies, SSG5083A, SSG5ABAC6R0008, V1.0.0.2.6
Press "Enter" to exit
```



About SIGLENT

SIGLENT is an international high-tech company, concentrating on R&D, sales, production and services of electronic test & measurement instruments.

SIGLENT first began developing digital oscilloscopes independently in 2002. After more than a decade of continuous development, SIGLENT has extended its product line to include digital oscilloscopes, isolated handheld oscilloscopes, function/arbitrary waveform generators, RF/MW signal generators, spectrum analyzers, vector network analyzers, digital multimeters, DC power supplies, electronic loads and other general purpose test instrumentation. Since its first oscilloscope was launched in 2005, SIGLENT has become the fastest growing manufacturer of digital oscilloscopes. We firmly believe that today SIGLENT is the best value in electronic test & measurement.

Headquarters:

SIGLENT Technologies Co., Ltd
Add: Bldg No.4 & No.5, Antongda Industrial Zone, 3rd Liuxian Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, 518101, China
Tel: + 86 755 3688 7876
Fax: + 86 755 3359 1582
Email: sales@siglent.com
Website: int.siglent.com

North America:

SIGLENT Technologies America, Inc
6557 Cochran Rd Solon, Ohio 44139
Tel: 440-398-5800
Toll Free: 877-515-5551
Fax: 440-399-1211
Email: info@siglentna.com
Website: www.siglentna.com

Europe:

SIGLENT Technologies Germany GmbH
Add: Staetzlinger Str. 70
86165 Augsburg, Germany
Tel: +49(0)-821-666 0 111 0
Fax: +49(0)-821-666 0 111 22
Email: info-eu@siglent.com
Website: www.siglenteu.com

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